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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

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DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING CO. LTD.
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has kindly consented to perform
the Opening Ceremony.

Cairo 'Out Of Bounds' For Allied Troops Today

Round-Up Of Indonesian Sailors In Australia

'Economist' Warns Colonial Powers: Drawing Up Death Warrant Of Their Own System!

SYDNEY, Oct. 5. (Reuter): Wholesale arrests of Indonesian sailors are to be made in Australia on instructions from the Australian Government, it was reported from Canberra today.

The decision to make the arrests was taken after a conference between the Dutch Authorities and Mr. A. A. Calwell, the Australian Minister for Immigration.

Nationalism, A Profound Force

LONDON, Oct. 5. (Reuter): However spurious the present Japanese-sponsored uprisings in Indo-China and the Netherlands East Indies may be, Nationalism is a profound and deeply rooted force in the Far East and it must be satisfied, states the financial and political weekly "Economist" in its current issue.

After stating that something resembling Dominion Status was almost certainly the least the local peoples would accept as the ultimate goal, the "Economist" adds: "The challenge offered now to the British, French and Dutch colonial policy is to set a course which is manifestly steering towards this goal. Two dangers, one internal, one external, stand above all others in their way the very unequally divided economic wealth of the communities and the presence of potentially predatory neighbours.

If the European Powers were to move out before these two problems were on way to solution, they would not free the Far East but simply submit it to another and possibly harsher domination. By education and by economic opportunity the natives must be given greater control over their own wealth. At present, in productive industry, in mining and in plantations, the pattern is almost always the same —ownership of the wealth in the hands of alien European and Asiatic owners and export of the profits drawn from it to Western Europe, India or China.

The Colonial Powers need, therefore, to initiate a double policy—to raise the standard of living of the natives and to see that an equitable portion of the product of his labour stays to enrich his own community.

The second danger—that of potentially expansive neighbours —can be met only if the territories maintain strategic link with outside great Powers which are committed to respect native independence and are under normal circumstances strong enough to discourage interference of those powers which are not. It is sufficient to lay down these two policies—of economic development and common defence—to see that they are not policies to be pursued by Britain, France and Holland separately.

DEATH WARRANT OF THEIR SYSTEM

Both the aims can be fully achieved only if the three powers make an immediate start in pooling their economic and strategic policies in the Far East. It could be a modest one—the establishment of a joint Colonial Secretariat, the calling of a conference to discuss Far Eastern trade and commodity control and an arrangement for permanent pooling of Far Eastern bases and airfields. But the possibilities are very great. If in future, disunity, suspicion and competition are all the Powers have to offer each other and their Colonial peoples they are drawing up the death warrant of their system. This is the last opportunity to prove that their link with the Far East has not outlived its day".

BOSE'S WHEREABOUTS NOT KNOWN

SHANGHAI, Oct. 5. (A.P.A.): Mr. K. P. S. Menon, Indian Agent General in China, said today that the ring leaders of the Indian National Independence Army, organised by the Japanese in Burma and Malaya, "will be dealt with according to military law.

Menon said that Commander Bose "has the knack of disappearing at the right time." He added that Bose's whereabouts were not known.

Menon said the Indian Government would take care of the leaders of the Indian "Outlaw" army and the "rank and file would be let off."

The Indian Agent is in Shanghai helping in the repatriation of Indians.

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INDIAN TECHNICAL MISSION FOR JAPAN

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Oct. 5.

An Indian technical mission is likely to go to Japan, firstly, to study the Japanese methods of manufacture and, secondly, to ascertain possibilities of India purchasing machinery, particularly textile machinery. Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai is expected to be included in the mission.

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BRITISH SOLDIERS INVADE KARACHI NEWSPAPER OFFICE

KARACHI, Oct. 5. (U.P.I.): Pandit Nehru's remarks at the Gandhi Jayanti meeting at Allahabad that Great Britain emerged out of the war as a second rate power had a sequel here in the early hours of this morning when a party of British Army personnel gatecrashed in the offices of an English newspaper and demanded the presence of the Editor to settle with them for front-paging a story of that kind. They tore off some new sheets, pulled others from the teleprinter and walked away with them. They argued with the staff why the Indian newspapers front-paged stories belittling the British in preference to stories of British valour and sacrifice.

The Military police which came to the spot took a statement from the staff.

ANOTHER BOSE DEATH STORY!

LUCKNOW, October 5 (A.P.I.): That Subhas Chandra Bose died a peaceful death in a hospital at Saigon after the aircrash is revealed by Narnarayan Ghose of the U. P. Royal Service who was repatriated last week from Singapore where he was a prisoner of war after the Japanese occupation.

Mr. Ghose said that the news of Subhas Chandra's death was quite correct and it was conveyed to him by Captain Mukerjee, Surgeon-in-Charge of a British Hospital at Saigon. Captain Mukerjee also told Mr. Ghose that Subhas Chandra did not regain consciousness till his death.

Sarat Bose's Statement

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5, (A. P. I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose in the course of a statement says:—In the course of an interview, I gave to a press representative on the 30th of September, on my way back to Calcutta, I said that I would after my arrival here, issue a detailed statement in reply to Pandit Nehru regarding General Chiang-Kai Shek and the situation in China. I consider it unnecessary to do so after the interview I gave to the 'Statesman' on the China situation. Up till now, not a single fact contained in my previous statements has been challenged.

500,000 Men On Strike In U.S.A.

WASHINGTON, October 5 (Reuter). —The United States Administration is not thinking of seizing the 350 coal mines closed by the strike of 115,000 miners, Mr. Lewis Schwellenbach, Secretary of Labour, said last night after seeing the President.

He announced that he would attempt to avoid serious deadlock in the coal strike by inviting the Owners Negotiating Committee and Mr. John L. Lewis, Chief of the Mine Workers, to see him together tomorrow.

Altogether about 500,000 workers are on strike in coal mines and other industries up and down the country. Lumber trade has 61,000 out, the motor industry 150,000 and steel 13,000.

60,000 New York longshoremen whose strike is holding up the great port of New York, have voted to stay on strike, but Union leaders last night urged them to return to work on Monday.

The Shipping Association is ready to grant most of their demands and others would be negotiated, said the leaders.

But Americans today are expecting another strike which will affect them very closely. It is a four-hour walk out timed for today of 20,000 telephone trunk operators throughout the nation.

U.S. Navy Takes Over Oil Refineries

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5 (Reuter).—President Truman has ordered the Navy to take over 26 oil producing and refining companies shut down by strikes.

President Truman's statement said: "It has been necessary to take action in order to maintain adequate oil reserves for the needs of the armed forces. During the past two weeks some 50 petroleum refineries together with a number of transportation and distribution facilities have been shut down due to work stoppages."

The shut down has cut the daily capacity to one third of the total refinery capacity of the nation, he added. The plants operating were insufficient to produce enough petroleum to supply both direct military requirements and the minimum essential for the home front war supporting activities. The situation was so critical that essential military operations were already jeopardised.

President Truman said he was taking the action under the authority of the Selective Service Act and under wartime powers as amended by the War Labour Disputes Act.

"PEACE BUSTING OUT ALL OVER"

From D. F. Karaka, "Chronicle" Correspondent.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4: In this morning's "New York Times" column one on the front page is devoted to an account of the baseball game wherein Chicago Cubs defeated Tigers by nine goals to none.

Columns two and three go to Molotov's press conference and column four to President Truman's message on atomic bomb.

The rest of the front page tells of oil strike, bus strike, telephone strike; harbour strike and railway parcel deliveries strike. It is a wonderful picture of post-war America. As 'Time' magazine said "Peace is busting out all over."

Army To Help Police

To Cope With University & Students' Demonstrations

CAIRO, October 5 (Reuter).—Stand-by orders have been issued tonight to all police officers and men in Cairo in view of possible demonstrations by University and school students tomorrow. All police leave has been cancelled, and the number of policemen has been reinforced by 100 firemen who will be dressed as policemen.

Egyptian army units have also been assigned to help the Police and stationed in "strategic" districts. Supplementary armoured cars have been sent to all Police stations.

Cairo tomorrow is "out of bounds" for all British and Allied troops.

SIR CHANDULAL TRIVEDI who has been appointed Governor of Orissa.

"QUIT EGYPT" DEMAND

CAIRO, Oct. 5. (A.P.A.): A mass meeting of the Moslem Brotherhood last night demanded the evacuation of all British troops from Egypt and the Sudan and repayment of four billion pounds sterling which, it was claimed, Britain owed Egypt since the start of the war through the issuance of Bank Notes to pay for British occupation.

It was claimed that repayment could be made if part of the Suez Canal shares was turned over to Egypt or more commodities were sent to Egypt.

The meeting also called for a halt to Jewish immigration to Palestine and demanded Egyptian representation at any Allied Conference called to consider the Palestine question.

Assam El Bana, black-bearded leader of the Moslem Brotherhood, says that no Government can have a free hand in interior interests "so long as one British soldier is in Egypt."

El Bana told the "Associated Press" in an interview yesterday that the Egyptian people were awaiting fulfilment of "long awaited promises of the Atlantic Charter" and predicted that unless the promises were carried out "in this suspense rioting could start."

El Bana gave his interview in a private office overlooking one of the three separate mass meeting yards where several thousand persons gathered nearly three hours before a night meeting and uniformed youth members of the organization stood at attention in streets handling the crowd.

HOPE AND WARNING.

El Bana said the leading nations should give Egypt a chance to fulfil her aspirations "but the people cannot be expected to stand still when their rights are not granted."

E Bana, who claims half a million members in the organization he founded 17 years ago, said that the organization's objectives were to educate and feed the masses well and to obtain free government for a free people.

He said his group was not in conflict with any present political party in Egypt and would support any government.

El Bana contended that the British have "put their finger in every corner of the economic machine of Egypt and the whole relation is unjust."

Freedom Of Thought Causes Jap Cabinet's Fall

MacArthur's Order Allowing Public Criticism Of Mikado Resented By Ex-Premier

TOKYO, Oct. 5. (Reuter): The man who appears the most likely candidate to become Japan's new Prime Minister, Mr. Shigero Yoshida, Foreign Minister in the outgoing Higashi Kuni Cabinet, tonight made a number of trips between General MacArthur's Headquarters and the Imperial Palace to hold a series of conferences which were probably determining the new cabinet of Japan.

Mr. Yoshida, former Japanese Ambassador in Rome and London and member of the Japanese delegation to the Versailles Conference in 1919, was proposed by the 72-year-old Baron Kijuro Shidehara, former Foreign Minister and one time Japanese Ambassador in Washington, who himself declined the invitation to become Premier on grounds that he was too old, cables Robert Reuben, "Reuter's" special correspondent.

The Japanese "Surrender Government" headed by General Prince Higashi Kuni tendered its resignation to Emperor Hirohito at 1 p.m. (Tokyo Time) today.

TASK FULFILLED

Prince Higashi Kuni explaining the resignation, stated, "The tasks relating to the termination of the war have been practically completed and accordingly the mission of the present Cabinet has also been virtually fulfilled. Therefore, I should like to take this opportunity to tender the resignation of the Cabinet and I hope

(Continued on Page 5, Col 7.)

Nationalist Muslims To Fend For Themselves

LUCKNOW, Oct. 5. (A.P.I.)

The Town Rationing Officer of Lucknow has refused provisions for 400 Muslims who are arriving in Lucknow during the week-end to form a Parliamentary Board in connection with the forthcoming elections according to Mr. Azmat Ullah, Secretary of the U. P. Muslim Mailis.

The local nationalist Muslims have taken upon themselves the responsibility for feeding the visitors out of the rations allotted to them.

The first of the series of exclu sive articles by Louis Fischer, well-known writer on Indian affairs and author of the book "Week with Gandhi", will appear in the "Bombay Chronicle Weekly" of 7th October.

The exclusive publication rights for the copyright series have been secured for this city by this newspaper. The articles will appear at approximately weekly intervals.

The first article contains Fischer's observations on the present Indian political question and forthcoming elections. Subsequent articles will cover a variety of subjects of utmost importance to Indian readers.

AZAD RESOLVES PUNJAB CONGRESS DEADLOCK

LAHORE, Oct. 5 (A.P.I.)—The deadlock in the Punjab Congress affairs has been resolved by the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. Announcement to this effect was made tonight at a meeting of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee.

The Congress President, despite fever and doctor's advice pursued his special mission and brought about a satisfactory situation.

AZAD X-RAYED

Maulana Azad who has developed some abdominal trouble and is running temperature was X-rayed this afternoon.

Maulana Abdul Majid Salik and Maulana Ghulam Rasul Mehr of the "Daily Inquilab" who are old friends of Maulana Azad interviewed the Congress President today.

The Nationalist Muslims of Lahore have arranged a tea party in honour of the Congress President on Sunday evening. Invitations have been issued to Ahrars, Khaksars, Unionists, Jamiat ul Ulemas and the Azad Muslim Conference workers.

QUIET IN CITY CONTINUES

BOMBAY, Friday.

The quiet of the city, was slightly disturbed today when there were two fresh sporadic incidents.

At about 1-30 in the afternoon an unwary pedestrian was belaboured with a lathi by some hooligans and severely injured. He had to be removed to hospital. At about 4-30 another person was stabbed in the back by some prowling assailant. He was picked up and taken in an ambulance to a hospital. But for these couple of stray assaults, the city passed a day without any kind of panic or tension Bus and tram traffic was absolutely normal and people moved about very freely.

The police and military vigilance in the localities was immediately reenforced.

The total toll of deaths is 36 and the number of casualties is 177.

(SEE PAGE 8)

FIVE GERMAN P.O.W.s TO BE HANGED TODAY

LONDON, October 5 (Reuter): Five German prisoners of war will be hanged tomorrow morning at the London prison. They were found guilty at a military court in July of having, at Comrie in December 1944 murdered a prisoner of war—Feldwebel Wolfgang Rosterg.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

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New York, Oct. 5.

Previous Closing	23.26
To-day's Opening	23.34
Difference	+8
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New York Oct 5.

New York Stock Exchange opening price:
General Motors dol. 73.1/4.
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 37.3/4.
U S. Steel Common dol. 76-1/4.
Preference unquoted.—Reuter.

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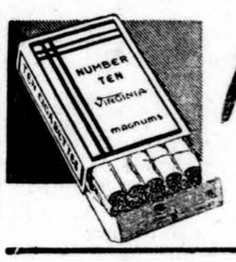

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SIR PHILIP CHRISTISON MEETS SOEKARNO

Stage Being Set For Series Of Conferences In Java

BATAVIA, Oct. 4 (Reuter): With the arrival of Dr. Van Mook, Lieut.-General of the Dutch East Indies, the stage is being set in the Javanese capital for a series of consultations between various Indonesian leaders and Dutch Government representatives, says Reuter's correspondent.

The Allied Military Commander, Major-General Sir Philip Christison, who is trying to bring both parties together, has already met Dr. Soekarno (Indonesian Nationalist Leader) once.

On the eve of these conversations, which are very crucial for Indonesia, everyone concerned is cautious and reluctant to do anything which would upset the delicate situation.

Amongst Indonesian Leaders heading Dr. Soerkarno's group there are at least two who are personal friends of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Dr. Mohammad Hatta, Vice-President of Dr. Soekarno's Indonesian Republic used to be in regular correspondence with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru until the beginning of 1939. When I met Dr. Hatta two days ago, the first thing he wanted to know was "how is Pandit Nehru?"

The Foreign Minister in Dr. Soekarno's Cabinet, Dr. Subarjo, still cherishes memories of his meeting with the Nehru family—Pandit Motilal Nehru, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and his two sisters, 18 years ago in Brussels.

Dr. Soekarno himself is a great admirer of the Indian national movement and wants the Indonesian question settled peacefully.

"Merdeka" which means freedom, is one word which is on the lips of every Indonesian.

Trams, motorcars, houses and shop windows everywhere show the red and white flag which is the symbol of the Indonesian Republic, the Allied military authorities having decided not to temper with flags.

With the removal of trade restrictions business houses have opened although some uncertainty still prevails, pending announcement of a decisive currency policy.

Batavia is policed today by Indonesian police who are all followers of Dr. Soekarno.

I have driven through nooks and corners of the Javanese Capital, both by day and by night. The Indonesians do not interfere with our troops. A night falls and when the troops walk along the streets, groups of Indonesians at certain places challenge them, but once they find they are Allied soldiers they let them pass.

I myself was challenged thrice. The Indonesians asked me for the password. I did not know it, but when they found I was an Indian they said, "remember, Merdeka is the password." I had no further trouble.

During night, however, in some sectors of the town looters are busy They go in especially for Japanese "godowns," cases of the arson have also been reported

LONDON, Oct. 5 (Reuter): Despite unsettled conditions in the Netherlands East Indies and its refusal to treat with the Java Nationalist leader, Dr. R. I. Sockarno, the Dutch Government is going ahead with its plans for an imperial conference, decided on by Queen Wilhelmina as long ago as February 1942.

A statement issued two days ago from The Hague by the Netherlands Information Service declared that Dr. Soekarno and his party by "compromising with the Japanese had cut across or at last delayed political restoration".

"Without the appearance of Indonesian Republic, participants in the State Conference would now have been named and reparations could have been made for the people's council which for the first time would have had Indonesian majority."

Poet Vallathol Presents Kathakali Dances

Vallathol Narayan Menon the greatest among the Malyalee poets has arrived in Bombay. All lovers of Indian culture know him as the outstanding personality of his epoch in his province He has remained the guiding spirit for the revival of the art of Kathakali dances.

It was about 17 years ago that Poet Vallathol founded his Kerala Kala Mandalam. This institution has since its inception been an inspiring centre of cultural revival to which all the best dancers of India have gone. He has brought with him a troupe of eighteen talented and trained youths from this institution who will give performances under the auspices of the Peoples Theatre in aid of their Alma Mater

This is really an unique opportunity for the People of Bombay to see the Kathakali performances in all their pure forms. The lovers of Dancing must see these performances and help the Great poet to raise funds for his institution.

The Indian People's Theatre association and various Malyalee associations have joined their hands together to collect a decent amount of money on this Occasion. Two performances will be presented one at Damodar Hall at Parel on 14th October Sunday morning at 10-30 A.M. and the other at Sunderbai Hall on 8th October at 6.30 P.M. sharp. The rates of the tickets are Rs. 10, 5, 2.8 and 1.4. Tickets are available at Prof. Deodhar's School of Indian Music, Mody Chambers, Opera House.

BOMBAY MUTUAL STRIKE

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. K. N. Joglekar of the All-India Trade Union Congress Working Committee, addressing the Bombay Mutual strikers at Elphinstone Garden, yesterday, commended the strike which he said was a socialistic tussle with capitalism and an assertion of the right of the workers to organise for securing better conditions of work, which they had a right to as well as to work and for protection against unjust dismissals.

Capitalism wanted freedom to dismiss workers at their sweet will and this was possible for them so long as black-legs stepped into the places of strikers. Bombay Mutual had likewise dismissed workers thereby provoking the strike. Fuel had been added to the fire by serving notices to strikers also to which the management gave a colouring of legality, but as the strike was quite legal, peaceful and non-violent dismissals were ineffective. Strikers would be entitled to wages for the period of the strike.

Right To Use Lift Not Proved

BOMBAY, Friday.

Khan Saheb Hyderali Bachuali, a J. P. and an Hon. Presidency Magistrate, was charged before Mr. Ahmed I. Rahimtoola at the Mazagaon Police Court, under section 341 I. P. C. with wrongful restraint.

The evidence showed that the accused is the landlord of "Bachooali House" situate at Sandhurst Road East. The complainant Mr. Hasanali Haji Peerbhoy, is a tenant of the accused and has rented a flat on the second floor of the Building where he lived with his family for the last five years.

There was a lift for the convenience of the tenants. It was alleged that the accused cut off the switch of the lift of the building with a view to harass the tenants. The wife of the complainant was not keeping good health and the accused having cut off the switch of lift, she was not able to stir out. The complainant further stated that the behaviour of the accused was to harass him so that he might vacate the flat.

The Magistrate in discharging the accused remarked that the terms of the tenancy did not mention anything about the right of the tenant for the use of the lift. There was no right to the use of the lift proved before him through the tenancy agreement. He therefore thought that the matter was for the civil court to decide.

Mr. I S. Haji, Bar-at-law defended the accused, Mr. F. D. Nanavati, Advocate, appeared for the complainant.

REVOLUTION SCRAPPED

French Communist Party Swings To The Right

PARIS, Oct. 4 (U.P.A.): The French Communist spokesman, Jacques Duclos, forecast a sweeping leftist victory in the October General Elections, but asserted that his party has scrapped its revolutionary programme for the time being in favour of a moderate scheme of social reform.

According to Duclos, the Communists' support of the resistance council "should bring about political unity in France."

While insisting he was no prophet, Duclos predicted the October elections would bring about "a victory of the Republic in which the Communist Party will have its place."

He declined to comment on American communism, beyond saying that "I wish it well."

CHOLERA HAVOC IN C. P.

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Oct. 5: Cholera is taking a heavy toll in this province. Over 6,000 persons died in week ending August 25. Over 20,000 persons have died in the course of 30 days from week ending August 25 to week ending September 25. Gruesome tales about whole families being wiped out occasionally filter through from the dark villages where cholera is having 'Tandava Nritya'.

500 JHANSI SWEEPERS MARCH IN PROCESSION

JHANSI, Oct. 4. (A.P.I). Men and women sweepers employed by the local Municipality, numbering 500 carrying baskets and broomsticks and shouting slogans, marched in procession through the main streets of the city.

Later they held a meeting and passed resolutions demanding increased dearness allowance one months leave with full pay in a year, and free evenings.

TEXTILE STORES AND MACHINERY

The second quarterly general meeting of the Textile Stores and Machinery Merchants' Association was held on Friday afternoon at the Radio Club, Md. G. A. Kulkarni presiding. The report of the activities of the Association for the period ending 30th June 1945 was presented by the Secretary which also mentioned that a sum of Rs. 5,125 was collected by the Association for Shree Mahadeo Desai Fund.

The chairman in moving the adoption of the report stressed the point that their trade and industry would not receive the impetus they needed unless there was a people's Government. He regretted that the indegenous manufacturer who helped the war efforts in no small measure in those critical days is now looked down upon. Concluding he said:

"We are more concerned about the industry which exists now so that every effort should be made to allow its rehabilitation on sound footing with active help and kuidance. To this end, imports of articles which are being produced in the country must be banned or at least restricted to the extent of their deficiency."

NEW WOMEN MAGISTRATES

Two new lady magistrates are added to the list of the Hon. Presidency Magistrates, which appears in the last "Government Gazette". They are Dr. Miss Ursula Mary Lobo, L.M. and S., M.B.E., Kaiser-i-Hind Medalist and Miss Dorothy King, B.A. (Cantab) Dr. Miss Lobo has retired from the Government medical service and is now doing honorary service to the Deaf and Dumb Institute at Mazagaon. Miss King is the Head Mistress of Cathedral High School Bombay.

4 Punjab Police Officers On Grave Charges

Lahore High Court Orders Their Prosecution For Forgery And Perjury

LAHORE, October 4. (A.P.I.): An order for the prosecution of four Police officers of Bakri Police Station in the District of Lahore, namely Sub-Inspector Harjeetsingh, Assistant Sub-Inspectors Badruddin, Godharan and head Muharar Hari Shanker, on charges of perjury and fabrication, was passed today by a Division Bench of the Lahore High Court consisting of Mr. Justice Tejasingh and Mr. Justice Bhandari.

This action has been taken on an application of a Sikh of Jahman, a village near Lahore, who along with his younger brother was sentenced to death but was acquitted on an appeal in the High Court by the same bench.

In the course of hearing of the appeal, it was brought to the notice of Their Lordships that certain documents had been forged by the police Officers to secure the conviction of the petitioner.

Their Lordships directed the Registrar of the High Court to file complaint against the four Police Officers in the court of a Magistrate on charges of forgery and perjury.

AUSTRALIANS IN INDIA

The High Commissioner in India for Australia (Sir Iven Mackay) is anxious to make his lists of Australians in India as complete as possible. For this reason he has issued a request that they notify him at 7, Metcalfe Road, Delhi, of their full names, present address in India, their home town and State in Australia, and their year of arrival in India.

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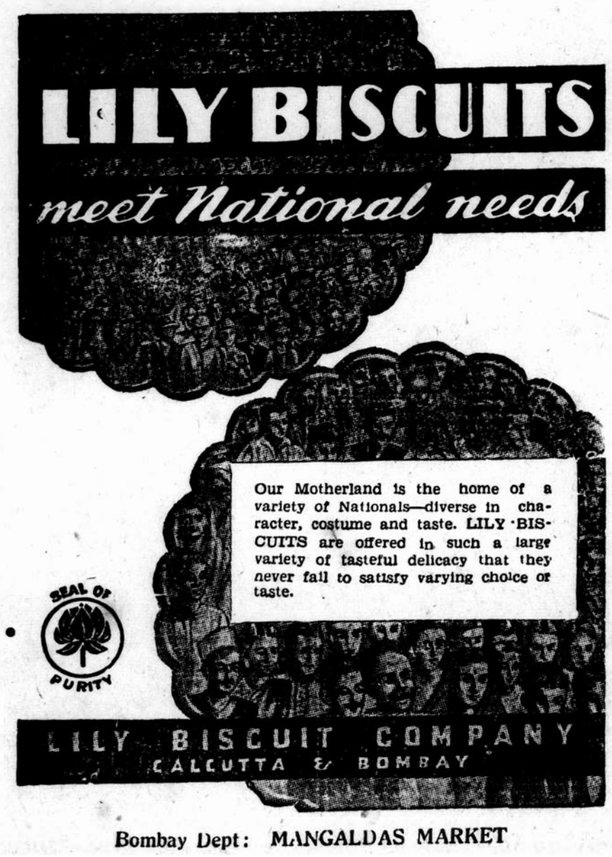
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Bombay Dept: MANGALDAS MARKET

Get-on-the Rolls Campaign

Congress & League Offices Busy

BOMBAY, Friday.

Six lakhs of application forms were distributed by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee in connection with the Get-on-the-Rolls Campaign which was resumed by the City Congress after the respite necessitated by the session of the A.I.C.C. Five hundred Congressmen, assisted by hundreds of students are working ceaselessly again in every part of the city, locating men and women who have been left out of the rolls.

There are district centres taluka centres and moholla centres where the workers have been posted. For the present, the centres total 300. The B.P.C.C has issued an appeal for immediate tightening of the machinery so that the gap left by the A.I.C.C. and the communal disturbances may be filled. The Moholla Committees have brought into operation a new plan of entrusting each building to a set of two or three workers.

The Muslim League in its turn has asked workers to concentrate on election campaign which includes the forwarding of applications to the Collector from citizens who are not included in the original rolls. Five thousand applications are awaiting registration. The Joint Secretary, Mr. Hasan Shaikh said that the work of registration at the Collector's office involves a slow process so that only a thousand applications could be registered so far.

The communal disturbances had slightly reduced the hours of work at the central election office of the League. But with the improvement in the situation, the main centre is able to work from 10.30 a.m. to midnight.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY AND INDIAN STATES

An Indore Resolution

Mr. N. H. Dravid, Member and Deputy President Indore Legislative Council writes:—

"I enclose a copy of the resolution which I sought to move in the last Session of the Indore-Legislative Council. As the notice of this resolution was given on 23rd Sept. '45, only a couple of days before the close of the Session, there was no time for the Government to consider the same and to be ready for discussion in the council if it were admitted. The President, therefore, did not deem fit to waive the time limit of notice and it could not, therefore be taken up on the agenda. The importance of the resolution and its subject matter are highly important in regard to the people of the Indian States and this move has for first time, been taken by us. I would feel grateful if you will give publicity to the resolution."

RESOLUTION

"In his broadcast dated the 19th September, 1945 His Excellency the Viceroy Lord Wavell declared the intention of His Majesty's Government—to convene as soon as possible a Constitution making body for India and as a preliminary step he has undertaken to hold discussion with the representatives of the Indian Legislatures as also with the representatives of the Indian States.

This Council, realising the importance of this declaration, urges upon the Government of His Highness the Maharaja Holkar that they may send only such representative or representatives as may be elected or chosen by and from the people of State to represent our State to take part in the preliminary discussions and later in the Constitueno Assembly."

"GODS AND KINGS"

Presented By Theatre Group

While presenting "Gods and Kings" by Lagos Biros at the Cama Hall last week in aid of the Kamala Nehru Hospital Fund the Theatre Group introduced a cast consisting mostly of the new talent collected by it. The Group succeeded in presenting five one-act plays in continuity. It has, as judged in the light of "Gods and Kings", set definite standards of acting to start with and is in search of a new approach to technique and decor. The group is endeavouring to give direction to the amateur theatre movement. Obviously it has begun its useful work with definite aims and objects. "Gods and Kings" should encourage it to proceed with the preparations for its future productions.

Selections For Today's Poona Races

PRINCESS CHITRA'S AND TRUEFIT'S OUTSTANDING CHANCES

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

1ST RACE	2-45 P.M.
1 MAN-SAROVAR	
2 RED PRINCE	
F MARDAN	
2ND RACE	3-15 P.M.
1 CHANGEZ KHAN	
2 MARS	
F YOUNG KRUSH	
3RD RACE	3-45 P.M.
1 SHAKUNTALA	
2 MONTGOMERY	
F PERSEPOLIS	
4TH RACE	4-15 P.M.
1 CATCH ME	
2 PATHAN	
F BLUE STEEL	
5TH RACE	4-45 P.M.
1 CAKE	
2 DOODAL DANDY	
F CARLYON	
6TH RACE	5-15 P.M.
1 SHARIYAR	
2 FAITHFUL	
F IRAQ MARSHAL	
7TH RACE	5-45 P.M.
1 PRINCESS CHITRA	
2 LORD BILL	
F HERE'S HOW	
8TH RACE	6-15 P.M.
1 TRUEFIT	
2 MAID OF HONOUR	
F PRINCE SALEEM	

DARK FLUKES:
BEACON
MAHABLESHWAR

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 30, 2001.
Muslim: Savval 28 1364.
Parsi: Ardibehest 3, 1315.
Sunrise: 7-30 a.m. Sunset: 7-23 p.m.
Hightide: 1.02, 13.06.
Lowtide: 6.51, 19-10.

To-day's Engagements

TELEGRAMS TO ITALY: Telegrapn service is now available for the whole of Italy without exception

BALKAN-JI-BARI: For joining the Bombay Provincial Balkan-ji-Bari Workers and Sympathisers' three days' Camp at Kankeshwar, the last day is Monday 8th Oct. Phychological study Class will be held at 5 p.m. (S. T.) at the Fellowship School Gowalia Tank.

BHATIA BAL-RAKSHAK VIDYALAYA: Meeting of all the ex-students of the Vidyalaya in the institution to-day, at 6 p.m.

SUBURBAN MUSIC CIRCLE, SANTA CRUZ: A concert of instrumental music "Flute Solo" by Pannalal Ghosh to-day (Saturday), at 10 p.m. in Vimalanand Koppikar Hall, Saraswat Colony, Santa-Cruz.

RAMANA SATCHIDANANDA SAMAJ: The 22nd Annual General Meeting of the Samaj will be held on Sunday at 5 p.m. (S. T.), at Bhuta Nivas Vincent Road, King's Circle, Matunga.

SPINNING CLASSES: Conducted by the Girgaum District Congress Committee, on Sundays at the Modern Industrial School, will now be held at "the Office of the G D. C. C." in the Congress House compound between 9 and 10 a.m. on every Sunday.

B. P. BASKET BALL & VOLLEY BALL CHAMPIONSHIP: The draw for the above Tournaments will take place on Saturday, the 6th October 1945, at the "Times of India" Office, 3rd Floor, at 5 p.m., and not at 6 p.m. as previously intimated.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: The Secretary, B. N. G. writes:—All the members and the recruits are required to be present in mufti at the parade ground, at 8 a.m. sharp, on (Sunday), to attend the parade.

GANDHI JAYANTI: The Bombay Students' Congress celebrated Gandhi Jayanti in co-operation with the B. P. C C. Student workers held meetings in Bombay collected funds by selling Gandhi Coupons and presented yarn to the common collection.

COLONY, MUSIC CIRCLE: Owing to riots, the programme of vocal music by Master Manohar Barve will be on Sunday, (7th Oct.), at 9-30 a.m. at Vanamali Hall, instead of on Saturday night, as previously notified.

TO-DAY'S FEATURES: To-day (Saturday), Gangubai Hangal the well-known classical artist, will broadcast at 9-15 a.m., at 1.15 p.m. and at 10.30 p.m

At 2.0 p.m. there will be a request programme of recorded music compared by Hilda Flanders

THIRD GOMANTAK MARATHI SAHITYA SAMMELAN: To-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday), in Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, under the presidentship of Acharya Kaka Kalelkar. The session will commence to-day (Saturday) from 4 p.m. (S.T.) and from 9-30 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday).

ADIVASI SEVA MANDAL: "The annual general meeting to-day at 3 p.m. at the Library Hall of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, opposite Churchgate Station.

An exhibition of charts, maps, pictures, etc., about the Adivasis in the different parts of India has also been organised and a film of the tour of Shri. B. G. Kher in the Adivasi area of the Thana District will be shown.

SEND OFF TO A PUBLIC WORKER: Mr. Susheel Jhaveri a student worker was given a send-off by the All India Students' Congress, The Indian National Theatre and various Trade Unions. Mr. Jhaveri is proceeding to England for further studies.

Com. Rohit Dave speaking on behalf of the Indian National Theatre appreciated the services rendered by Mr. Jhaveri in various activities in the city. Com. Dinkar Sakrikar, Com. Prabhakar Kunte and Com. Prahalad Mehta, speaking on behalf of the students organisations recalled their pleasant and intimate associations with Mr. Jhaveri during the course of their public activities.

ANDHRA SARIES

The Secretary A. I. S. A. Bombay. Branch, writes:

We have received a fairly large consignment of Andhra Saries recently. Customers who have registered their priority claims against the same are kindly requested to visit the Kalbadevi Bhandar and make their purchases within a week's time.

"F" WARD F.S.U. CONFERENCE

Mahakavi Vallathol To Preside

Mahakavi Vallathol will preside over the conference of the "F" Ward Friends of the Soviet Union, to-day (Saturday), at 6 p.m., at the Nappoo Gardens, Matunga. Apart from the election of the "F" Ward FSU Committee the programme will consist of speeches by Sjt. Narabheram Popat, Member of B. P. C. C Sjt. A. S. R. Chari, and Sjt. R. M Jambhekar, Genl. Secretary, All-India Friends of the Soviet Union.

Poet Harindranath Chattopadhyaya will recite some quatrains entitled "Bullets".

Plague Havoc In Ratnagiri

RATNAGIRI, October 5 (A.P.I.): The plague situation in Sangameshwar, Chiplun and Khed talukas has worsened. More attacks are reported and people are said to be leaving these towns. Schools have also been closed.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
SATURDAY, Oct. 6.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 P S Dixit 8-45 Diruba 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 Gangu Bai Hangal 9-45 Songs (G) 12-30 p.m. Songs 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1.0 Light Selection 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 2-0 Listeners' Requests 2-30 At Two-Thirty 4-20 Children's Programme (G) 5-0 Niwruttibuwa Sarnaik 5-30 Yusuf Effendi 5-45 Topical Talk 5-55 Locals 6-0 Children's Half-Four (H) 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Pandharinath Nageshkar 7-0 Listeners' Letters and Replies 7-10 Violin 7-15 Gangu Bai Hangal 7-55 Pandharinath Nageshkar 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Guest Night 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News 9-40 Gramophone Records 10-0 Book of Rath 10-30 Gangu Bai Hangal.

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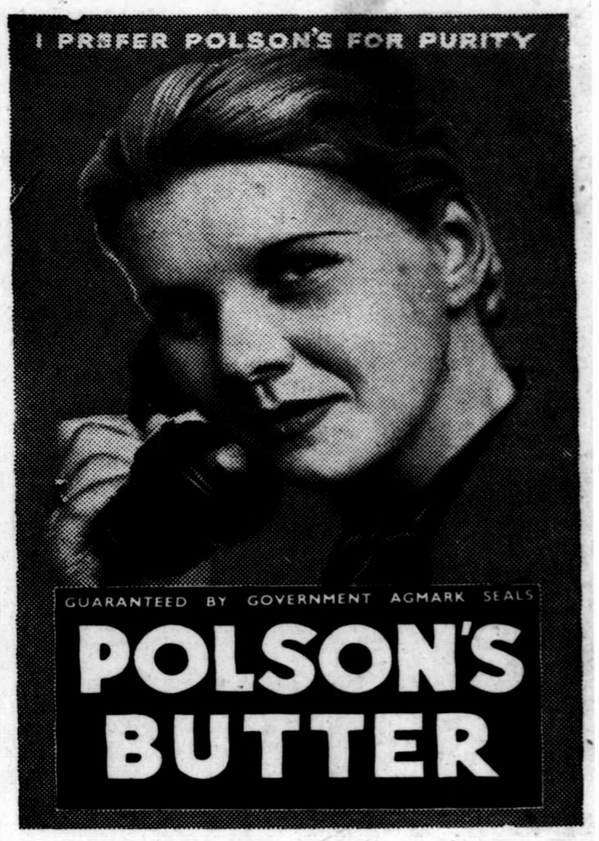

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PIGMETO

POST-WAR PLANS FOR INDIAN RAILWAYS

Several New Lines Projected: 50,000 Ex-Servicemen To Be Absorbed

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 4: Post-war plans for Railways are going ahead. The Chief Commissioner Sir Lakshmipati Misra's proposals were forwarded to Provincial Governments and the Railway Administrations in April last and their comments are expected here by next month.

The proposals 'inter alia' envisage direct Meter Gauge link between North and South India. With Delhi as terminus the whole of Rajputana, Kathiawar, Gujarat, part of U. P., Bihar are at present served by Meter Gauge. In South India Meter Gauge connects Madras to Travancore and Poona. The proposal is to bridge the gap.

Another proposal is to link Karachi to Bombay.

The third proposal will open up areas lying on the eastern coast of India and ultimately connect Waltair and Vizagapatam to Bombay.

While Government is not committed to any scheme, the Railway Administration has been invited to undertake the surveys.

JOBS FOR EX-SERVICEMEN

More pressing problem for the Railways, however, is to implement its undertaking to the defence personnel. Seventy per cent of vacancies, it will be recalled, are reserved for men who joined the Defence Services. The Government of India is confident of implementing its undertaking without much dislocation of the existing Railway economy. About 50,000 men, according to present estimates, will be absorbed in the Railway services in the course of the next two years, by which time the third and last stage of demobilisation is expected to be completed.

Most of these men will have to be trained for six months before they are recruited by the Railways. A certain number of temporary hands will have to be retrenched. For this purpose only the juniormost in service will be selected.

All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan At Udaipur

The 33rd session of All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan will mett at Udaipur on the 17th, 18th and 19th of October 1945.

The main work of the Sammtlan can be summed up under the following headings:—

1. Publication of books and Hindi Propaganda.
2. Aneffective protest against the anti Hindi policy of the A. I. R.
3. To collect a fund of Rs. 7,00 000
4. To teach Hindi in non-Hindi Provinct and conduct the various examinations in Hindi.

ALL is not yet over — although the greatest of World Wars is over! — Indian Railways cannot afford to relax during this period of transition to Peace, as numerous transport problems, no less formidable than those encountered in actual war conditions, have still to be tackled. The need for efficient transport was never more urgent than now for the quick repatriation of troops, prisoners of war, the wounded and the sick; the rehabilitation of war torn regions, and the expeditious movement of Food, Medical stores and various other vital requirements to where these are needed most. So help the Railways . . .

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RAJEN BABU GIVES ELECTION SLOGAN

'Quit India' Means 'Quit Asia' And Congress Will Contest On Independence Issue

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4, (A.P.I.): "'Quit India' means 'Quit Asia'; if India comes out of the Empire, no other part of Asia can remain under any European power for any length of time," said Babu Rajendra Prasad in an interview to the Associated Press of India today.

The Congress was going to fight the elections on the issue of complete independence and immediate transference of power to Indians which, said Dr. Prasad, might be described as 'Quit India' in one word. The campaign for 'Quit India' was also the campaign for 'Quit Asia', he added.

The Congress had not yet decided whether to participate in the future Constituent Assembly It all depended upon how things developed, said Dr. Prasad

SELF-DETERMINATION

On the question of self-determination, on which he has written a book while in detention, Dr Prasad said: "The Congress cannot compel anyone by force from seceding. The Congress will not use force or prevent any Province from seceding. But it must be applicable to all, so that you cannot take a Province as it is constituted to-day and apply to it self-determination, when a big portion of that Province wants to secede from that Province and not to go with it. For example, if the Punjab wants to secede, then only that portion of the Punjab can secede which wishes to secede and not the whole of the Punjab. The eastern districts of the Punjab have a large non-Muslim majority whereas the western districts have a large Muslim majority You cannot take the Punjab as a whole and apply to it the principle of self-determination so as to force the eastern districts to secede along with the western districts when they do not want to do so. Similar is the position in Bengal."

SARAT-JAWAHAR CONTROVERSY

Regarding the recent controversy between Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on the role of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, Dr. Prasad said: "Even if what Sarat Babu says is all correct, I do not think there was any occasion for raising a controversy on a matter like this. I consider the whole controversy unfortunate and unnecessary."

BOSE TO TOUR OTHER PROVINCES

Heart Trouble Better, Has Talks With Rajen Babu

CALCUTTA, October 4. (A.P. I.): Dr. Rajendra Prasad who is now here, met Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose at his Woodburn Park residence this morning and had an hours talk with him on the general situation in the country.

Mr. Bose who complained of a pain in the heart a couple of days ago, is better today.

As arranged at present Mr. Bose will leave for Kurseong on October 6. He will return to Calcutta on November 1 to receive Mahatma Gandhi, who is expected to reach here on November 2. He will also accompany Mahatma Gandhi on his Midnapur Tour.

Mr. Bose proposes to leave on December 22 on a tour of Bombay, The Punjab, United Provinces, Bihar Madras and Orissa.

NEW BUILDING TO HOUSE RED SHIRTS

Gaffar Khan To Convert Sardar-Yab Camp Into A Colony

PESHAWAR, Oct. 4 (A. P. I.): Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan has decided to convert the present Sardaryab Red Shirt Camp into a regular training centre for Khudai Khidmatgars. The centre will not only be a residential institute for Khudai Khidmatgars but a self-sufficient colony.

The building of the centre will be shortly constructed and in addition to separate blocks and rooms for each of six districts, it will include the office and residential rooms of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan. There will also be a separate room for the office of his weekly paper, the "Pakhtoon", the Red Shirt organ which is being published under his editorship.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan held a meeting of the editorial staff of "Pakhtoon" to discuss ways and means to improve the standard of the paper.

Punjab Congress Committee Decides To Suspend Three Akali Leaders

LAHORE, Oct. 4 (A.P.I.): At a stormy four-hour sitting to-day, the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee by a majority vote decided to suspend from its membership three Akali leaders on charges of anti-Congress activities during the past three years.

They are: Babu Labh Singh, President of the All-India Akali Conference and of the Shromani Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee, Sardar Basant Singh of Moga and Sardar Waryamsingh of Gujranwala.

The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, who is on on urgent mission here to close up Congress ranks in this province being himself unable to attend to-day's session of the P.C.C., deputed Maulana Daood Ghaznavi to preside over to-day's deliberations.

AZAD'S BLOOD DEFICIENT IN RED CORPUSCLES

LAHORE, Oct. 4 (A.P.I.): The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, who ran temperature last night, felt better in the morning, though weak But in the afternoon he again developed some fever after a three-hour conference with Punjab Congress leaders to patch up differences among them.

Maulana Azad, despite doctor's instructions not to give any interviews or exert himself, held this conference as he is anxious to finish his mission in the Punjab as soon as possible and return to Calcutta.

A blood examination by doctors to-day showed deficiency of red corpuscles.

Inquiries to-night showed that Maulana Azad had good rest in the evening and that his temperature dropped to 99 degrees.

States Industrial Delegation For U. K. & U. S. A.

NEW DELHI Oct. 4 (A.P.I.): A state industrial delegation will shortly visit the U.K. and U.S.A. The delegation consists of Mr H S Malik (Patiala), Mir Maqbool Mahmood Director Chancellor's Secretariat Chamber of Princes, Mr K D Mahadik (Gwalior) Mr E Christensen (Nawanagar) and Mr Abdur Rahman Siddiqi (Bhopal). Mr M D Mehta and Mr J C Mukerji will accompany delegation as advisers on behalf of Western Indian States and Eastern State respectively.

Mr H S Malik, leader of delegation has already left India and is in England.

Dekobra Leaves His Valuables To Martians

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 4, (U. P.A.): Convinced the atomic bomb will wipe out the world's greatest cities, French Novelist Maurice Dekobra has willed his valuables and his pet Pomeranian dog to the Island of Tahiti and the inhabitants of the planet Mars.

Lahore Businessman Charged With Theft

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANDRA, Oct. 4: Jayadev Rampal and Abdul Majid, who were arrested by the Mahim Police for carrying clasp knives in contravention of the Police Commissioner's order were placed before Mr. D. S. Babreker, 9th Presidency Magistrate, Bandra, who remanded the accused in police custody till October 11 because of police inquiries not being completed

The Mahim Police also placed before the same magistrate, Ramchandra Laxman, Nathani Burkutalli and Kallappa Lakmanji, who were arrested for loitering in a suspicious manner. The magistrate ordered Ramchandra Laxman to be discharged as no case could be established against him. The other accused were ordered to furnish bails or be remanded to police custody till October 18.

ALLEGED THEFT OF RS 4,000.

Fazal Karim Sheikh and Mohomed A. Latiff were arrested by the Mahim Police yesterday in connection with a theft of Rs. 4,000. The police who placed him before the same magistrate said Mr Hillal Tajaji Khervalla a resident of Mahim, lodged a complaint that the accused who were his friends came to his residence on October 3, 1945, when he entertained them with dinner after dinner the accused left On the accused going away the complainant found Rs. 4,000/- which he had kept in his drawer was missing.

The accused were arrested and accused Sheikh had Rs. 4,551 on his person. The accused pleaded not guilty and said that they were business-men from Lahore and that they went to the complainant's residence to collect monies which he owed them. The magistrate remanded the accused to custody till October 11

RENEWAL OF RATION CARDS

WEEK
7 Oct. to 13 Oct.

The work of renewing the current foodgrains and sugar ration cards in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District for the year 1946 by pasting slips over them, will be done during this week at the shops mentioned below.

Those whose foodgrains and sugar cards are registered at any of those shops should send all the cards of the household on the usual day during the week when they normally draw their rations and get them renewed. Cards should be got renewed even if no rations are to be drawn during the week. To facilitate filling in details on the renewal slip any other cards such as for kerosene, milk or cloth should also be sent along with the foodgrains and sugar ration cards.

RATIONS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO BE DRAWN ON UNRENEWED CARDS DURING SUBSEQUENT WEEKS.

The hours for renewal and also for the issue of rations at the ration shops concerned, during the week will be 8-30 A. M. to 11-30 A. M. and 3 P. M. to 7 P. M. and at the Government Grain Shops 8-30 A. M. to 12 noon and 2 P. M. to 6 P. M.

N.B.:—All the Ration Shops and Government Grain Shops below will remain CLOSED on FRIDAY and open on Sunday during this and the next week

A WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos 9, 11, 348, 349, 352 and 353. GOVT. GRAIN SHOP No. 151. COM. STORE—No. 38.

B WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 21, 37, 377, 382, 472 481, 554 and 559. GOVT. GRAIN SHOP—No. 44.

C WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 52, 56, 85, 117, 429, 486, 506 and 557. GOVT GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 3, 127, 141 and 153. COM. STORES—Nos. 10, 12, 42 and 53. CO-OP. SOCIETY—No. 30.

D WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 118, 121, 122, 124, 126, 144, 146, 157, 158, 163 and 371. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 106, 143, 197 and 240. COM. STORE—No. 57

E (EAST)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 196, 202, 213, 215, 483, 539. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 68 and 132

E (WEST)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 94, 96, 143, 152, 155, 221, 369, 386, 463 and 505 COM. STORES—Nos. 27 and 72. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos 19 and 186.

F (NORTH)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 252, 273 and 364. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 103 and 158. COM. STORES—Nos. 26 and 70. CO-OP SOCIETY—No. 6.

F (SOUTH)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 185, 186, 187, 269, 409 and 456. GOVT. GRAIN SHOP—No. 121.

G (NORTH)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 283, 284, 289, 290, 292, 296 and 360. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 82, 83 and 120. COM. STORE—No. 61. CO-OP. SOCIETY—No. 4.

G (SOUTH)—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 299, 311, 313, 406 and 465. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 111 and 119.

BANDRA—RATION SHOPS—Nos. B/10, B/11, B/12, B/13, B/14, B/15 and B/17. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 208 and 209.

PARLE-ANDHERI RATION SHOPS—Nos. A/10, A/11, A/12, A/13 and A/16. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 93, 94, 215

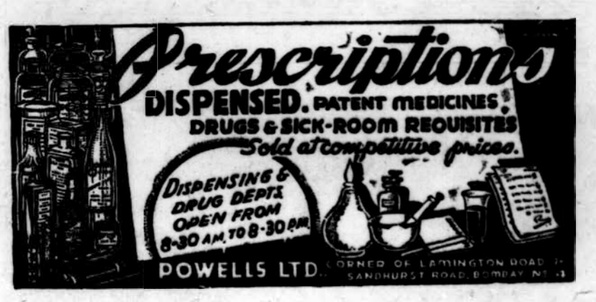
MALAD—RATION SHOP—MD/11. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 232 and 246.

BORIVLI—RATION SHOPS—Nos. BOR/6 and BOR/7.

KURLA RATION SHOPS—Nos. K/1 and K/2. GOVT. GRAIN SHOP—No. 185.

GHATKOPAR—RATION SHOPS—Nos. G/17 and G/8. COM. STORE—No. 1.

MULUND—RATION SHOP—No. ML/3.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AB 7 RANJIT

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Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.
Sat., Sun. Holiday 1 p. m.
At Theatre of Comfort
HINDMATA
(PAREL)
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PUKAR
Sorab Mody, NASEEM

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CITY LIGHT
(B. B. MATUNGA)
First run in Bombay (North)
RANJIT'S SOCIAL
Musical Comedy
MUSAFIR
KHURSHEED, CHARLIE
Sunday Morning 10 a. m.
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A 20th Century-Fox picture with
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Rosa STRADNER,
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Note: There will be NO Morning Show Tomorrow
Special Morning Shows for groups of Students may be arranged with the Manager.

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All Star Cast in
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16TH WEEK
PRAKASH
VIKRAMADITYA
Direction: VIJAY BHATT
Starring:
PRITHVIRAJ, PREM ADIB
SUPER
EVERGREEN RELEASE

4TH GREAT WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.
Sun. Holiday 1 p. m.
UNITED FILMS' Grand Social
BHAI JAN
Director: S. KHALIL
NURJEHAN, SHAH NAWAZ
IMPERIAL
DIAMOND RELEASE

3RD WEEK OF SUCCESS!
RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
Starring: JAYASHREE
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sat., Sun. 1 p. m.
PLAZA
TALKIES DADAR

SHE WAS FACED WITH A DILEMMA....
In WADIA'S Musical Romance
PIYA MILAN
Director: S. M. YUSUF
J. B. H. WADIA Production
MOTILAL, NIRMALA
Daily: 4 & 7 p. m.
3RD GREAT WEEK
KRISHNA
DUBASH THEATRE

6th WEEK!
COMRADES IN ARMS!
Lead To New & Happier World!
New Theatre's Epic!
HAMRAHI
Direction Photography & Screenplay: BIMOL ROY
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Sunday at 1 p. m.
MINERVA

THE SKY IS THE LIMIT WHEN CHARLIE GOES GA-GA!
ASIATIC PICTURES'
LAUGH-BLITZ
CHAND TARA
With SWARNALATA
Direction: MANIBHAI VYAS
Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
3rd WEEK OF LAUGHS
CAPITOL
BOMBAY RELEASE THRU' DAWLAT CORPORATION
Distributors: The Screens

5TH WEEK OF RECORD CROWDS!
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YAKUB, KAUSALYA, SULOCHANA, TRILOK, HUSNA, BANU, GOPE
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sat., Sun. 1 p.m
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(APOLLO TALKIES)
POYBAWDI—PAREL

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Francis Gifford, Tom Neal
Sunday Morn. 10 a. m.
SON OF FURY
Tyrone Power, Gene Tierney

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Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.
A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the package. Refuse anything else.

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SURENDRA, SADHONA BOSE
IN
"PAIGAM"

PALACE Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m
Jane Austen's laugh-packed story of five gorgeous beauties with but a single thought:—"WE WANT A HUSBAND"!
PRIDE & PREJUDICE
An M.-G.-M. Triumph Starring GREER GARSON
LAURENCE OLIVIER
SUN. MORN. AT 10.30 A. M.
THIS GUN FOR HIRE
GREER GARSON
LAURENCE OLIVIER

VILLAGE ROMANCE! VILLAGE SONGS!
VILLAGE DANCE! THE BEAUTY AND SPLENDOUR OF NATURE YOU Find it only in the VILLAGE
RAMNIK'S SUPER SOCIAL
Happy-Goodwin Release
VILLAGE GIRL
गाँव की गोरी
3RD HAPPY WEEK
DURGA KHOTE
NURJEHAN, NAZIR
Daily: 3-30 & 6-30
Sat., Sun. 1 p. m.
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Plans open: 10 to 12, 4-30 to 6.

THE STORY OF A KING'S
Supreme Sacrifice just to keep his NOBLE PROMISE
Ramnik Production's
TARAMATI
Directed by: RAJA NENE
Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH, V. THENGDI, BABY SHANKUNTALA, NAYAMPALLI, ANANT MARATHE
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Plans open: 9-30 to 12 & 3-30 to 6
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SECOND SMASH WEEK!
ATTRACTING RECORD CROWDS!
LOVE, LOOT & LAUGHTER
In UNIVERSAL'S
"SUDAN"
In Technicolor
With MARIA MONTEZ, JON HALL, TURHAN BEY
Also:—March of Time
"UNCLE SAM MARINER"
Sunday Morning At 10.30
"CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY"
With Deanna Durbin
Gene Kelly

The Arab League

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND AND BIRTH

(By Abdur Rahman Siddiqi, Editor, Morning News, Calcutta)

I

I had always looked upon the idea of the Arab Federation or Confederation with disfavour, ever since it was first bruited by Thomas E. Lawrence after the war of 1914-18. The Arab Revolt in that war had left a bad taste in the mouth of the Muslim world. Shareef Husain of Makka had sold himself body and soul to the British who had promised to create him not only the Malikul-Arab—King of the Arabs—but also the Khalifa of the Muslim World. In the process of this scheme of unification, it was decided to carve out principalities for the sons of the Shareef all over the Arab countries, with Husain as the King of kings. Faisal was made King of Syria after lopping off big chunks like Lebanon for France and Palestine for Britain. Abdullah, elder brother of Faisal, was pushed into the desert region east of the river Jordan, made Amir of it and the territory under his sway with a British army of occupation was given the name Trans-Jordan. Ali, the eldest son of Husain, remained heir-apparent of the Hijaz. The Federation of Lawrence, was thus to be a family affair with Lawrence in all probability as the arch adviser.

Sordid And Ugly Story

France, however, felt that a pro-British monarch seated on the throne of Damascus, would not serve its interests well and so without grace or compunction, it asked Faisal to quit Syria. This unceremonious action of the French placed the British in an awkward fix. Faisal had to be found a throne or the dreams of British hegemony over the Arab World and the safety of the all red route would have been jeopardised seriously. Iraq, called Mespotamia in those days, appeared an easy alternative. The British had, however, created a puppet, Talib Pasha Naqeeb, who had been promised the throne of Harun-al-Rasheed, in the historic city of Baghdad, in return for valuable services rendered against the Turks. Talib Pasha a descendant of the Saint, Shaikh Abdul Qadir Jeelani, carried great influence with the Sunni and Shia elements in Iraq, while Faisal was a rank outsider. Talib Pasha's removal would have created trouble and this had to be avoided. The man was invited to tea by the British High Commissioner who with his wife acted as ideal hosts. The poor unsuspecting Pasha, as he emerged from the house, was asked to step into a military car, driven post haste to Basra, put on board a British naval boat, landed in Ceylon and kept there until Faisal was safely planted as king in Iraq. The whole story of the genesis of the Arab Federation of Lawrence, backed as he was by the Foreign office was sordid and ugly. Muslims disliked it and the Arabs detested it. Lawrence died a disappointed man as air craftsman Tom Shaw.

Arabs Humiliated

British and French rivalries in the Middle East and their mandatory administration in that region during the inter-war period are a series of revolts, on one side, and their cruel suppression, on the other. This state of affairs kept the people unhappy and they lost all hope of ever being free. An important member of Faisal's staff who was deputed to act as liaison officer between him and Lawrence told the present writer that he did not join the revolt to exchange his freedom as a Turkish citizen for British or French slavery. As a student at Montpelliar and Paris he and his revolutionary colleagues, in their student days and later, were anxious to establish a dual Turkish-Arab monarchy on the model of the Austro-Hungarian one with the Sultan as their king and his Turkish soldiers as their defenders. There were to be two Parliaments and Turkish and Arabic were to be the two languages of the state in the two sections of the Empire. In the wider revolt they saw fuller independence and worked for it enthusiastically. They never could dream that Shareef would die a refugee in Cyprus, Ali would seek shelter under Abdullah's protection and Trans-Jordan, Palestine, Lebanon, Syria and Iraq would become parts of the colonial possessions of Britain and France. To make their humiliation still more unbearable, they had never visualised even the remote possibility of Palestine being turned into a Jewish State, a poisoned dagger in the side of the body politic of the Arab countries.

During The War

The declaration of hostilities in 1939 and the unchecked advance of the German war machine in every direction of the compass created a situation the like of which had not occurred since European nations had seized the domination of the world. France was under the German heel. The Dutch Government was in exile in London and its empire in Indonesia was swallowed up by Japan. Great Britain had lost Malaya and Burma while its supremacy in India was menaced from the east. Egypt the focal point from which Anglo-American resistance and defence radiated was in serious danger. The Germans had taken Crete to its north and had pushed into it from the east within almost walking distance of Alexandria. If the Germans had slid down the Caucasus and their forward movement not arrested at Grozney, the success of the Trans-continental *Panzer* movement, the Chinese statesman Dr. Wellington Koo had fearfully visualised, was as good as assured. India would have been threatened from both sides and so would have been the Middle East. The life lines to Russia, to Egypt and from the Indian base would have been cut and German war lords would have established their hegemony over the east and the west. That catastrophe did not come to pass but it did make a deep impression on the mind of the framers of policies in the British Foreign office.

Eden's Efforts

Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, had gone through his apprenticeship in Middle and Near Eastern affairs, in the war of 1914-18 under Oriental experts like Margoliouth and Hogarth and done his bit in the propulsion of the Arab Revolt machine. He began to think in terms of Arab Federation. Many of the former comrades had gone and yet there were a few among the thinner ranks available who could assist him in the revival of the old scheme. Amir Abdullah of Trans-Jordan was still there and so was Nuri Pasha Said of Baghdad. Important as these two were, it was not possible to go ahead with the plan without bringing Egypt into the picture. This was now easy as Ali Pasha Mahir was removed from the Premiership of Egypt and interned in his Zamindari under a sort of direct action, by the British Ambassador in Egypt with military aid and Mustafa Pasha Nahas planted in his place. Nahas Pasha was the signatory to the Anglo-Egyptian treaty and, although the leader of the Wafd Party, was expected to cooperate with Amir Abdullah and Nuri Pasha in forwarding the design and bringing Arab support in its totality primarily for the war and secondarily for helping Great Britain secure the post of vantage in Arab lands when the war was over. Nuri Pasha did the lobbying effectively in the corridor between Baghdad and Bairut while Nahas Pasha tried to woo the kings of the Hijaz and Yaman rather ineffectively.

Alexandria Conference

Plans for a conference at Alexandria were drawn up. There was a good deal of coming in and going out of the British Residency in Cairo, as the Ambassador had received instructions that in no case should Palestine be allowed to take part in the conference. This could not be, as in Arab eyes a conference without the spokesman of the Holy Land would be incomplete and unrepresentative. Palestine was more Arab in its texture and contents than even Egypt or Iraq. A compromise was arrived at and it was decided that the Palestine delegate or delegates would be given the status not of membership with a vote but of observers only. The Hijaz and Yaman were suspicious till the last moment and Shaikh Yusuf Yaseen, King Ibn Saud's representative, did not get his instructions till after the conference had met. Yaman remained unrepresented. There was a strange contretemps as soon as the conference met in the Automades Palace. Musa Bey al-Alami, who had been elected unanimously by all the political groups in Palestine to attend the conference, demanded in a well-reasoned speech, full rights of membership. A Cambridge man, member of the British Inns of Court, and the ex-Government Advocate of Jerusalem, he carried all before him. The Arab delegates without exception surrendered, and Palestine, despite efforts to the contrary, retained its rightful and legitimate place in the Arab family.

This conference prepared the Protocol, under which the full plenary conference was called a few months later. All the Arab states were present at it. The delegates drew up the constitution, not of the Arab League, on the model of the League of Nations for it safeguarded the sovereign rights of the member states in full. I happened to be in Cairo while the conference was in session. It was held in the Egyptian Foreign Office building and was conducted in a business like way by Ahmed Pasha Mahir who had replaced Nahas Pasha in between the two conferences. Throughout the meetings one could see a row of flags of all the succession States carved out of the Turkish Sultanat flying on the roof. I could not help feeling a pang in my heart seeing these remnants of the Ottoman Empire in which every office of State, civil or military, was open to them, including the highest office of Grand Vazir, and under which they had walked the earth as free men and could enter the Sublime Porte without hindrance.

(To Be Continued.)

Mr. Kirtilal Dahyabhai Parikh of Messrs. Nagindas Laloobhai & Sons., well-known diamond merchants, is sailing today (Saturday) for London en-route to Antwerp, (Belgium).

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NEW WEST END
A FAMOUS RELEASE
CHHAMIA
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ON WITH THE SHOW!
A Famous Release
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"The Northern Lights Of Bombay
A-U-R-O-R-A
Daily at 3-30, 6.30 & 9-30 p.m.
It's Gorgeous....Hilarious.....
Melodious
And Breath-Takingly Beautiful!
Bathing Beauty
M-G-M's TECHNICOLOR Triumph!
Starring:
Red SKELTON, ESTHER Williams
Tomorrow Morning at 10-30
WALT DISNEY'S TECHNICOLOR CARTOON
"FANTASIA"

11TH NON-STOP WEEK!
Dear to Everyone
Pradhan Picture's
DASSI
RAGINI, NAJAM, GYANI
Daily: 4, 6-45, & 9.30 p. m.
Matinee: Sat., Sun., 1 p.m.
CHITRA
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Krishna Gana Sabha
MATUNGA
MUSIC on 7-10-45 at 4-30 p. m.
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A STAR
RISES TO GREATER HEIGHTS!!!

With
WASTI
GULAM MOHD.
SADIQ ALI
SHANTA RIN
GHORY and
A. SHAH
Direction:—
SOHRAB MODI
TO BE RELEASED SHORTLY!

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Oct. 5. (A.P.I.)

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st Jan. 1945 and temperature from normal recorded at nine hours (IST) on 5th October 1945:

Allahabad 91 69 0 32.2 minus 7.4 Baroda 91 73 0 53.0 Nil BOMBAY 87 76 0 86.9 plus 18.1 Calcutta 88 79 0 42.8 minus 15.7 Cawnpore 91 67 0 22.7 minus 11.9 New Dehli 93 68 0 28.8 plus 3.3 Hyderabad (Dn) 92 68 0 25.4 minus 0.6 Jacobabad 99 71 0 5.6 plus 2.2 Karachi 85 76 0 6.4 minus 1.0 Lahore 95 64 0 21.0 plus 2.5 Lucknow 89 69 0 31.7 minus 7.0 Madras 91 74 0.2 21.9 minus 2.2 Mysore 88 68 0 21.5 minus 1.8 Nagpur 93 72 0 52.6 plus 6.3 Patna 91 75 0 35.8 minus 6.5 86 71 0 21.9 minus 0.8 minus 3.5 Poona 26 71 0 21.9 minus 0.8 Surat 90 76 0 68.7 plus 28.5.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Let others give aid and comfort to the despots. Be it ours to stand for liberty and justice, nor fear to lock arms with those who are called hot-heads and demagogues, when the good cause requires.

—Charles A. Dana.

The Bombay Chronicle

CEYLON'S LEAD

Ceylon deserves to be congratulated on its bold decision to make education free in all Government educational institutions from the Kindergarten schools to colleges. This is a great reform, indeed, and it is claimed that Ceylon is the first State in the East to undertake free education at all stages. The reform is doubtless a costly one but it is well worth the cost. The expenditure in the very first year of the scheme is estimated to be Rs. 370,000,000 or about 15 per cent of the total revenue of the State, but it is expected to be doubled in the next few years under the new scheme. As primary education is now compulsory as well as free the number of students in the free high schools and colleges will rapidly increase before long. The students in non-Government high schools and colleges will flock to the free Government institutions. These facts and also the cost of training teachers will swell the educational budget, and it is to be hoped that the growing cost will not stand in the way of starting a sufficient number of well-equipped technical institutions.

The assumption by the State of full responsibility for the education of students raises the question of the status of private schools and colleges, particularly denominational ones providing specialised religious instruction. It is said that such schools are given three years to come into the new scheme, during which period they will continue to receive State Aid, but after which a school that stands out of the scheme will not receive any State support. Nearly 300 aided schools are said to have already agreed to join the scheme and many more will join before the three year limit is reached. But a few Christian missionary schools are stated to have objected to "the principle of State monopoly of education". The Ceylon Government has not assumed any monopoly in the sense that private bodies are forbidden to have schools of their own. It only says that, having provided, at the cost of the public, for the education of all pupils seeking education in its school, it cannot afford to tax the people afresh to provide aid to private schools. If the latter are to be continued for the sake of any special features, such as special religious education, they should in fairness be financed by themselves.

The question may also be asked: What about the religious education of the students in Government schools? As the State belongs to persons of all creeds and of no creed its education must necessarily be secular. And we believe that State education in Ceylon will be thoroughly secular. As all communities pay taxes it will not be fair to provide instruction in the religion of the majority community alone without making adequate provision for other communities that may demand religious instruction. Moreover, if religion is to be taught in State schools it must, like other subjects, be open to free rational discussion both in schools and in public. All this is likely to create complications and it seems most expedient to make State education scrupulously secular. If in any case a State or aided school or college provides instruction in one or more religions, every student should have the option to avail himself of it or not. Finally, any attempt, direct or indirect, at proselytisation in schools and colleges should be sternly discountenanced by the public and the State.

Shape Of Things To Come

Sir Chandulal Trivedi I.C.S. is appointed Governor of Orissa in place of Sir Hawthorne Lewis who vacates office in March next year. He is the second Indian to be appointed Governor of a province after the late Lord Sinha. Three European civilians also became Governors. Sir Evan Jenkins succeeds Sir Bertrand Glancy as Governor of the Punjab, Sir Olaf Caroe succeeds Sir George Cunningham as Governor of the N.-W. F. Province and Sir Francis Mudie succeeds, as Governor of Sind, Sir Hugh Dow who is promoted to the Governorship of Behar. The British Civilians have thus monopolised the Governorships of these four provinces for themselves for a further period of five years and a crumb, in the shape of the Governorship of a minor province, has been thrown to an Indian Civilian. Of none of these Civilians can it be said that they are better equipped for discharging the duties of their office than a number of distinguished non-official Indians whom one could name. On the contrary, there are many non-official Indians who are, in every respect, superior to them. According to a news agency "political commentators" in New Delhi regard the elevation of Sir Chandulal Trivedi as "the beginning of the Labour Government's new policy and look forward to similar appointments in other provinces in the future". These "political commentators" must be officials themselves, for no self-respecting and patriotic Indian would indulge in such a farrago of nonsense. One swallow does not make a summer. Sir Chandulal's appointment will not enthuse any Indian and the other appointments will be regarded as a deliberate and calculated insult to India. They do certainly indicate the shape of things to come under the Labour Government. And it is that every possible effort will be made to strengthen the steelframe of the so-called security services and to grab as many high offices for Britishers as possible what time India is being beguiled with so-called acceleration of the pace of self-Government. It is the old, familiar British game.

Egyptian Politics

We published yesterday an exclusive interview given to this paper by Mustafa Nahas Pasha, the leader of the Wafd, on the Egyptian political situation. Internal political differences in any country are, except in certain circumstances, a matter of exclusive concern for the people of that country. But it is an undoubted fact that the Wafd is the largest single party in Egypt and enjoys the widest support of the mass of the people. That being the case it must be admitted that the present Ministry and Chamber, with the Wafd entirely out of the picture, are not entirely representative of the people. It must, however, be admitted at the same time that in the matter of general policy, particularly in the attitude towards the British and in respect of Egyptian national aspiration and demands, there is no difference between the Wafdists and the political leaders constituting the present regime. This is not unexpected for the latter also owe political allegiance to the common leader, the late Saad Zaghlul Pasha.

The noteworthy feature of the Egyptian situation is that the urge to complete independence and freedom of Egypt, here and now, from every kind of British control, direct or indirect, is shared by every Egyptian leader. In fact it is a unanimous national aspiration, unanimous and urgent. This is a gratifying fact. But of even greater interest to India is Nahas Pasha's message. "I have had", he says, "many Indian acquaintances, Muslims and Hindus. The advice I give them is to set aside all questions of conflict and of religion and to get together in close and frank union and co-operation to realise their national aspirations". This, indeed, is the advice of the whole Arab world to India, if only those, who ought to listen and understand, do so.

Frankly Speaking

Azam Bey's Warning

The Arabs have taken up the challenge of world Zionism and its American supporters and patrons. Abdur Rahman Azam Bey, the wise and statesmanlike Secretary General of the Arab League, is in London and is presently going to Washington to persuade British and particularly American leaders to reopen their eyes and see not only the terrible injustice but also the dangers to themselves of their outrageously vicarious generosity. He is not the man to bluff and bluster. When, therefore, he says: "We want peace, but we are prepared to fight for it", he means it. And he represents in his statement the considered determination of the Arab world. The "Daily Mail" report of armaments alleged to be in Arab possession and still more of the manner in which they are supposed to have acquired them is, of course, ridiculous on the face of it. But the Arabs are not altogether helpless. And they are prepared to die for their rights. What is more, every Arab country will participate in the struggle. British and American statesmen will have to consider seriously the consequences of setting the whole Middle East aflame.

Needless Retrenchment

The close of the war will throw out of employment millions who rendered valuable war service, though not as combatants. But as far as possible the same anxiety which Government evinces in finding employment for demobilised soldiers should be evinced in helping others who have done war work but are now threatened with unemployment It is said that the retrenchment plans of the Railway Board threaten the security of service of nearly two and a half lakhs of railwaymen on all the railways. The All-India Railwaymen's Federation rightly insists that these men "who kept the railways going during the most trying periods of the war" should not be retrenched till every possible attempt is made to find necessary work for them. There has long been considerable scope for the expansion of railway work. It should now be undertaken without any delay.

Wider Railway Service

For instance, as the Federation itself points out, there is need for expanding workshop practice with the construction of boilers and of engine parts and in other ways. Railway workshops can also undertake the manufacture of locomotives, carriages and wagons and the re-building of third class carriages so as to provide better facilities for passengers. The trains that were closed during the war should now be restored and railway service in general needs to be considerably expanded to suit the needs of growing industries. A programme of house building may also be undertaken so as to provide decent houses for railwaymen. These and several other activities will have to be undertaken by the Railway Board sooner or later. Let then be undertaken immediately in the interests of the public as well as the railwaymen who need work. Delay in this necessary work may cause much distress and avoidable conflict with railwaymen.

(Continued from Col. 5)

jects of this creation and thereby shrinking oneself into the inner self. The second way is to expand oneself into the whole creation, so as to be co-extensive with it. "My soul is co-extensive with the Oversoul"—that was the creed followed by Tagore which he tried to realise in life.

ABANI NATH ROY.

The Congress & The League

At its recent meeting held the other day the A.I.C.C. passed a resolution explaining the Congress policy at great length. In view of what has happened during the last three or four years, the resolution dealing with the Congress policy has assumed an importance of its own. The last paragraph begins with these words: "The method of negotiation and conciliation which is the keynote of peaceful policy can never be abandoned by the Congress, no matter how grave may be the provocation,...."Now this is the settled policy of the Congress and there can be no deviation from it, "no matter how grave may be the provocation." If it is so, then I fail to understand the trend of the speeches made by our revered Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in reply to the speeches made by Dr. Ashraf and Miyan Iftikharuddin. Both have plainly said that they will not negotiate with the Muslim League, they will remain 10,000 miles away from it and they will have nothing to do with it. And this is because the League was disrespectful to the present President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, and always rejected the hand of friendship proferred by the Congress leader, meaning thereby the Mahatma. Is this not against the policy of the Congress as enunciated at Bombay? The Congress policy lays down that the method of negotiation and conciliation will not be given up, "no matter how grave may be the provocation." I, therefore, most respectfully submit that the heat introduced in the speeches of the Pandit and the Sardar was against the declared policy of the Congress and hence unworthy of them. They should not bang the door against the League; on the contrary, they should be ever ready to find new avenues of approach I hope and trust that the Panditji and the Sardar will take into consideration these humble submissions of mine which are made in the best interests of the country at large.

Z. A. BARNI.

Mahim, Sept. 29.

Students' Plight

I, the undersigned, am a student and was due for U.K. on 4th Oct. I with 300 other Indian students was embarking in a troopship yesterday at 12 noon and in the afternoon the order from the Troopship authorities was issued that Indian students would have to clean the latrines, utensils and the space which they already occupied. We protested because though we were given the Troop-deck accommodation, we were not expected to do all the things which troops do. Ultimately at 11 p.m. yesterday it was decided that some volunteers would come forth to do such work if separate Indian latrines were provided. This was agreed to even by the authorities but in the morning sooner two students went to see the Captain and informed him that they were against doing any type of such work. Then at once an order was issued to all students to disembark from section D5 of the ship though there were students from other nationalities, e.g., Chinese. We all were disembarked in the morning. We had to carry all our luggage ourselves. Our currency was changed into English and we were not paid back in Indian currency as we demanded. We had to suffer much.

Then a representative from the ship came with the form of a bond which clearly explained that those who signed it shall have to clean the latrines, utensils, the space which they occupy but there was no guarantee given that those who sign it shall be taken back into that same ship.

We eleven students, protested and decided not to sign any bond and then we came back from the docks. We do not know when we shall now get accommodation, nor shall we know the condition of those whom we had left on the docks.

GORDHANBHAI G. PATEL.

Our Readers' Views

Referendum On Pakistan

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari suggests, "asking an Impartial International Tribunal to go round India....and suggest ways and means to carve Pakistan." The idea is not at all novel. It may appeal to many so-called Internationalists. It was suggested years back by the aged Liberal Leader, Rt. Hon. Srinivas Sastri. Despite high authorities, however, I humbly submit, this idea of appealing to a foreign body, however, impartial, for solving home problems, is fundamentally, a wrong one. For one thing, it is not so easy to arrive at an agreement about its composition, for every enlightened statesman of the world has an "Inarticulate Major Premise" in favour of one of the contending parties. Secondly, it cultivates into us a baneful habit of looking upto others for setting our house in order—a habit not calculated to further domestic happiness, which depends upon an infinite capacity for mutual adjustment and understanding, no less for a nation than for a home. Lastly being imposed by a foreign tribunal, the solution may leave both the parties partly dissatisfied, making it acceptable only technically, lacking like the Weimar Constitution of Germany, the elements of permanence, because it has no roots in the genius of the people.

Conscious, perhaps, of this objection, C.R. readily presents another alternative, which is: "Asking each Provincial Legislature to decide whether to acceed to Indian Union or not." This proposal has the great merit of bringing the dissenting Provinces "face to face with reality" of assuming the by-no-means-small responsibility of running an Independent State, in the immediate neighbourhood of a powerful union, whose distrust and hostility they have presumed by the very act of secession. This will, no doubt, set them to look twice before they leap. But passion often blinds judgment, and a leap may be hazarded. And pride, in the garment of self-respect, will surely stop them from showing readiness to rejoin the Union. My objection, is not against this possibility, but an injustice latent in the procedure advocated. To decide so fundamental a problem as secession on the verdict of bare majority in a provincial legislature, as at present constituted, is hardly fair to the solid minority block in the same legislature. Even for amending a single clause in the constitution of a democratic country like U.S.A. political wisdom has stipulated three-fourths of the combined strength of both the Houses and the assent of a majority of the federal units. The coersion of a bare majority on a question of the Constitution itself can no more be justified in the case of one Province than it could be in that of a group of Provinces. Before the verdict of a Legislature can be taken to represent the real wishes of a people, the Legislature should be the product of universal adult suffrage, and the verdict the echo of an extraordinary majority.

To be real, any solution must emanate from the direct verdict of the group or groups, who are vitally affected by the decision. And the only democratic machinery, yet devised to approximate this demand, is a referendum of the peoples concerned. The present provincial boundaries which resulted from administrative gerrymandering of an alien rule, can never form a basis of any lasting solution.

PARIMAL Y. MEHTA.

Canker Of Communalism

I often ask myself who are the real enemies of this land. No right-thinking person, no dispassionate observer will deny that the answer is the priest-imposed socio-religious feudalism called caste together with its by-product, untouchability, and the child of bigotry known as communalism. Both are the twin enemies of the country, veritable diseases eating away the life-blood of this great land. With this six years' global war happily at an end, with the uplands, let us hope, of a lasting peace, progress and prosperity in prospect, the observations below will, I trust, interest your readers.

"It will not be the growth but the death of Indian nationalism if the Moslems of India fail to be impressed by the greatness of Asoka, Chandragupta, or filled with pride and joy at the immortal frescoes of Ajanta and the sculptured monuments of Ellora, or fail to derive fresh inspiration from the glorious songs of Jayadev and Tukaram, or find food for deep and satisfying thought in the discourse of Sri Krishna and Gautama the Buddha. It will not be the growth but the death of Indian Nationalism if the Hindus are not filled with pride at the architectural splendours of the Moghuls and the Adil Shahis, at the political achievements of great rulers like Sher Shah and Akbar, at the fine heroism of noble queens like Chand Bibi and Nur Jehan, at the liberal statesmanship of devoted ministers like Mahmud Gavan and Abul Fazl, at the wide learning of scholars like Al Beruni and Faizi or at the inspiration of poets like Amir Khusru and Ghalib. It will be a sad day indeed if the minds of Hindu and Moslem alike are not stirred with the high and noble aims of the Viceroys like Mayo and Ripon, of administrators like Munro and Elphinstone, of friends of India like Fawcett and Bright, of missionaries like Hare and Miller. For all these and many more, whether Hindu, Moslem or Christian, loved India and worked for her."

And again "I can conceive no nobler work to which an Indian can consecrate himself than that of cementing the hearts of the diverse races and nationalities of our vast continent into a solid and united whole, bound by a union that is not merely a superficial one or that merely enables the Hindu and the Moslem, the Parsi and the Chrisian, to regard each other on sufference or even with a species of benevolent neutrality, but a living and active union whereby they come to look upon each other as brothers working for the cultivation and progress of their common heritage."

I will disclose the source as well to protect myself from the charge of plagiarism as to show the high authority behind these great and noble words. The source was the rich mind of the late Sir Akbar Hydari, the maker of modern Hyderabad.

K. K. GADGIL.

Pandharpur.

Communists And The Congress

In a few days Congress will take action against the Communist members of the Congress. Some Provincial Congress Committees have passed resolutions to that effect. B.P.C.C. has already taken action against the Communists and elected a member of A.-I.C.C. in place of the Communist member. In your opinion the actions are too hasty. But they are the shape of things to come. The Congress President has asked the Communists to send their representative to explain their actions and policy during the August Movement and after it. From the attitude of the top rank leaders of the Congress, it is quite probable that the Communists will be 'wiped out' from the Congress.

And it would not be wrong. In August 1942 the Communists opposed the 'Quit India' resolution. At that time Russia was involved in the war and the Indian Communists wanted to 'fight' for their "People's War" rather than to fight for India's freedom. In their view the policy was based on internationalism. But what is the use of your internationalism when you have no voice in international politics? The British Indian Government gave us a nice answer to this question by sending puppets to the San Francisco Conference. If India had been free, Indian leaders like Nehru and Jinnah would have made a great contribution in securing world-peace and solving the problems which give constant headache to the 'Big Five. So it was in fitness of things that the Congress passed "Quit India" resolution in 1942. The Congress leaders knew the shape of things to come. To-day Dr. Rajendra Prasad says the same thing when he says, 'We have got to win Swaraj not only for our sake, but for the sake of the nations of the world, too."

The policy of Communists towards India's internal problem of communal settlement is also totally wrong They say, "Congress and League must unite." Every Indian and well-wisher of India will agree with them. But how is unity to be achieved? They say, "Give Pakistan to the League, Change the Congress policy." They never ask for change in the policy of League which is required to be changed. Congress has done everything humanly possible to arrive at a settlement with the Muslim League. But every time the League has turned down the Congress offer.

JAYANT V. DAVE.

"Pugree" Nuisance

The extraordinary rise in the population of Bombay and the extreme housing difficulties are being utilised by some unscrupulous house-owners in setting aside all moral codes and nowhere is it possible to get a single room without its corresponding "pugree-value" being mulcted out in spite of the latter being made a criminal offence. All kinds of tricks are employed to oust the old tenants—new methods are daily invented by the house-owners for this purpose. If all attempts fail to force the tenants to leave the premises, in the absence of the male members "mawalis" and "goondas" are employed to threaten and annoy the ladies and children in the house. Even physical violence to the tenants is not unusual according to the instances which have come to my knowledge.

The responsibility of the Government does not merely cease with promulgating a Rent Act. If giving a "pugree" in the extreme necessity is a crime as much as taking an illegal "pugree", it is natural no tenant would come forward to testify to the criminal act of the house-owner. The "pugree" system has taken deep root in the city, but no fitting example could be set in the police courts because the Government has not provided for the due detection and punishment for this pernicious system about which we hear from all sides. The harassed public of Bombay demands that the tyranny practised by the house-owners in all different ways is handled by the authorities with due sternness, leading to the general relief of the poor oppressed tenants, who in many instances have not even the means to fight their cases against the almighty house-owners.

P. D. KESARIA.
Ward Secretary,
Tenants' Association,
Bombay.

Message Of Tagore

Many people see only sorrow in this creation. They find grief, old age, disease and distress among men and think them to be the guiding principle of creation. They are mistaken. If they could compare, they will find that joy is more here than sorrow, youth more than age, happiness more than distress and health more than disease. Their leaning towards pessimism does not permit them to see to the correct picture of the situation. This is the sign of a defeatist mentality.

Tagore was not, however, a defeatist. He believed in the eternal principle of creation which rests on 'Satyam' (truth), 'Sivam' (welfare) and Sundaram (beauty). His message was, therefore, a message of joy for mankind—a message of love, love from which the world has come into being, love by which the world is sustained and love into which the world will dismember itself in the long run.

He made no secret of the mission of his life. He declared in no uncertain terms:

"Liberation by asceticism is not my cult; I want to have a taste of liberation in the midst of innumerable bondages."

Then if asceticism was not the creed of Tagore, what was his creed? Was it Hedonism, like Charbak of old?

Far from it. Tagore's stand was a moral stand on the fundamental principles of being. The Supreme Being may be realised in two ways—either by withdrawing oneself from the ob-

(Continued in Col. 31

"ATTITUDES & LATITUDES"

By "BIRBAL"

(The views expressed in this column are not always necessarily those of the Editor.—Editor "B. C.")

"The biggest clash during the past 36 hours was when Indian troops crossed a bridge in the west of the city. They attacked but were forced to withdraw. In the evening there was another attack and 65 Annamites are known to have been killed" wires an Indian War correspondent from Saigon. This is surely India's crowning humiliation in World War II. History is not kind to those who harbour illusions, and events in South East Asia are remorselessly rubbing in the truth that this war which is now ending had as one of its main objectives the strengthening of the chains in which the peoples of Asia are to be held under "White" domination. Some capital is sought to be made of the fact that deserters from the Japanese army are fighting shoulder to shoulder with the brave Annamites who are striving for liberation from French Imperialism. Such fraternization and solidarity among fellow-Asiatics is only too understandable, and the London "Daily Express" had to confess the other day that "The Japs are fighting on the superior side now." The tragedy is that Indian troops are fighting on the wrong side of the barricades in Saigon. It is not only in Indo-China that the Indian army is engaged in suppressing fellow-Asiatics striving for freedom against White aggressors. Java has the same story to tell of Indian troops taking a hand in suppressing the Indonesian Republic, whose head Dr. Soekarno has declared that "he had drunk deeply of the principles which guided the Indian National Congress and was anxious to achieve Indonesian ideals non-violently".

Let us at least be thankful that we have been saved from yet greater crime against our Asiatic neighbours For that escape, credit must go to Lord Wavell and Mr. M. A. Jinnah who saved the Congress from being entangled in a so-called National Government in Simla three months back. Who can seriously contend that the presence of Congress representatives in the Viceroy's Executive Council would have prevented the British Government from using Indian troops as they are, doing at present? The only alternatives left to those Councillors would have been to resign their seats and end an inglorious adventure or to become active parties to the reimposition of White domination in South East Asia? That supreme degradation we have been spared.

The outlook in the other countries of the East is no more cheery. Thailand has been ordered by the victorious Anglo-Americans to stop using its proper name, which means "free country", and to describe itself henceforth as Siam, so reminiscent of its past colonial status. That is of a piece with the British insistence on describing Iran as Persia! Further East, General Arnold, United States Military Governor of Korea, has declared in a manner so reminiscent of our Viceroys "We will give Korea back to the Koreans when they are qualified to govern the country. It might be one year, ten years or fifteen years". Considering that the United States Government promised the Philippines their independence during the Spanish-American war at the end of the nineteenth century and that promise is still to be implemented one can foresee exactly what this assurance to the Koreans is worth.

Sarat Babu's "Faux Pas"

That all is not well in China either is clear from a report that an American division has been landed in Tientsin in North China in order to keep the Communists from illegally seizing territory. This, coupled with Marshal Chiang Kai-shek's declaration on September 28 that "the Chinese Communist Party is the only obstacle to the complete unification of China", should give those who are talking in a facile manner of China-Russian friendship food for thought. The fact is that the most cynical tripartite bargaining is going on behind the scenes between the Russian, American and Chinese Governments. M. Molotov, let it be known, said some time back that he was quite prepared to throw over Tito if he got satisfaction of his other claims in Eastern Europe. Similarly, Russia is prepared to throw over the Yenan Communists provided America "talks turkey" in the way of financial concessions. It is a pity that in such a context, Babu Sarat Chandra Bose, who otherwise has shown statesmanship in his pronouncements, has allowed himself, evidently through too much reading of Communist writers like Edgar Snow during his detention in Coonoor, to put his foot badly into it. Jail reading, if not judicious, can sometimes be dangerous. If Chiang Kai-shek has had to be ruthless in suppressing opposition in China, it is because that opposition has been a Fifth Column. All students of Chinese politics are aware of Chiang's limitations, but they must be understood against the background in which the Generalissimo is functioning. Sarat Babu will do well if he educates himself a little more about realities in China, and *Birbal* would recommend to him and others interested the latest and most startling book on that subject, *Soviet Attitude Towards China* by Stanley Powell, which has recently been published in India.

THIS INDIA:—"In one room 10' X 10' live three husbands with their wives and their seven children, more children being born, three wives cooking in three corners of the room. In one chawl workers told me that they had to get up as early as four in the morning to secure a better place in the queue near the lavatories"—Extract from a broadcast on A.I.R. on September 18, 1945.

(Copyright).

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The World Trade Union Conference in Paris has succeeded where the London Conference of Foreign Ministers failed, in achieving a balance of 'great powers' by admitting the influence of comparatively disinterested small nations acting as representatives of world public opinion".

—Reuter.

* * *

After twenty-five years, when Lord Sinha was made to make history, a second Indian has been appointed Governor of a Province.

You may, if you like, look twenty-five years ahead and anticipate another record breaking event. We don't propose to be bothered with it.

* * *

Sir Thomas Rutherford, Governor of Bihar, has asked to be permitted to retire "on grounds of health" from a date in May 1946

We are glad that His Excellency's bad health will continue to be good for the intervening period.

By the way, when do the Constitutional results of Bihar Provincial elections come into force?

* * *

Comrade Teuga Fa, a Chinese Communist leader, "en route" to Paris, says in a message: "There is a great and encouraging future that awaits the people of India"

Peoples, Comrade, and not India but Hindustan and Pakistan.

Subject to these ideological corrections, we thank Comrade Teuga Fa and agree with him

* * *

The biggest Tiwana Landlord and one of the four pillars of the Tiwana tribe in the Punjab, Nawab Major Mohammad Mumtaz Khan, has joined the Muslim League, says a Lahore message.

Now that the Punjab Muslim League has been further reinforced by the biggest Tiwana Landlord in addition, of course, to Sir Firoz Khan Noon, its future is very certainly extremely bright.

* * *

A British paper says: "The question is often asked whether Hindus and Muslims have fought more often or more bitterly during the present times of political unrest, than in the period before the Congress Party and the Muslim League came to stand for irreconcilable claims. The answer is indubitably yes".

Therefore, indubitably Bombay where all the fights take place should be declared as justifying the continued and alert presence of the British in India. Q.E.D.

* * *

Our attention has been drawn to the fact that the vice-President of the Indonesian Republic, Dr. Mohammad Hata, is a personal friend of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

We, therefore, beg to draw the attention of the Muslim League to this un-Islamic anti-Muslim fact, and suggest to them to warn both Dr. Hata and Pandit Nehru and to call upon the Muslims of Indonesia to demand Pakistan as a separate nation.

*

ENTRY OF ENEMY FOREIGNERS IN INDIA BANNED.

—Headline.

No, no, no! Enemy foreigners are nationals of countries that fought the "Democracies" in World War II.

*

According to a Batavia report, the Allied Military Commander, Sir Philip Christison, is trying to bring both parties, namely, the Dutch and the Indonesians, together.

The parties had better come to an agreement soon lest the Ally found it his sacred duty to stay in Indonesia in the interests of both.

*

We learn from the report of Reuter's Special Correspondent that at the World Trades Union Conference in Paris, the Russians and delegates from colonial and semi-colonial countries worked together on the same side.

That's why we don't want to see Russia become a Colonial Power and go over to the other side.

Pointed Paragraphs

Stuffing a turkey is culinary taxidermy.

*

A talkative friend can do more harm sometimes than a silent enemy.

*

A man is never contented with his lot until he occupies one in the cemetery.

*

Some men are so sympathetic that they will even share your last dollar with you.

*

A cheap coat does not make a cheap man, but it makes him feel that way at times.

*

Evil that men do lives after them. Even when an amateur cornetist dies he cannot take the fatal instrument with him.

Sir Sultan Ahmed As Adviser To Princes Chamber

NEW DELHI, Oct. 5, (A. P. I.): It is learnt that Sir Sultan Ahmed, information and Broadcasting Member Government of India has been offered the post of Constitutional Adviser Chamber of Princes Sir Shanmukham Chetty, who has held this post for about two months is vacating it on his election as President of the proposed Tariff Board.

Sir Sultan Ahmed's terms of office as Information Member is due to expire in September next year, but it is likely that he will resign the office soon and take up the appointment with the Chamber of Princes.

Defence Of India Rule 26 And Special Courts Ordinance

Echo Of Talpade Case In Privy Council Judgment

A decision that upholds the views taken throughout by the Government of India, was recently given by the Privy Council in the case of King Emperor v. Sibnath Banerjee and others, the full judgment now being available in India.

In what is known as Talpade's case the Federal Court pronounced Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules to be invalid and 'ultra vires' of the Defence of India Act. The Governor-General thereupon issued an amending ordinance (XIV of 1943) which removed the ground on which the Federal Court had based its decision and which followed the lines indicated by that court. Two days after the decision of the Federal Court in Talpade's case applications in the nature of 'habeas corpus' on behalf of Sibnath Banerjee and others were filed in the Calcutta High Court. The Calcutta High Court ordered the release of the detained persons and on appeal the Federal Court confirmed those orders.

VALIDITY OF ORDINANCE CHALLENGED

In the course of the appeal, the validity of Ordinance XIV was unsuccessfully challenged but at the same hearing the majority of the Judges of the Federal Court held that the personal satisfaction of the Governor was necessary before any order could be made under Rule 26.

From the decision of the Federal Court, Government appealed to the Privy Council challenging the correctness of the decision in Talpade's case. The Privy Council held that Talpade's case was wrongly decided by the Federal Court and that Rule 26 'was' valid and 'intra vires' of the Defence of India Act. In view of their decision on this point Their Lordships felt unnecessary to decide on the validity of Ordinance XIV of 1943.

Apart from this important point the Privy Council also held that detention orders under D.I.R. 26 could be made in the normal manner in which the executive work of the Provincial Government is carried on under the Rules of Business—that is to say that the personal satisfaction of the Governor in every case is not necessary.

SPECIAL COURT'S ORDINANCE

It will be remembered that in another almost equally important case —King Emperor v. Benoari Lal Sarma and others—the Privy Council recently upheld the validity of the Special Criminal Courts Ordinance. In doing so they pointed out that the question whether an Ordinance is 'intra vires' or "ultra vires" does not depend on considerations of jurisprudence or policy, but simply on examining the language of the Government of India Act. "Again and again" says the Privy Council, "this board has insisted that in construing enacted words we are not concerned with the policy involved or with the results, injurious or otherwise, which may follow from giving effect to the language used. The learned Judges who were in the majority in the Federal Court would presumably not contest this proposition, and Their Lordships rather understand their view to be based on the conception that there is something underlying the written constitution of India which debars the Executive Authority though specially authorised by the Statute or Ordinance to do so, from giving directions after the accused has been arrested and charged with crime as to the choice of Court which is to try him. Their Lordships are unable to find that any such constitutional limitation is imposed."

EXCERPTS FROM JUDGMENT

The appeal by the King-Emperor v. Benoari Lal Sarma and others was decided by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council on the 6th November, 1944. The following are excerpts from the judgment:—

This is an appeal by the Government of India from a judgment of the Federal Court (Varadachariar C. J. and Zafrulla Khan J., Rowland J. dissenting) dated 4th January, 1943, dismissing an appeal from a judgment of the High Court at Calcutta (Sir Harold Derbyshire C.J., Khundkar J., and Sen J.) setting aside a conviction of 15 individuals by a Special Magistrate purporting to act under Ordinance No. II of 1942 promulgated by the Governor-General on 2nd January, 1942. The ground upon which the conviction was set aside was that the Ordinance was 'ultra vires.' The question is largely academic, for upon Ordinance No. II being declared by the Federal Court to be 'ultra vires', Ordinance XIX was promulgated to replace it. But Their Lordships think that the better course is to decide the question whether Ordinance II is invalid.

The Governor-General purported to make and promulgate the Ordinance under a power conferred on him by paragraph 72 of the 9th Schedule of the Government of India, 1935.

The paragraph 72 does not require the Governor-General to state that there is an emergency, or what the emergency is, either in the text of the Ordinance or at all, and assuming that he acts 'bona fide' and in accordance with his statutory powers, it cannot rest with the Courts to challenge his view that the emergency exists. In the present instance, such questions are immaterial, for at the date of the Ordinance (2nd January, 1942) no one could suggest that the situation in India did not constitute an emergency of the most anxious kind. The question whether an emergency existed at the time when an Ordinance is made and promulgated is a matter of which the Governor-General is the sole judge. This proposition was laid down by the Board in Bhagat Singh v. The King Emperor (L.R. 58 IA69) and is plainly right. On September 3rd, 1939, the date on which war was proclaimed between His Majesty and Germany, the Governor-General, acting under section 102 of the Government of India Act, 1935, had proclaimed that "a grave emergency exists whereby the security of India is threatened by war", and thereupon the Indian legislature acquired power to make laws for a province with respect to any of the matters enumerated in the "Provincial Legislative List", with the result that the Governor-General, acting under paragraph 72 of the 9th Schedule, had in case of emergency the same width of legislative power.

TWO OBJECTIONS

Two objections, however, were raised to the validity of the Ordinance in connection with the question of "emergency."

It was contended that the Ordinance was invalid either because the language of the section showed that the Governor-General, notwithstanding the preamble, did not consider that an emergency existed but was making provision in case one should arise in future, or else because the section amounted to what was called "delegated legislation", by which the Governor-General without legal authority sought to pass the decision as to whether an emergency existed to the Provincial Government instead of deciding it for himself.

There is, in their Lordships' opinion, no valid ground for either of these contentions. As regards the first one, it is enough to say that an emergency may well exist which "makes it necessary to provide for the setting up of special criminal courts" without requiring such courts to be actually set up forthwith all over India. Any other view would appear to deny to the Governor-General the possibility, when faced with an emergency, of making provisions which could be instantly applied if the danger increased and became even more critical to the part of India where it was necessary to apply them. It would in fact (as Beaumont C. J. observed in reference to a similar objection in the Bombay High Court, in Shreekant Pandurang v. Emperor (1943) Bombay 331 at p. 351), deny to the Governor-General, when faced with an emergency, the exercise of any foresight in the protection of the State. He may well have considered that, in view of the existing emergency, it was necessary to have a scheme for Special Courts drawn up and all ready for application if the existing emergency was further aggravated. A very similar situation arose in this country, when under the Emergency Powers Act, the Government devised and prepared for instant application a system of Zone Courts which were to be put into force only if, owing to invasion by the enemy or the like, the ordinary courts in some part of the country were judged unable to function satisfactorily. Mr. Justice Sen in the High Court expressed the opinion that "the provisions of this Ordinance proclaimed unmistakably that the Governor-General did not think that an emergency which necessitated the Ordinance actually existed. He may have thought that such an emergency may arise at some future time. That, however, is not enough. The Governor-General had no power to promulgate this Ordinance unless he was of opinion that the emergency requiring it actually existed: it is thefore 'ultra vires' of the Governor-General". With all respect to the learned Judge, their Lordships are quite unable to accept this reasoning; it is perfectly possible, and indeed it is quite obvious, that the Governor-General regarded the situation on January 2nd, 1942, as constituting an emergency—in view of what was happening it would be remarkable if he did not—and this justified and authorised the Ordinance providing in advance for Special Courts. It does not in the least follow that the bringing of Special Courts into actual existence and operation all over India must take place at the same time.

The second objection has attracted more support, but is, in their Lordships' opinion, equally unfounded. It is undoubtedly true that the Governor-General, acting under paragraph 72 of the 9th Schedule, must himself discharge the duty of legislation there cast upon him, and cannot transfer it to other authorities. But the Governor-General has not delegated his legislative powers at all. His powers in this respect, in cases of emergency, are as wide as the powers of the Indian legislature which, as already pointed out, in view of the proclamation under section 102, had power to make laws for a Province even in respect of matters which would otherwise be reserved to the Provincial legislature. Their Lordships are unable to see that there was any valid objection, in point of legality, to the Governor-General's Ordinance taking the form that the actual setting up of a Special Court under the terms of the Ordinance should take place at the time and within the limits judged to be necessary by the Provincial Government specially concerned. This is not delegated legislation at all. It is merely an example of the not uncommon legislative arrangement by which the local application of the provision of a Statute is determined by the judgment of a local administrative body as to its necessity. Their Lordships are in entire agreement with the views of the Chief Justice of Bengal and of Mr. Justice Khundkar on this part of the case.

HIGH COURTS AND SPECIAL COURTS.

The next objection to be considered is the contention that section 26 of the Ordinance, which is framed to exclude the revisional and appellate powers of the High Court in cases dealt with by the Special Courts constituted under the Ordinance, was ineffective and 'ultra vires' as being in conflict with section 223 of the Government of India Act, 1935.

Previous to 1935 the High Court had revisional jurisdiction over the magistrates' courts in the relevant area. The argument advanced was that this jurisdiction could not be taken away by an Ordinance made by the Governor-General under Paragraph 72, as the Governor-General's Ordinance was not an "Act of the appropriate Legislature". "Legislature", it was said, only means the Central Legislature consisting of the two Houses and the Governor-General, or the Provincial Legislature consisting of the two Houses and the Governor, and the Governor-General when making an Ordinance in cases of emergency under paragraph 72 was not either of these Legislatures. The argument, as Sir Harold Derbyshire pointed out in his judgment, overlooked the provision in section 311 (6) of the Act, which says:—

"Any reference in this Act to.... Acts or laws of the Federal or Provincial Legislature, shall be construed as including a reference to an Ordinance made by the Governor-General, etc."

There is, thus, no substance in this objection. Assuming that the condition as to emergency is fulfilled, the Governor-General acting under paragraph 72 may repeal or alter the ordinary law as to the revisionary jurisdiction of the High Court, just as the Indian Legislature itself might do.

There remains to be considered another objection to the validity of the Ordinance which is, as their Lordships understand, the main ground upon which it has been held to be 'ultra vires'. The objections may perhaps be stated in more ways than one, but the substance of it, as appears both from the judgment of Sir Harold Derbyshire in the High Court and of the Chief Justice in the Federal Court, is that the Ordinance makes it possible to discriminate between one accused and another, or between one class of offence and another, so that cases may be tried either in the Special Courts or under the ordinary and well-established criminal procedure according to the direction and decision of Provincial authorities.

Sir Harold Derbyshire found that the sections in the ordinance connected with this objection were invalid.

Mr. Justice Khundkar agreed with the Chief Justice on this point and stated his objection to these sections of the Ordinance.

Mr. Justice Sen, as their Lordships understand, did not differ from the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Khundkar in this view, though he rested his decision that the Ordinance was 'ultra vires' on other grounds which their Lordships have already indicated.

IN FEDERAL COURT.

In the Federal Court the Chief Justice dwelt on the value of the revisionary jurisdiction, but considered that the most serious defect on the impugned Ordinance was the power it conferred to discriminate between one accused and another by directing trial in different courts.

With the greatest respect to these eminent Judges, their Lordships feel bound to point out that the question whether the Ordinance is 'intra vires' or 'ultra vires' does not depend on considerations of jurisprudence or of policy. It depends simply on examining the language of the Government of India Act and of comparing the legislative authority conferred on the Governor-General with the provisions of the Ordinance by which he is purporting to exercise that authority. It may be that as a matter of wise and well-framed legislation it is better if circumstances permit to frame a statute in such a way that the offender may know in advance before what court he will be brought if he is charged with a given crime; but that is a question of policy, not of law.

Their Lordships will humbly advise His Majesty that the appeal should be allowed. The Judgement of the Federal Court must be set aside and the Ordinance II of 1942 declared not to be 'ultra vires.'

ECHO OF TALPADE CASE

In an appeal by the King-Emperor v. Sibnath Banerji and others decided by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, the 17th July 1945, the following are excerpts from the judgment:

This appeal is brought by leave of the Federal Court of India, from a judgment of that Court (Spens C. J., Varadachariar and Zafrulla Khan JJ.) dated the 31st August, 1943 dismissing eight appeals by the Crown against orders and judgments of a Divisional Bench of three Judges (Mitter and Sen JJ., Khundkar J. dissenting) of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, dated the 3rd June, 1943.

TALPADE CASE

The present applications under section 491 of the Criminal Procedure Code were filed on the 24th April, 1943, two days after the decision of the Federal Court in Keshav Talpade v. The King Emperor (1944) I.L.R. Bom. 183, under which it was held, reversing the decision of the Bombay High Court refusing to make an order under section 491 for release of the applicants, that Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules was 'ultra vires', and was not warranted by the Defence of India Act, 1939.

On the 28th April 1943 the Governor-General made and promulgated Ordinance No. XIV of 1943 under section 72 of the Ninth Schedule of the Government of India Act, 1935. By section 2 of the Ordinance a new clause was substituted for clause (x) of section 2 (2) of the Defence of India Act, 1939. Section 3 of the Ordinance provided "that no order heretofore made against any person under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules shall be deemed to be invalid or shall be called in question on the ground merely that the said Rule purported to confer powers in excess of the powers that might at the time the said Rule was made be lawfully conferred by a rule made or deemed to have been made under section 2 of the Defence of India Act, 1939. The amendment effected by section 2 of the Ordinance removed the grounds on which the Federal Court had pronounced Rule 26 to be 'ultra vires.' The terms of Rule 26 were not altered by the Ordinance.

In the present applications, Talpade's case was taken as binding on them by both the High Court and the Federal Court and the new Ordinance No. XIV was the main object of challenge by the applicant. But before this Board the Crown had placed in the forefront a challenge of the correctness of the decision in Talpade's case, and success in that contention would indicate the validity of Rule 26 and would supersede any consideration of Ordinance No. XIV. It is therefore necessary to dispose of this question first.

In Talpade's case the judgment of the Federal Court was delivered by Gwyer C.J., who first dealt with the main argument of the appellant, which had been rejected by the High Court, and proceeded (at p.206), "We, therefore, reject the main argument addressed to us on behalf of the appellant, and, if there were nothing more in the appeal, we should dismiss it without further discussion. There is, however, another aspect of the case, which was not argued until the Court itself drew the attention of counsel to it; for it seemed to us that it was open to question whether r. 26 itself in its present form was within the rule-making powers conferred by the Defence of India Act. If it is not within those powers, then it must be held void and inoperative, either in whole or in part; and the orders made under it will be similarly open to challenge." The learned Judge then proceeded to discuss paragraphs (v) and (x) of section 2 (2) of the Act, and for reasons fully stated by him, he came to the conclusion that Rule 26 was not within the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 2, and (page 214), he stated, "The Legislature having set out in plain and unambiguous language in paragraph (x) the scope of the rules which may be made providing for apprehension and detention in custody it is not permissible to pray in aid the more general words in s.2 (1) in order to justify a rule which so plainly goes beyond the limits of paragraph (x), though if paragraph (x) were not in the Act at all, perhaps different considerations might apply. We are compelled therefore to hold that r26 in its present form goes beyond the rule-making powers which the Legislature has thought fit to confer (r) upon the Central Government and is for that reason invalid."

Their Lordships are unable to agree with the learned Chief Justice of the Federal Court on his statement of the relative positions of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 2 of the Defence of India Act, and counsel for the respondents in the present appeal was unable to support that statement, or to maintain that Rule 26 was invalid. In the opinion of their Lordships, the function of sub-section (2) is merely an illustrative one; the rule-making power is conferred by sub-section (1), and "the rules" which are referred to in the opening sentence of sub-section (2) are the rules which are authorised by, and made under, sub-section (1); the provisions of sub-section (2) are not restrictive of sub-section (1), as indeed is expressly stated by the words "without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by sub-section (1)." There can be no doubt—as the learned judge himself appears to have thought—that the general language of sub-section (1) amply justified the terms of Rule 26, and avoids any of the criticisms which the learned Judge expressed in relation to sub-section (2).

Their Lordships are therefore of opinion that Talpade's case was wrongly decided by the Federal Court, and that Rule 26 was made in conformity with the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Defence of India Act.

Their Lordships will therefore humbly advise His Majesty that it should be declared that the order of detention under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules in each of these cases was a valid and proper order.

ATOM BOMB EXPERTS IN REVOLT

LONDON, Oct. 5. (U.P.I.): Atom bomb experts are in revolt. This news is front-paged by the "Evening News" with reports that Britain's leading scientists are bending themselves together in an organised body to combat the misuse of their great discovery—atom bomb—by Governments and War Departments.

They are to issue a public statement or declaration very shortly.

One of the leading atom bomb men is reported to have said: "Something important will occur in the course of the next week or two.

"Scientists in England feel strongly that as political and military authorities do not seem to have inclined to give a lead, scientists themselves in association must come into open and let the public know fully the social and international implication of bomb. Responsible scientists are therefore going to join in the making of the declaration about the bomb. They developed atom breaking discovery to be applied for the good of mankind—not as great evil."

Similar revolt of scientists in America is simmering.

URANIUM HOT SPRINGS FORMED IN NAGASAKI.

TOKIO, Oct. 5. (A.P.A.): "Uranium hot springs" that have formed far from the centre of atom-bombed Nagasaki, show a uranium concentration 10 to 20 times that remaining in the target area, according to Dr. Ryikichi Sagane, Professor of the Tokyo Imperial University.

He said the springs are under study, but that they seem to have practically no ill-effect upon people who visit them.

JAP CABINET'S FALL

(Continued from Page 1)

for the emergence in its place of a more appropriate Cabinet."

The former Premier denied that the Cabinet's resignation was connected with General MacArthur's demand yesterday for the removal of the Home Minister and the dismissal of police chiefs throughout Japan.

But a Japanese official tonight disclosed that Prince Higashi Kuni, before offering the Cabinet's resignation, told his Ministers that he would not submit to the section of the Allied directive which allows the Japanese people to criticise or discuss the Emperor.

"In so many words the Premier said he could not be responsible for future events after the directive," the official said. "Prince Higashi Kuni is a member of the Royal Family and felt most keenly on this point."

WHY RESIGNATIONS

The official stated that the main points made at the resignation meeting of the Cabinet were: (1) That in issuing the directive General MacArthur "completely ignored the Prime Minister and the Cabinet who received no advance information or suggestion", (2) that the dismissal of all police chiefs in Japan was too drastic at the present time and (3) that the order permitted the Japanese people to discuss the Emperor.

The third was the most important point, the official added.

The resignation of the Cabinet has caused a stir among the Japanese. A minority group expressed fears of "chaos."

PLAYING THE BALL

The view of officers at General MacArthur's Headquarters was that the new Japanese Cabinet would work equally well with the Supreme Command. "They will have no choice but to play ball," the officer commented.

Doctor Kagawa, noted Japanese Christian social leader, commented: "It has always been our moral obligation to hold the Throne above public discussion. I think the directive and the resignations may cause chaos."

The Japanese people have been startled by their unexpected realisation of the vast powers wielded by the Supreme Allied Commander under the Potsdam declaration.

"There can be no doubt in our minds now that we were defeated and defeated completely," the Japanese said. "We know now that General MacArthur is our dictator and the Cabinet actually has no power at all."

An informed Japanese said, however, "we are not so keen on freedom of thought."

"Avert The Scandal"

On reading an article with the headline 'Avert The Scandal' one cannot but be rudely shocked by the news of the resolution of the Bombay Municipal Corporation for the appointment of a new Dean in place of Dr. R. P. Koppiker. To be the mildest I would term this move as a display of arbitrariness by the party having majority and a misuse of confidence reposed in them. In absence of any substantial reasons for the removal of the present Dean and in view of the fact that he has three years of experience to his credit one fails to understand why the Congress Municipal party should encourage such supersession by a junior over one who has served the College and the Hospital for more than two decades.

It reminds me of the resignation of Mr. Daruwalla the then city Engineer, when he was forced to serve under one far more inexperienced than himself. More often than not the Congress has blamed to be a body founded upon fairness truth and justice as well as an institution that would allow no room for prejudice or partiality It has always been setting forth its aim of driving the right peg in the right hole.

P. RATANSHAH.

Surat, September 21.

Laval Allowed In Court

Trial's Second Day Full Of Stormy Exchanges

PARIS, Oct. 5. (Reuter): Swarthy Pierre Laval, 62-year-old Bichy Premier of France, whose conduct at yesterday's stormy first session of the trial caused the presiding judge to threaten to carry on without him took his place in the court one minute before the session opened this afternoon.

The defence counsel who were absent yesterday were present today.

Immediately the session began Judge Mongibeaux announced that he had decided to rescind his decision of yesterday, at request of the jury, so that Laval could answer all questions fully."

"But I warn the accused, he said, "that if he raises his voice or indulges in such regrettable demonstrations as yesterday he will be removed from the court."

The defence painted the picture of Laval working practically in the dark to prepare his case and of the prosecution having access to documents he had not seen.

The defence asked: "Do you want all possible light thrown on this question" It added: "If it is all brought to light, it will bring surprises."

As the speech went on, both the judge and the defence grew angry began to raise their voices. The public prosecutor, M. Andre Mornet, also began to interrupt, heatedly protesting that the examination of the case had been sabotage".

The defence had only to apply to the prosecution for the documents they needed, he said.

Later when M. Maitre Naud defending, protested that the indictment was prejudiced—he quoted as an example the words "history of Laval's treason"—the prosecutor retorted that the evidence against Laval consisted of laws and Government decrees which he had issued between 1940 and 1944.

The proceedings were punctuated by disapproving murmurs and interruptions from all parts of the court and at one point the judge had to ask for quiet.

After a short recess to consider the defence's plea for postponement, the Judge read a statement rejecting it and declaring that the trial must go on.

PALESTINE SHOWDOWN LIKELY ON MONDAY

Jews Decide To Hold Mass Meetings And Prayers

JERUSALEM, Oct. 5 (Reuter).—The first public reaction among the Jewish population in Palestine to what is believed to be coming political developments will occur on Monday when mass meetings are scheduled to be held in all large and small Jewish urban centres throughout the country.

Work in factories and other establishments will be suspended, shops will close and all traffic halt between 1 p.m. and 7 p.m. that day to enable as large a number of people as possible to attend the rallies. It was announced today by the National Council of Palestine Jews. At the same time the Chief Rabbinate is sponsoring prayers of intercession in all synagogues.

A message from Damascus says that the Syrian Ministry of the Interior today ordered motorized detachments to be sent to the Syrian frontier with Palestine to prevent illegal Jewish immigrants reported to be provided with automatic arms and Tommy guns from crossing the borders.

About 150 Jews who tried to cross the Syrian-Turkish frontier were turned back, it was reported.

PALESTINE ARABS APPEAL TO JINNAH

JERUSALEM, October 5 (U.P.A.)—The Vice-President of the Palestine Arab Party today telegraphed Mr. M. A. Jinnah urging support for Palestine's Arabs "in view of the rallying by the Jews of their forces."

STRIKE WAVE HITS AUSTRALIA

LONDON, Oct. 5. (Reuter): Half a million American workers out on strike in the great wave of post-war labour disputes now affecting industries all over the world have been joined by 15,000 Australian workers including 4,000 miners who were idle to-day as a result of disputes in the coal, steel, power, iron, printing and meat industries.

In Sydney union men to-day threatened "complete blackout of electricity supplies" following a statement by a country council official that they will employ discharged soldiers to replace 600 strikers at the Bunnerong power station which supplies the city's electricity.

The New South Wales Labour Council expressed fears that the strike might spread throughout the state if volunteer labour were employed.

In Britain 14,000 dockers are on strike for the fifth day at Liverpool and 3,000 men are idle at Hull docks where work is at a standstill.

The All India Radio

I am glad that A. S. Mhaisalkar has timely criticized "Ap Ki Farmaisn" in the letter addressed to the "Bombay Chronicle" on August 20. The method of catering to the demand of cheap music and at the top of it to encourage it by announcing the names of the persons concerned is a limit.

Recently the Bombay Station has started one more useless feature. There are now questions and answers staged for the Marathi listeners. Soon similar Gujarati programme must logically follow.

Has the A.I.R. gone bankrupt? Are their brains so dry? Or they want to squander public money and not tax their brains.

Last fortnight I was on the point of congratulating the A.I.R. for giving the listeners some good music programmes. Faiyaz Khan was on the A.I.R. at last and he really gave exquisite performance. Alas, he is again dropped by the A.I.R.

I am afraid that the new director of the Bombay Station who believes in the mixture of the western and the Indian music is probably going to give us many surprises. I am glad that Dr. Vyas, the art-critic of the "Bombay Chronicle Weekly" has already given a hint about in his last valuable contribution.

I would like to add here that even easily available records of the western music are not used and instead colourless music of the Kaufmann and allied school is thrust on the listeners.

Unless the listeners come out with their justified complaints the A.I.R. authorities will continue to squander public money and feast the people on poison.

D. G. TENDULKAR.

Trial Of Indian National Army Officers

May I, through the columns of your esteemed paper, draw the attention of the Indian leaders of all communities to the national demand, in the matter of the contemplated trials of the Indian National Army officers.

Our rulers must be made to realise that the days of defiance of peoples' demands are gone. The people of India expect Mr. Jinnah, Mahatma Gandhi, Maulana Azad, Pt. Nehru and Master Tara Singh to do their duty and to press on the Government the nation's demand. The matter is most urgent and it calls for the leaders' immediate attention. Time is too precious to be lost.

AN INDIAN.

Universal Brotherhood

If you regard the other man as your own brother in the truest sense of the word, you will not be inclined to fight with him That is universal brotherhood, so well expressed in that sweet word fraternity, a word which has now, almost lost its meaning and has ceased to exist except in the dictionary.

We now realise that a spirit of universal brotherhood alone can save us from frequent disasters, so well manifested in the present war, pronounced to be a greater war than the Great War of 1914-18. In order to imbibe this spirit of universal brotherhood into the heart of every citizen of the world we have to take the assistance of the school master, who is very much responsible for shaping the mind and character of the citizens. Let the education that is imparted to the young boy include instruction in the religion of universal brotherhood.

A FREE THINKER.

"GOOD OLD EDWARD!" IN LONDON

Windsor Mobbed On Way To Visit Queen Mother

LONDON, Oct. 5 (A.P.A.)—The Duke of Windsor, returning to England to see his mother for the first time since his abdication in 1936, was mobbed today by an enthusiastic crowd as his car drove up to Marlborough House, the residence of the Queen Mother.

People crowded around his car shouting: "Good Old Edward" and "Long Live the Duke of Windsor." "Welcome", others screamed.

King George arrived at Buckingham Palace this morning from Scotland for his brother's visit.

QUALITY OF RATIONED FOOD GRAINS

Public Relations Officer Refutes "Mis-Statements" Made In Corportaion

Public Relations Officer (Rationing) writes:—

In the course of the Corporation debate yesterday (October 4) on the quality of food grains supplied in Bombay City under rationing, a suggestion was made that the Executive Health Officer should examine samples of the rationed food grains. This system has already been in vogue ever since the inception of rationing in the City. Samples of various grains are collected at random from the godowns and shops and analysed by the staff of the Executive Health Officer. During the last seven months alone 216 samples were tested out of which 192 were found to be absolutely sound and wholesome, 13 needed cleaning and 11 were unfit. The directions of the Executive Health Officer regarding dispersal and processing of damaged or slightly damaged or slightly damaged grain were carried out at once.

One of the Corporators, Mr. Devji Ratansey, who is also a member of the Godowns Inspection Committee consisting entirely of representatives of the trade, is reported to have said that the jowar now being supplied in Bombay is nearly three years old being the balance of what was sent to Bijapur during the famine and is all germ-eaten. This statement is entirely incorrect. The Bijapur jowar is of the current season and is not "all germ-eaten". Mr. Ratansey himself has seen the stocks in the godowns only on September 6. It is surprising that he should have made the misleading statement attributed to him.

Begum Shah Nawaz Resigns

NEW DELHI Oct. 5, (A. P. I.): It is learnt that Begum Shah Nawaz, Lady-in-Charge of the Women section of the Information and Broadcasting Department has resigned her appointment, in order to be able to return to active politics in the Punjab She is seeking re-election to the Punjab Assembly from her present constituency.

Begum Shah Nawaz was appointed to her present post in September 1942, and the Defence of India Act was amended to enable her to retain her seat in the Punjab Assembly while in service. She was expelled from the Muslim League in 1941 for her failure to resign from the National Defence Council in accordance with the mandate of the League, and a ban was imposed on her re-entry into the league for five years She is expected to return to the League fold as soon as the ban is withdrawn.

Aga Khan's Scheme

From Mr. M. I. Rowji's statement published in the "Bombay Chronicle" of 31st August, it appears that he has been inspired to elucidate the "purport" of Aga Khan's message to the Congress President, which otherwise on account of its telegraphic contraction would have remained confined in the Congress President's bag as a token of love from a parted friend with the result that a common man in the street who is the virtual "King Maker" would have been deprived of the right to know its complications and intricacies.

The Aga Khan had prescribed a permanent solution for the Indian political malady and evidently as it happened to come on the eve of Simla Conference which was convened to thrash out an interim arrangement, its consideration was postponed to a future date by the Congress President. The actual text of the message has been published in my press statement

"Lying Schools Of Journalism In West"

Dr. Mulk Raj Anand On Causes Of Failure Of Press

BOMBAY, Friday.

Addressing the Journalists' Association of India this evening Dr. Mulk Raj Anand the well-known author and poet described the profession of journalism in the West as entirely based on lying. Dr. Mulk Raj who has now returned to Bombay after spending six years in England and Europe presented during his talk some important aspects of Western journalism. Mr. S. A. Brelvi presided.

Elucidating his point the speaker said that "Hitlerian lying" were the words that could be used for that phase of journalism in the West which began with the crisis of 1939. LYING SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM.

"The open lying school of journalism" commenced with the London 'Daily Mail', followed by the half lie of the "Times", the quarter lie of the 'Daily Express' and the one-eighth lie of the "News Chronicle". The whole of tendency of journalism in the west before the war, was going away from the ideals encouraged and cherished during the 19th century. This was largely due to the concentration of newspapers in the hands of two or three Press lords.

"Each year of the war began to prove more and more clearly this sinister and deliberate process of lying that was going on in the British Press", remarked Dr. Anand. "No where in the world have I seen such extraordinary propaganda that could persuade 99 per cent of the people of England to a state of rabid hatred of the Soviet Union for its attack on Finland, without knowing why Russia attacked Finland." The British Press was so completely under the thumb of politicians, that the bulk of the population in the country, accepted that it was the Russian big bullies had attacked Finland." This remark, added Dr. Anand, was an indirect tribute to the Indian Press, which had displayed a sense of awareness of facts.

It was inconceivable for the people of India, whose struggle was based on truth, to imagine a world, in which the bulk of the profession was made up of lies, he said.

And as far as the public was concerned, "the peasant of India displayed greater shrewdness and awareness in grasping facts than the British tommy, who gulped down what the Press says and spout it out in a pub when asked to," said Dr. Anand.

But the result of the general elections in Britain and the reaction to the Bengal famine had shown that the people had become allergic to Press propaganda, because despite the fact that the large mass of British newspapers were controlled by Tories, they were defeated.

But, at the same time, the people of the west had also lost all belief in a "New Europe", a "New England" and all the rest. They had developed that "modern synicism", which happily had not permeated among the Indian people. This was evident from the fact that the very struggle of India was based on two slogans—Truth and Non-Violence. It had some psychological significance at least.

TRADE UNION OF JOURNALISTS

Referring to the economic position of Indian journalists, Dr. Anand said "the profession is largely bound up in a cash nexus." It was high time that leading journalists set down to the task of fixing a minimum wage for journalists and forming a trade union on the lines of he National Union of Journalists of England.

Thanking the speaker for his stimulating and thought-provoking address Mr. Brelvi said that the picture of the press in England and Europe as drawn by the former was rather a grim one. The lesson brought home to them by the speaker was that the press should not be controlled by any outside authority whether governmental or capitalist. In the West the press had failed because it had been controled by totalitarians and capitalists. India also there were certain dangers with regard to the press. These could be avoided if journalists entered their profession as missionaries for certain causes, and not only to better their economic prospect.

prospect. Mr. Brelvi agreed with the speaker that the journalists must be paid adequately. However man did not live by bread alone, and hence it was desirable that those who became members of the profession should have service as their ulterior motive. Mr. Brelvi further believed that it would be better if he economic control of the press were not in the hands of capitalists but in the hands of those who wrote.

Concluding Mr. Brelvi expressed a keen desire to see the living standard of Indian journalists satisfactorily improved.

"Tiger Of Malaya" To Be Tried In Philippines

SINGAPORE, Oct. 5 (Reuter): The Chinese population here heard with satisfaction the news that Gen. Hobun Yamashita who commanded the Japanese troops which captured Singapore in 1942 is to be brought to trial in the Philippines within the next few days

THEIR ONLY REGRET.

Their only regret is that Gen Yamashita is not being brought to Singapore for it.

It was reported to-day that his first act after the occupation of Singapore was to concentrate male Chinese in a camp, to segregate "undesirables" and then to eliminate 50,000 of them.

When the liberating British forces arrived in Singapore they were greeted by a banner appealing for Gen. Yamashita's return for trial.

THE INDIAN SCREEN

Above: The creator of "Kalpana" in different dance poses. Centre Circle: "Shirali" whose music will embellism the film.

Current Films

Lamington: 3rd Week

OLD FAVOURITES IN "VILLAGE GIRL"

This Ramnik production is, partly, anti-Japanese propaganda. It unfolds the romance of a rustic maiden with a hot-headed village youth whose attempts to make himself rich land him into all kinds of troublesome situations including a murder charge. Finally, he goes to the Burma front and returns crowned in glory. He is raised to the rank of Subedar Major, and of course he and the village belle live happily ever after!

The cast contains many old favourites such as Nazir, Durga Khote, Nurjehan, Rama Shukla and Anant Marathe. Newcomer Geeta Nizami is also in the picture.

K. Amarnath directed this film which contains many rural scenes of the Punjab. The music is by Shyam Sunder.

Minerva: 6th Week

SOCIOLOGICAL FILM

New Theatres' "Hamrahi" breaks entirely new ground. It reveals its director, Bimol Roy, and its scenarist Jyotir Moy Roy, as progressive individuals who, moving with the changing times, have depicted in their story the struggle of labour with capitalism.

The main character, an author, poor but proud, scorns to pander to the whims of the arrogant rich and refuses to accept their patronage. In-

(Continued in col. 5)

"Kalpana"—A Screen Utopia

UDAY SHANKAR'S DREAM OF A HAPPIER WORLD

By SARDI

The rhythmic ripple of waves, the music of the wandering breeze, the golden beauty of a dancing sunbeam, the fury of a storm—all these and many more imageries has Uday Shankar evoked in us with his exquisite poetry of motion. He has come a long and glorious way since the time he partnered the great Pavlova in her Radha-Krishna ballet. Far and wide has he spread the art of Siva, the God of the Dance winning the homage of art lovers the world over.

"KALPANA" FILM UTOPIA

It is in the fitness of things that this great dancer should now bring his art to grace our screen. Running into confrere D. C. Shah, a sort of journalistic Boswell of Shankar since his early days, I gathered interesting information.

"Kalpana", which means 'conception,' is to be the title of Shankar's maiden film offering. The theme deals with an idealist's conception of a Utopia where youth marches forward unshaken by the conservatism of Age, where Labour is no slave of Machinery and Capitalism, and where the young prepare for life not in stuffy class-rooms, but in God's open air under the munificent shade of green trees, beneath the dome of heaven, in harmony with Nature. "Kalpana" thus becomes a screen ex- a better and happier world.

periment in Sociological, Economic and Educational reform.

STAR-DUST SCORNED

Though Shankar and his talented wife, Amala Devi, are both in the cast, they have no intention of monopolising all the glory. They are no believers in the vicious 'star' system, and mean to share credit with all the other players, known and unknown.

MUSIC AND SEX APPEAL

Shankar's well-known music director, Shirali, is to embellish the film with his art of which he is a past-master. Heavy and light, in turns, will the music be, weaving its pattern in harmony with the flitting and variegated moods of the story and the emotions of the characters.

Though a believer in sex-appeal, Shankar maintains that it should be accompanied by talent and dignity, and only thus, in its wedded form, will he use it in "Kalpana."

"SHANKARISTAN"

Uday Shankar has been foremost amongst our artists to dig up India's ancient art of dancing and to bring it closer to the masses. "Kalpana" will, of course, contain many dance sequences, notably the well-known Labour versus Machinery ballet.

Eagerly we await this screen 'Shankaristan' which aims at bringing Art into its own and will be the fulfilment of a great idealist's dream of "Kalpana" thus becomes a screen ex- a better and happier world.

MORE HUNGER IN WORLD

Worldwide Survey Of Food Situation Tells Dismal Tale

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5 (A.P.A.)—The world faces more hunger in the first twelve months of peace than during the last year of war.

This is the summary of the world-wide survey of the food situation just completed by the Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations and made public yesterday.

The agricultural department agency estimated that more than 35,000,000 tons of food will have to be moved to the deficit areas, including the former enemy countries of Germany, Austria and Italy through commercial and relief channels if acute hunger is to be prevented.

City areas in countries producing less than their needs face particularly grave prospects, the survey reported.

In India and China where nearly 40 per cent of the world's food is produced and consumed, production this year is expected to be about equal to the pre-war average, but in Japan and the other Far Eastern areas production is said to be much below the average.

The agency said for the world as a whole, the food output in terms of calories is estimated at 3 per cent less than the pre-war 1935-1939 average, but allowing for an increase in world population during the war years, the per capita production is down about 10 per cent.

Supplies of rice, sugar, fats and oils fell somewhat below last year's low levels and much below those of pre-war years, the report declared.

BACK TO OLD S. T. SOON

BOMBAY, Oct. 5. (A. P. I.): It is learnt from official circles that the Old Standard time will be restored throughout India by the middle of this month.

The Bombay Government, it is understood, have been in communication with the Government of India on the subject of restoration of the Old Standard Time. In view of the need for uniformity throughout India in this regard the Government of India, it is learnt, will announce shortly the date of restoration of the Old Standard Time which was one hour behind the present Standard Time.

Current Films

(Continued from col. 2)

stead, he unites mill-workers against their oppressive bosses.

The cast is composed of newcomers who give refreshingly natural performances when compared to the exaggerated histrionics of many of our older stars. Two of Tagore's songs grace the picture which contains the music of Raichand Boral.

This film has gained for itself immense popularity which it very well deserves.

*

Krishna: 3rd Week

OLD STAR IN NEW GUISE

Wadia Movietone's "Piya Milan" presents a bewigged Motilal in the role of a Sound Engineer. Nirmala plays the female lead, while the rest of the cast is brought up by Najma and Mirza Mushrraf, under the direction of S. M. Yusuf.

I have often described Motilal as the Peter Pan of the Indian Screen because of his perennially youthful spirits. So long as these remain undiminished, Motilal will always be popular with our audiences even if he should lose every hair on his head. I, therefore, think it a mistake that he should now don a wig which, somehow, takes away from us the personality we had grown to know and love in an actor whose popularity rested, not on his his appearance, but his bubbling and fascinating youthfulness and nonchalance.

The music in "Piya Milan" is by Feroze Nizami.

Further Light On Atom Bomb Secrets

Plutonium, Separated From Uranium, Goes To Make 'Superbombs'

The following is the second series of articles on the Atom bomb written by Howard W. Blakeslee, A. P. A. Science Editor. The first of the series appeared in our Thursday's issue:—

NEW YORK, (A.P.A.)—An ordinary-looking pile of graphite bricks gave the name "pile" to the huge atomic ovens at Hanford, Washington State, which produce plutonium, the new metal that explodes in atomic bombs.

Plutonium is a chemical element that did not exist on earth before the war, and is not known in the stars. The ovens are simply huge piles of graphite, pierced horizontally by narrow tunnels. These holes are filled with slugs of common uranium.

Essentially this Swiss Cheese pile is all there is to an atomic oven. There are control instruments, and also reflectors for rays produced in the oven. Great concrete walls and other shields surround the piles.

The atomic fires have no flames and make no smoke. They emit intense heat and five kinds of atomic rays. Both heat and rays come from the process of transmutation by which the fires change common uranium 238 into the new metal plutonium.

"SUPERBOMBS"

Plutonium, replaces the rare and explosive form of uranium 235. Plutonium makes better bombs, already officially called 'Superbombs.' Plutonium can separated from uranium more easily. Finally it raises by 100-fold the world's supply of atomic power resources.

All the processes of transmutation are done without human touch, and men don't even get close, because the rays would be dangerous, the processes are automatic.

At Hanford, each pile is separated by several miles. No one was sure at first whether a pile might explode, although now they appear rather safe.

THE GREAT SIZE OF PILES AND CANYONS CAN BE GUESSED FROM THE WATER. IT COMES FROM THE COLUMBIA RIVER, AND SO MUCH IS USED THAT IF RETURNED IMMEDIATELY, BEFORE COOLING, IT WOULD RAISE THE TEMPERATURE OF THE GREAT RIVER. THE COOLNESS AND PURITY OF THE COLUMBIA WATERS WERE ONE REASON FOR LOCATING THE PLUTONIUM PROJECT THERE. IMPURITIES IN WATER BECOME RADIO-ACTIVE FROM TRANSMUTED URANIUM.

DESTRUCTIVE NEUTRONS

This radio-activity is caused by neutrons, the particles from the cores of atoms which start and keep the atomic fires burning. Neutrons destroy man's white blood cells. But this fact makes it easy to safeguard the workers, by taking white blood counts. Millions of these cells can be lost without danger, and the counts catch risks in plenty of time.

PEOPLE'S PEACE COMMITTEE

The People's Peace Committee held an informal meeting at Kamatipura last evening. Mr. S. B. Awar, the President of the body, was in the chair. It was attended by the representatives of both the communities.

The meeting was informed of the various activities which have already been initiated by the Committee. The immediate task which is being carried out is a sustained propaganda among the public against the evils of communal riots. Hundreds of leaflets in vernacular languages are being distributed in various areas. The Committee is also taking steps to display posters with anti-riot slogans in different localities.

The meeting was addressed by the two secretaries, the Vice-President, Mr. A. H. Sheikh, T. Godiwala and N. M. Talpade.

A large sum of money was spontaneously contributed by both Hindu and Muslim attendants of the meeting for the peace fund necessary to meet expenses to be borne by the organisation in carrying out anti-riot work.

F WARD "PEACE COMMITTEE"

On 3rd October 1945 at 9 p. m. a meeting of Hindus and Muslims was held at Baharistan Weekly Office at Dadar Main Road to form a 'Peace Committee.' Mr. M. G. B. Zari B.A. LL.B., M.L.A. presided over this meeting. Many prominent Hindus and Muslims were present. Speeches condemning the present disturbances were made by Mahomadbhai Gafur, Dr. More, Mr. Chisti, Editor of Baharistan, P. G. Sawant, a prominent Communist worker of the locality, Gulam Resulmaster, B. K. Tarkar and others.

Then F Ward 'Peace Committee' was formed with Dr. R. B. More M.B.B.S. as President and Mr. M. G. B. Zari as General Secretary, and prominent Hindus and Muslims from Dadar, Naigam, Parel, Sewri, and Wadala were elected as Vice-Presidents and Joint-Secretaries to make this body entirely representative of F Ward.

Hindu Sabha Starts Riot Relief Fund

The Bombay Provincial Hindu Sabha has started relief work from Thursday last, for the purpose of rendering help to the people affected by the riots. The Hindu Sabha appeals to the Citizens of Bombay to help generously the Hindu Sabha Relief Work to continue the relief work and send their contributions to the account of Hindu Sabha Relief Committee at the following addresses:

Mr. Narayanlal Bansilal, 207 Kalbadevi Road. The Jodhpur Commercial Bank Ltd., 207 Kalbadevi Road The Jodhpur Commercial Bank Ltd., 53 Tamarind Lane.

Nyampali Visits Dongri Area

BOMBAY, Friday.

Dy. Commissioner Nyampali visited Dongri area this morning and went round with S.I. Baig to the riot affected places.

Though the Riots have subsided yet the City Police have not slackened in arresting the "Badmashes" of the City who in various ways are responsible for the situation which started last week.

A number of the suspects who were arrested during the last 24 hours for either disobeying the Curfew Order, or for carrying lethal weapons, or for being suspicious characters were placed on Friday before Mr. Reginald Mathelone, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon Police Court, who either remanded the accused to custody or released them on bail.

Mr. Mirza A. Hussein, Advocate appeared for the Muslim accused.

Cooch Behar Clash Inquiry

Special Court Set Up

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5, (A. P. I.): It is authoritatively stated here to-day that His Highness the Maharaja of Cooch Behar, who has just returned to India from active service overseas, has ordered the constitution of a special court for the trial of the officers and men of the Cooch Behar state forces who were involved in the recent incident at the Cooch Behar College and School.

The court will consist of (1) Mr. S. N. Guha, formerly Puisne Judge of the Calcutta High Court (president), (2) Mr. Justice S. C. Dutta, retired District and Sessions Judge, Bengal and now Chief Justice Cooch Behar High Court, and (3) Mr. Justice T. P. Mukerjee, Puisne Judge of the Cooch Behar High Court.

The incident occurred in August last, when a number of students of the Cooch Behar College and School and some members of the teaching staff were alleged to have received injuries in a clash with some member of state forces.

Complete Freedom From Violence

Even 'Dadas' Are Now Said To Be Fraternising With Each Other

BOMBAY, Friday.

Bombay enjoyed complete freedom from violence during the 24 hours ending with 1-30 this afternoon. No prowlings-in-the-night or stabbings-in-the-back, or even the reckless smashing up of soda water bottles, are reported to have taken place.

It is even learnt that the "Dadas", of certain localities, belonging to different groups and owing allegiances to different party "bosses", have started fraternizing with each other, and giving instructions to their followers to cease from this futile fratricidal strife.

The main highways and thoroughfares of Bombay look a little more alive and colourful. The flashing yellow and blue of the local policeman, and the drab khaki of armed Indian and British soldiers, which formed the dominant colour motif, during the last few days, in these localities, have given way to the colourful pageant of its usual surging cosmopolitan crowds rushing about here and there on their multifarious activities.

The hawkers who had so mysteriously disappeared from the scene, the last few days are back again peddling their wares; the handcartmen have also come back. And, the beggars of Bombay, the ubiquitous nuisance, from whose entreaties, even the most vigilant could not escape, are also back again, infesting trains, station platforms, street corners, footpaths, almost everywhere.

The trams and the buses are normal. With them have come back, the endless queues the large crowds, and the ill-tempered snarlings of conductors who want to keep the crowds back.

Mortality figures stand at 36 the figures of the injured at 1?? and the total round-ups of dangerous elements 985. Last night and this morning about 50 persons were rounded-up.

YAMASHITA TO BE TRIED AS WAR CRIMINAL

TOKYO, Oct. 4 (A.P.A.): General Tomoyuki Yamashita, the surrendered "Tiger of Malaya," will be tried as a war criminal in Manila.

General MacArthur's headquarters disclosed today that Yamashita is charged with "responsibility for brutal atrocities and other high crimes against the people of the United States, their Allies and dependencies."

Yamashita will be arraigned October 8.

COMMUNISTS TO QUIT CONGRESS

P. C. Joshi's Criticism Of National Leaders' Policy

P. C. Joshi, General Secretary of the Communist Party of India, is sending detailed directives to all Party units calling on all Communists, except the A.I.C.C. members to resign from the Congress. In a detailed statement explaining the decision in the light of the new attitude taken by the Congress towards the Communists he says:

"We, Indian Communists had great hopes that the leaders of the Congress, our foremost patriotic organisation, would rally the whole country behind a democratic plan for realising Indian Freedom in alliance with progressive forces all over the world. But the Congress leadership after release is not doing serious thinking but demonstrating sectarian arrogance. Instead of a plan to win Indian freedom and build Indian democracy they have in the last A.I.C.C. meeting committed the organisation to a course which will only divide and disrupt the freedom forces themselves.

"Openly fascist, reactionary and authoritarian trends are raising their heads inside the Congress and under cover of anti-Communism carry on factional struggles for control of the Congress machine.

"By seeking to gag our Party by depriving us of elective posts while retaining us as ordinary members, the Congress leadership is aping the reactionary bosses of the British Labour Party who issued the 'Black Circular' which prevented the Communists in British Trade Union Congress from holding any elective post. It thus denies democratic rights to a section of the national movement itself.

"The Congress leaders are also directly or indirectly supporting the setting up of rival Trade Unions, Kisan Sabhas, etc., through elements who are open agents of the big profiteers or discredited Kisan and Labour leaders who want to stage a come back with Congress aid.

"We are, therefore, directing all our Party members to resign from the Congress except the A.I.C.C. members who will remain to answer the 'charges' and face the verdict of the Working Committee as its decision will concern not only the past but the future of our common national movement. In two weeks all documents will be available to the public.

"Today we may be alone in working against the tide but it will turn. What we say today all will see tomorrow through their own experience. We work and shall continue to work for a common front against common slavery and for common freedom. We shall win and not lose, for ours is the cause of all."

Congress Harijan Seva Samiti

The following Gandhi Jayanti Programme at Congress House has been fixed by the Congress Harijan Seva Samiti To-day Saturday from 4 P.M. to 7 P.M.

SPINNING COMPETITION for Harijans. Competitors should bring their charkas. If any of the competitors has no charka with him he will be lent a charka by the Samiti. Silvers will be supplied to all competitors. Each spinner will spin for one hour and hand over his spindle to the judge. Sjt. Purshottam Kanji will act as judge. There will be three prizes of Rs. 10, 7 and 5.

ELOCUTION COMPETITION FOR HARIJANS. The competitors can speak in Hindustani, Gujarati or Marathi. Time to be allowed to each competitor will be fixed up by the judges, who will be Messrs. P. K. Savant, Bhanushankar M. Yagnik Krishnalal Varma. There will be three prizes of Rs. 10, 7 and 5. If there be more than 10 boys and girls below 15 years, there will be a special competition for them. The subject will be "Gandhiji and Harijan Uplift."

For the above competitions at least 10 competitors must be present.

To-morrow Sunday at 5 P.M. Prize Distribution by Sjt. Nagindas T. Master, President of the B.P.C.C. Open only to invitees.

C.-IN-C. OF ALL JAP FORCES IN CHINA

Gen. Okamura, C.-in-C. of all Japanese forces in China affixes his chop to an official paper surrendering more than a million Japanese troops to the Chinese army. The surrender was signed at Nanking on Sept. 9. —USIS Photo.

"ARABS THREATEN WAR"

Weapons For Assault Ready If More Jews Enter Palestine

LONDON, Oct. 5 (Reuter): "Arabs warn war if more Jews enter Palestine", is the six column wide headline to-day in the Conservative London "Daily Mail", which makes the statement by the Arab League Chief, Abdirraham Azzam Bey in London yesterday its lead story on the front page.

"We want peace, but we are prepared fight for it", Azzam Bey declared, according to the "Daily Mail".

The Liberal "News Chronicle" and other British papers also make the Palestine tension the leading story.

Azzam Bey said at his press conference that Arabs were willing to play their part in helping to solve the Jewish problem, but were not prepared to accept domination.

WAR WEAPONS READY

The "Daily Mail" reporter, Murray Edwards states that after the conference held in the offices of the Lebanese Legation, an aide took him aside and whispered, "We have all the weapons we need. We have got what the victorious British Eighth Army left behind in the desert—tons of shells and hundreds of guns, transport enough for an army, rifles with millions of rounds of ammunition."

BOHRA PRIEST'S APPEAL TO BRITISH GOVT.

His Holiness Sardar Syedna Taher Saifuddin Mullaji Saheb of Dawoodi Bohra Community in a telegram to His Majesty the King Emperor and Prime Minister Attlee says.

The Muslim minds have been much agitated all over the world by the aggressive and illegal intrusion of the Jews on the Arab homelands in Palestine. The Musalmans with one voice strongly appeal to His Majesty's Government to take prompt measures to put a stop to this high-handed encroachment upon Arab privileges and liberties and urge to strictly adhere to their White Paper declaration.

Kasturba Goshala

Mahatma Lays Foundation Stone

POONA, Oct. 5. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi, accompanied by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, visited the Govardhan Dairy farm in Poona and laid the foundation of the "Kasturba Goshala."

Chaunde Maharaj welcomed Mahatma Gandhi and showed him round the farm and the newly started "Goshala". The farm has an area of about 150 acres and maintains a string of fifty Sindhi cows with a daily yield of about 200 lbs of milk. The organisers hope to increase the number of cows to 100 yielding nearly 500 lbs of milk every day.

Mahatma Gandhi said that the cow was a great wealth both when living and also after death. A large part of the population in India is rural, and it has to depend much on this animal for its living. He appreciated the efforts of Chaunde Maharaj and the Govardhan Society in preserving and developing this great wealth, and added that more concerted efforts will have to be made all over the country to achieve the desired object of giving the cow the proper place in the national economy of rural India.

SHANKERRAO'S TOUR IN RATNAGIRI.

RATNAGIRI, Oct. 5. (A.P.I.): Mr. Shankerrao Deo, was presented with a sum of Rs. five thousand as a contribution from the Ratnagiri District towards the fund for full-time Congress workers in Maharashtra. During his tour in the district, Mr. Deo was also presented welcome addresses by the Vengurla Municipality and the Students Association of Ratnagiri. He addressed several meetings in the district explaining the message of the Congress and asking voters to support Congress candidates in the forthcoming general elections.

Dr. Nazir Ahmed Awarded Gold Medal

BOMBAY, Friday.

For his unique services rendered to the Textile Association (India) Dr. Nazir Ahmed, Director of Technological Laboratory, Indian Central Cotton Committee, and president of the Association was awarded a gold medal and a certificate for the honorary membership by the Textile Association at a meeting held under the presidentship of Sir Frederick Stones at the Blavatsky Lodge today.

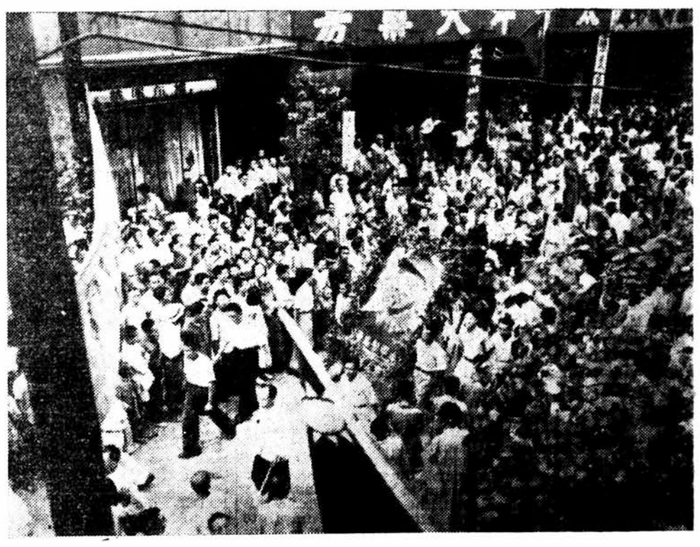
Dr. Nazir who recently returned from America, in his lecture on 'Some aspects of cotton research in the United States of America' narrated that how the Government, as well as the private concerns in that country, were helping the advancement of cotton industry right from cultivation till manufacture of the cloth. In U. S. A. large and competent staff carried out research of cotton and for this purpose they established laboratories all over the country. Besides this there were textile schools where instruction is given regarding cotton industry. Dr. Nazir who visited to some of these institutions said that the work in the laboratories was very quick and up-to-date.

In concluding Dr. Nazir stressed the need of developing Indian cotton industry.

Address To Mr. Ilmuddin

Mr. Ilmuddin, Assistant Collector, Customs, Bombay, has been appointed Collector of Customs, Madras. The Punjab Muslim Association of Bombay, of which Mr. Ilmuddin is the President, gave a congratulatory address to him at a public meeting held on Friday evening at Saboo Siddeek Hall, Byculla.

V-J DAY CELEBRATIONS IN CHUNGKING



—USIS Photo

World T.U.C. Forms New Federation

DANGE'S HIT AT DEMOCRACIES

DIFFERENCES AMONG RIVAL GROUPS FAIL TO PREVENT UNITY

PARIS, Oct. 4, (Reuter): Membership of the Executive Committee of the Congress of the newly formed World Federation of Trade Unions is complete except for representation for India and Africa whose delegates are at the moment unable to agree on the nominations.

If the nominations have not been agreed to by tomorrow they will be decided by the Congress itself.

The World Trade Union Conference in Paris has succeeded where the London conference of Foreign Ministers failed in achieving a balance of "great powers" by admitting the influence of comparatively disinterested small nations acting as representatives of world public opinion, cables Robert Lloyd, Reuter's special correspondent.

Behind all the disputes about constitutional details, there was the basic problem facing the Paris endeavour to set up for the first time an almost completely all inclusive federation of world labour.

Two large blocks of labour organisations were facing each other—united by the determination to achieve unity in the defence of common interests, but separated by past feuds, differences of tradition and outlook, and a different order of priority as between various common objectives.

On one side stood unions who had worked together in the pre-war International Federation which excluded the Russians and was led by the British Trade Unions Congress. They wanted an all inclusive international federation as a means to make their work for the improvement of the living standards of workers more effective.

NEW FEDERATION

They did not want the new World Federation to be turned into an instrument of Communist political propaganda—and with memories of old conflicts still alive in their minds, they feared this might happen if Russian influence became too strong.

On the other side, stood the Russian mammoth unions supported by all those unions in which Communist influence is strong, as in France and the East European countries as well as by American and colonial delegates.

To them the struggle against the remnants of Fascism is priority number one and they do not accept any definition of working class interests which would exclude this as "politics."

The British and their international federation of trade union friends wanted to preserve the experience gained in earlier international co-operation and stressed the importance, for the future, of the detailed work of international trade secretariats in fighting for minimum standards for the world's seamen, miners etc. as well as the international labour organisation as a machinery to achieve these aims.

The Russians and delegates from Colonial and semi-colonial countries looked at the old I.F.T.U. as a narrow west European set-up, hostile to Russia and lukewarm in criticising colonial exploitation.

They wondered whether trade union secretariats had not been too closely bound up with the I.F.T.U. just as the Russians consider that the international labour organization was too closely bound up with the old League of Nations.

AMERICAN MEDIATION

Between the rival camps stood the American Congress of Industrial Organisations, whose conception of trade unionism is closer to the British than to the Russian one. But they have never been members of the I.F.T.U., having been kept out by their American rivals, the American Federation of Labour.

Thus they were in a position to mediate and it was no accident that the final agreed draft constitution, which the Conference accepted unanimously, was brought in by the leader of the Congress of Industrial Organisations, Mr. Sidney Hillman.

The struggle for compromise assumed the form of week-long debates on a number of amendments to the constitution sponsored by the British delegation.

The first demand was for stronger representation of small nations in the executive of the new world federation. That was accepted and there will now even be a "small nations" representative in the inner circle of seven—the Bureau of Management—together with the big six—Russia, Britain, the United States, France, China and Latin America.

As in the Conference presidium, the seventh man will be a Swede.

The second British demand was that trade secretariats should not be simply swallowed and turned into mere departments of the new body, but absorbed by voluntary entry after proper negotiation about their future status. That too was granted and with it the related principle that the General Council should have the power to amend rules as the outcome of these negotiations required.

DIFFERENCES PERSIST

The third demand was for a guarantee that only "bona fide" unions should be admitted. For that a formula was accepted. In practice the ability of the unions to pay regular contributions will be one of most important tests.

Finally the British had pressed for the retention of the personnel of the I.F.T.U. and objected to Paris as the seat of the Conference for the time being. That raised another issue for the I.F.T.U.'s General Secretary Mr. Walter Schevenels is trusted by the British and distrusted by the Russian group, while alternative candidate, the Frenchman Louis Saillant enjoys the confidence of the latter, but is not on good terms with the former.

No final solution was found to this point. Paris remains the seat, but the General Secretary will not be elected at the present Congress.

In fact, however, the success of the Conference depends as much on the overcoming of distrust and the creation of an atmosphere of mutual confidence, as on any of the detailed points. The main result is that the debates of the past weeks—at times very outspoken—have succeeded in that aim.

It is clear that all permanent bodies of the new World Federation will be so constituted that no one "group" can force a majority vote against another. It is clear there will be no attempt to force "moderate" unions into political demonstrations against their will, but also that "moderates" will not obstruct common world-wide action against real remnants of Fascist oppression, and normal struggle to raise the living standards of the world's workers.

Both figure among the recognised common aims of the new world-wide organisation.

Dange Hits At Democracies

A general attack of "imperialist policies"—of Britain as also of other European countries, and strong criticism of American finance and capital were the highlights of the Indian delegation's contribution to the debates.

The delegation included Mr. S. A. Dange, Vice-President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, and Mr. S. K. Mukerji, Secretary of the All-India Federation of Labour.

Linking the question of India's freedom with the working class movement, Mr. Dange said that freedom for the Indian working classes was impossible while India itself was under British rule.

Championing the cause of independence movement in Pacific areas liberated from the Japanese he alleged Allied suppression of these movements.

"If these dependent territories are not given a free status, 1,200,000,000 people in these areas will build up a serious resistance movement for their independence", he declared.

FREEDOM FIRST SAYS JOSHI

"Pakistan Issue Is Only Secondary"

LONDON, October 5 (U.P.A.): Mr. N. M. Joshi, the veteran trade union leader who arrived here last night accompanied by Mr. S. S. Mirajkar 'en route' to the International Labour Conference in Paris, declared that India's Pakistan problem was secondary and should not delay the grant of immediate independence.

In an exclusive interview with the "United Press of America", Mr. Joshi said, "I feel that the Labour Government will not be justified in delaying the freedom of India. With or without agreement India should be sovereign and independent. If it means imposition of a constitution safeguarding the rights of minorities, let us have it."

Regarding Pakistan, he said, "Freedom first—Pakistan or Hindu-Muslim parity seems secondary to me. We want independence in preference to permanent slavery."

Mr. Mirajkar said he would raise he problem of India's independence at the Paris conference.

The two delegates are scheduled to leave London for Paris on October 12 after calling on Lord Pethick-Lawrence, Mr. Arthur Henderson, Sir Stafford Cripps and possibly Mr. Ernest Bevin. They are also scheduled to see the Secretary of the Lab our Party, Mr. Philip Morgan.

DRAMATIC CLIMAX IN LAVAL'S TRIAL

PARIS, October 5 (Reuter): Following the dramatic climax to yesterday's hearing in which the former Vichy Premier, Pierre Laval was expelled from the Paris High Court by the President Mr. Montgibeaux and told that the trial would continue today without his presence. Laval is to confer with his counsel, Maitre Naud and Mibarraduc this morning in his cell in the Palais de Justice. Yesterday they refused to serve and Laval announced that he would conduct his own defence.

Reuter's Paris correspondent says that not until 6.30 p.m. I.ST today will it be known whether Laval will appear before the Court on the second day of his trial today.

Water Cess Rate Increased

The Government of Bombay has increased the cess, leviable on water rate under the Bombay Local Boards Act, 1923, from one to two annas on every rupee of water rate levied under the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1879. The increase took effect on August 1.

Protection Of British Capital Must Go

Dalal On Post-War Industrialisation Plans

NEW DELHI, Oct. 5. (A.P.I.): Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Member for Planning, announced today that the Government had under consideration the establishment of a Tariff Board to examine, in particular, the claims for assistance or protection to war time industries.

He also said that the Government were also considering the establishment of:

A Government ship building yard for the building of merchant ships, as well as vessels required for the future Indian navy:

An industry for the building of aircraft for civil aviation as well for the requirements of the Royal Indian air force;

An Industrial Finance Corporation for financing medium and large-scale industries;

Provincial institutions on similar lines to finance small-scale and cottage industries; and

A Tariff Board to examine in particular the claims for assistance or protection to wartime industries.

Sir Ardeshir Dalal who was addressing the Policy Committee on Industries revealed that in the scheme for the registration of capital goods, 681 applications totalling Rs. 34 crores 90 lakhs had been accepted.

QUESTION OF SAFEGUARDS.

Referring to the question of all constitutional protection that British capital enjoys under the Government of India Act, the Planning Member said that the immediate consideration of this question has been rendered difficult, because of the constitutional discussions which are shortly to take place. It has been suggested that this question may be considered as a part, as indeed it is, of the general constitutional settlement between India and England, which is on the anvil. Should, however, a final constitutional settlement between the two countries take a number of years, as well it might, it is not possible for the industrial development of India to proceed unhindered, so long as these constitutional provisions remain on the statute book."

CAPITAL EQUIPMENT.

There was one source, he said, from which it might be possible to secure capital equipment in the near future. "When in the U.S.A. I had interviews with the American Disposals authorities who informed me that nearly ten billion dollars worth of industrial plant and machinery would be rendered surplus at the end of the war. I have made arrangements with the Supply Mission at Washington to keep in touch with the Disposals Authorities and to inform the Government and industrialists in this country of the character and amount of the material that may be available for disposal from time to time.

"I feel, however, that besides this, more active measures are necessary.

It is therefore proposed to strengthen the Supply Mission as required and to depute one or more technical officers on behalf of the Government of India to locate the plant and examine its suitability. It is difficult, however, for Government to do much except with regard to their own requirements, unless they know what plant and material the industrialists require and what prices would suit them.

It is suggested therefore, that the industrialists may, if they so wish, select a few representatives to be associated with the Government for this purpose.

DOLLAR EXCHANGE.

"The question of the Dollar Exchange will be considered when the magnitude of the transactions is known, as I have stated on more than one occasion previously, it may be possible for industrialists on proper security to arrange advances from American banks. I shall be obliged for the views of the Committee on this suggestion.

"Apart from the U. K. there are two countries in the British Empire from which capital equipment may be available, namely, Australia and Canada, and investigations for this purpose are being made. It is of course open to industrialists to make their own enquiries. Government will render any assistance that they may require. Switzerland and Sweden are other two countries from which there are some possibilities of securing capital goods, but in their case, the question of the availability of exchange will have to be fully examined.

INDUSTRIAL FINANCE.

Amplifying his reference to the Industrial Finance Corporation for the financing of industry, Sir Ardeshir said: "The basic idea on which we are working is that a bank should be created with fairly large capital and borrowing powers, the shares of which will be held by Government, the Reserve Bank and institutional investors such as insurance companies. The details, for example the composition of the board of directors, of under-writing, holding of shares of industrial concerns, acceptance of deposits, Government guarantee, etc., require careful consideration and will be worked out by the Reserve Bank in consultation with Government, while this bank will finance medium and large scale industries, it is proposed that provincial institutions on similar lines should be established to finance small-scale and cottage industries."

Hundreds Of Adiwasis Walk Miles In Procession

(From Our Correspondent)

DAHANU, Oct. 5: Hundreds of Adiwasis came on foot from Bordi, a village nearly ten miles from Dahanu. They started from Bordi and stopped at the villages on the way and persuaded the tenants and domestic servants to join them. As they marched, they shouted slogans, the following being the oft-repeated ones:—'Don't serve the landlords without adequate wages; Don't submit to forced labour. Don't drink Toddy.'

Nearly a thousand of them walked as far as the Dahanu Road Station and then dispersed. When asked about their object in coming to Dahanu, one of them told me that they were there to secure the support of Dahanu Adiwasis in their demand for increased wages. They said that they had decided to abstain from toddy and they were to shortly hold a meeting where they expected to meet their leader and discuss further plans.

POSERS FOR MR. JINNAH

Mr. Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee writes:—

I have read the telegrams exchanged between Mr. M. A. Jinnah and the Propaganda Secretary of the Shia Conference, Lucknow. Mr. Jinnah says that the organisers of the Shia Conference are misguided and misled by the enemies. Will Mr. Jinnah explain who are these imaginary enemies and how the organisers of Shia Conference are misguided misled by these alleged enemies? Mr. Jinnah further says that the Muslim League is already pledged to its basic principles of freedom for all religions and sects. That the Muslim League would never interfere with the faith and belief of any sect amongst the Mussalmans.

If the above principles are accepted by Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League then will Mr. Jinnah explain why the Muslim League Party sponsored and put on the Statute Book the various bills through the Central Assembly from time to time and which flagrantly violate the custom and tenets pertaining to marriage, divorce, ex-communication, inheritance, etc., enjoyed by certain sects of Mussalmans since time immemorial and thereby interfered with the faiths and beliefs of these sects? Is Mr. Jinnah prepared to sponsor fresh bills in the Central Assembly revoking these offending bills which have become law and which are already interfering with the rights and privileges of these sects who are evidently in minority?

Is the Muslim League prepared to discourage the scheme of co-ordination of Muslim Charitable Trusts for general Mussalmans on the ground that the majority of these Trusts belong to the charities earmarked for a particular sect? The Mussalmans in general are not entitled to claim a pie from such Trusts against the desire of the donors and the communities for which they are endowed. Or are they going to exploit these Muslim Trusts for the benefit of all Mussalmans?

Unless Mr. Jinnah is prepared to undo the mischief which his Leaguers have done to the Shia minority sects, it is futile for any Shia to join the Muslim League and sacrifice his religion. Further, nobody believes the statement of Mr. Jinnah when he says that the overwhelming majority of Shias are with the League. I challenge Mr. Jinnah to prove this statement from the roll of the Muslim League and convince the public by facts and figures.

The Muslim League has declared that it will boycott the elections to the Central Assembly in the Frontier Provinces. Is this the beginning of boycott of elections in all the majority Muslim Provinces so that the Muslim League may contest elections only in the minority Muslim Provinces? What a brave retreat for Mr Jinnah and his Muslim League!

Women In War In The East

Two U. S. Nurses carry heavy combat packs on an eight-mile hike through the India-Burma border area.

—USIS Photo.

U. S. MARINES SMASH JAP ARMS STOR

U. S. Marines smash Japanese field artillery pieces and mortars stored shortly after landing and taking over one of the forts at Futtsu Point in the Yokosuka Naval base area [illegible] as one of the first Allied steps in the disarming of the Japanese.

—USIS Photo.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Congress President & Bombay Municipality

The 28th of December 1945 is a day of historic importance for the Indian nation. It marks the completion of the 60 years of the establishment of the Indian National Congress which was founded by 'a band of gallant patriots' and met in Bombay for the first time on 28th December 1885.

Though the Simla Conference has ended in nothing, the Congress has come out of it the best and today it is more powerful than it ever was before. Mr. M. A Jinnah, during the Simla Conference, paid a great compliment to the Congress when he unreservedly declared that even if the representation on the Viceroy's Council were equal for the Muslim League and the Congress, with the support of the other members of the minority communities in the Imperial Executive Council, the Congress would be in ef majority. This is an additional proou that today the Congress enjoys the confidence of the minorities to a greater extent than it ever did during the last 25 years.

The first meeting of the Congress was held in Bombay. It is, therefore, in the fitness of things that Bombay should accord the Congress suitable civic honour on the occasion of the Diamond Jubilee of this great national institution and that the Bombay Municipal Corporation should present an address to the President of the Indian National Congress who is not an individual but an institution. The Bombay Corporation, by honouring the Congress President would be honouring the Congress and the memory of those great men of immortal fame who founded it 60 years ago and worked for it so zealously.

I, therefore, beg to suggest that some enthusiastic Corporator should, at an early date, bring a resolution in the Corporation to present the President of the Indian National Congress with an address on the 28th of December 1945. It is a striking coincidence that this historic year 1945 also marks the centenary of the birth of the Father of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, the late Sir Pherozshah Mehta one of the founders of the Indian National Congress who has distinguished himself as a great Indian and a great nationalist and who was the first to advise Indians to subordinate the community to the nation and who characterised himself as 'first an Indian and then a Parsee.'

ADI K. MUNSHI

Corporation Vacancies

The question of selection of candidates for filling up the two casuas vacancies which have occurred in the Bombay Municipal Corporation causing a little stir in the local parti politics. Rival claims are being advanced for the selection of parlti cular candidates and arguments used in justification of previous similar selections are being flung in support of such claims. It is apparent, however, that these claims are prompted from interested quarters and, therefore, bear a touch of bias. These controversies always leave behind a feeling of bitterness and a grudge in the minds of the disgruntled.

It would be befitting, therefore for the local Congress Party organisation, to maintain its high name inr the public estimation, if it, once foy all, lays down certain definite policy and principles which ought always to guide it in making such selection. In making the selection the only considerations that should weigh must be (1) whether a candidate is expected to represent any (so far) unrepresented civic interests; (2) whether in the past he has sufficiently devoted himself to study and uphold those civic interests; (3) whether he is capable of properly voicing in the Corporation those interests; (4) whether he has sufficient knowledge and experience of the working of the municipal administration; and (5) whether, last but not the least, he can spare enough time devoting to the discussions in the Corporation. No other considerations, such as, for instance, personal, communal, economic, etc. must count. Selections made strictly in accordance with these principles will leave no ground for any one to raise a protest.

The above suggestion is made, I must make it clear here to avoid misunderstanding, without any selfish interests as the writer himself has no ambition left in any such selection or election under the existing circumstances, or without the least intention of undermining the claim of any prospective candidate.

157, Princess Street.
Bombay, Aug. 18. N.B. Parulekar.

Keralites In Bombay

The fact that the Keralites in Bombay numbering only a few thousands, have, hitherto, managed to form about a dozen social and cultural organisations seems not very laudable, if not abominable. The necessity for them of an institution catering for the social, cultural and civic needs of the people hailing from the West Coast of Southern India, proverbial for its cultural heritage and unique in its natural splendour, can hardly be gainsaid; but one is literally annoyed to see them all diversified in various organisations with practically the same ideal before them. It does not take us long to understand that these mushroom organisations under different names, though resembling one another, are only the products of the brainwave of some individuals who, having apparently no other avocations in life and having been ousted from one or other of such institutions, are motivated by a passion for power and fame with little effort. The increased number of such public institutions has, according to many become a regular menace to the general public who are constantly worried by the approaches of the so-called representatives of the various institutions for donations and contributions for one thing or another only at the risk of sympathy towards such institutions. Will those responsible for such a state of affairs cry a long halt to these unholy enterprises on their part and create a united front to fight for the rightful demands of their Malayalee brothren in this city?

K. S. RAM NARAYAN

Ajmer Durgah Committee

Since about last 15 months I have been living in Ajmer Sharif. I have had the occassion to watch the working of Durgah Committee minutely. Sad it is to say that the very purpose for which the Durgah Act has been passed by the Central Legisature under, which the present form of the committee has come into being is defeated. The same defects, petty jealousies, prejudiees and personal consideration are rampant in the present committee as in the old. Insufferable harm is done to the Trust, thousands of rupees from the Trust income are spent in litigations. Recently the election of Maulana Jamalmian Sahib of Franghimahal, Lucknow the prominent Muslim Leaguer and Joint Secretary All India Muslim League, to the committee has given hope to many, At present there could have been nothing more welcome than his election for the improvement of the Durgah Trust, provided he is allowed to, and his opinion is considered by the committee members above personal prejudices and party feelings. I hereby appeal to the members of the committee, and specialy the local members, who constitute the managing committee and almost all the powers and authority being invested in them, will take the fullest advantage of Maulana Jamalmian's membership and improve the present state of things.

AZIZ LALLJEE

Ajmer Sep. 7

Children's Movement In India

As our Leaders, the A. I. C. C. Members and other friends who have India's good at heart are collected here in Bombay, I write this to draw their attention to the most important problem in our country, that of attending to the children's welfare activities. Many a person talks about children, shows sympathy with their work and says that children are the hopes of tomorrow, children are our real assets, a great deal should be done for children, and so on. As a matter of that, children have played their part, whenever necessary, for national causes. But what have their elders and leaders done for them?

Balkan-ji-Bari-The All-India Children's Association, founded in 1926, has been doing a bit in this direction, under the guidance of its President Shri B. G. Kher However it must be admitted, that we have not been able to achieve much. Is that so because the Association has not received the necessary support from the public and the public leaders? Sometimes it is argued, what is to be done amongst children after all, and there are lots of other greater things to be attended to. How we wish children's work were given as much importance at least, if not more than our nation's other "great" and "big" activities!'

It has been the endeavour of our Association to establish a great brotherhood of children. When these boys and girls grow up in an atmosphere of freedom, having no restrictions of caste, creed or economic status, it is hoped, they will not foregt their ideals. Each will stick to the other through thick and thin for a common cause. Our Local Branches are established in a number of towns and villages throughout India, and we now wish to penetrate into the villages and to work more amongst the poorer class of boys and girls, including Harijans. We require the blessings of our leaders in our humble efforts, and take this opportunity to request them to help in carrying on the Association's work in different Provinces vigorously.

Full particulars in connection with our Association are available from the General Secretary, Balkan-ji-Bari—The All-India Children's Association, "Gulistan," Khar–Bombay 21 who will be only too pleased to hear from the interested persons.

Ramnik V. Shah
General Secretary,
Bombay Provincial Balkan-ji-Bari
(All-India Children's Association)
September 15.

Sub-tenants' Plight

At present nearly 10% of the people of Bombay reside as sub-tenants. So it is highly necessary for the Government to issue an order on house-owners to make all the sub-tenants the direct tenants for the following reasons.

(1) The sub-tenants, having paid the high price for the place, are being harassed by the house-owners or by their servants.

(2) Some direct tenants, not desiring to give up their permanent right over the place, sub-let it for a certain period and charge a very heavy rent from the sub-tenants.

(3) As long as sub-rental order is in force it is good but when this order is withdrawn, many house-owners would ask the sub-tenants to vacate the place. This is not at all desirable as the sub-tenants have paid a very heavy sum for the place.

(4) Moreover the provincial elections are to take place in the near future. The sub-tenants having no direct receipt of their own name, of the rent experience difficulty in registering their names for the vote. So many such people, although legally eligible for the vote, will not be able to do so because they are not direct tenants.

A GENTLEMAN

Seats Reserved For Ladies

Several requests are made by some Bombayites to the B.E.S. &T. Co. Ltd. to increase the number of seats reserved for ladies in tramcars only during the duration of the war with a view to doing away with hardships caused to ladies while travelling. I do not in the least mean to engender controversy on this issue by holding quite the reverse view. In fact I wish to present certain facts in order to remove ignorance.

In actual practice, gentlemen ar not allowed in tramcars to occupy seats reserved for ladies even if they be vacant. Consequently, the male, passengers have to suffer. Again, the view held by some people that the present difficulty is due to acute shortage of tramcars in relation to increased population in this city, cannot be taken at its face value. No doubt, there is some truth in this statement. But according to my opinion, inconvenience to the public especially during office hours, is mainly due to delay and improper movement of tramcars from one junction to another.

While waiting for the tram from Null Bazaar to Bori Bunder on Monday 30th July at about 3 in the afternoon, I found to my surprise that after waiting for about twenty minutes, four trams, three of No. 13. and one of No. 16 came one after another. There was overloading in the first two cars while the last two were practically empty, and the seats reserved for ladies were also vacant. This means that over-crowding would have been lessened if the passenger's had taken care enough to sit in the last two cars.

If the number of seats reserved for ladies is increased and the tramway authority does not undertake to remove the present regulation, viz. gentlemen are not to occupy seats reserved for ladies even if they remain empty, the male-passengers will be put to greater inconvenience than they are at present. My suggestion, therefore, is that something ought to be done by the B.E.S. &T. Co. Ltd. to ensure regular movement of vehicles. Besides, the authority should give instructions to conductors to allow gentlemen to occupy the seats reserved for, ladies if they remain vacant. If this is done, there is no necessity to increase the present number of seats. Apart from this, if we were to share in the belief that men and women should be treated as equals in every walk of life, then there is no need even to keep reservation for ladies in tramcars.

SHAVAK. R. MISTRY.

Matriculation Results

Several complaints as well as appeals have been published so far. Recently there is a suggestion to hold the examination once more for those that have failed. But this will be troublesome both to the student and the university authorities. I venture to suggest a simple and short cut to mend matters.

I am not prepared to admit that there is a sudden Deterioration either in the calibre of the students or be the teaching staff. The books recommended are the same. Why then is there this sudden change in the percentage? By process of elimination we have to conclude that this catastrophe is the result of the change in the standard of examining and assigning marks in the answer books. University authorities have been careful in ordaining that there should be no sudden change in the type and standard of the question papers. Why similar instructions have not been issued as regards the standard of examining? The fall in the percentage from 50 to 37 is a clear indication of the change, unwarranted as it is, in the process of examining. The remedy ought there fore be sought where the evil lies. Instead of suggesting re-examination or any such other steps I would suggest that in the case of all those who have failed in one subject only, a certain number of marks say upto five be given as grace. This is a simple process and will certainly raise the percentage of the result. For this if required the University authorities can obtain the sanction of the controlling body. There will be no loss of prestige. On the contrary it will be an act of mercy both to the students and their parents.

G. V. ACHARYA.

Jun agad

Sales Tax For Bombay

I have read with great interest the report under the heading "Will-there be a Sales Tax" by your reporter in the issue of your esteemed paper dated 13th instant. In my opinion, however, his speculation as to the delay in probable introduction of a Sales Tax in this presidency will only produce the undesirable effect of lulling the public into a false sense of security.

I understand from a very reliable source that the Govt. of Bombay had only lately sent a few persons to Madras for training in the working and operation of such a tax. Apparently, therefore, the Government seems to be fully preparing for an early introduction of the tax. In all probability the Madras Presidency pattern may be followed as a model viz., taxation at each turnover of the same article or produce. If the public of this presidency care to know anything regarding the devastating effects of such taxation on the agriculturists as well as the consumers a reference to any person acquainted with the operation of the tax in Madras Presidency will be sufficiently illuminating.

Your reporter has stated the view of a Government spokesman that "by the time the next budget arrives we don't even know what Govt. we may have." One is tempted to add the words 'if at all.' In the end let us hope that the new tax will not come as a bolt from the blue.

M. J. BHUTA.

Bombay Christians & Elections

The Congress has rightly decided to fight the forthcoming Assembly elections on the issue of Independence of our country. So far it is not known if the Congress is adopting any candidate for the Bombay Urban Christian Constituency. I hope it does. I hope the Congress Parliamentary Board will not pay any attention to any overtures of any of those candidates who do not enjoy the confidence of the growing nationalist element of the community, especially the Goan Christian Community whose big vote always decides the election issue in the Christian constituency.

I feel that this is the time for the Nationalist Christian Party to prove its 'raison d'etre' by openly coming in the field with a nationalist candidate who could be safely adopted by the Congress. It is very consoling to know that the Goa Congress Committee has set up an Election Sub-committee to enrol new voters and to canvass support for the candidate that may be set up by the Congress.

It is desirable that, in our own interests, at this critical juncture, the Nationalist Christian Party, the Goa Congress Committee, the Maharastra Nationalist Christian Party and other genuine nationalist bodies should come together and put up a strong and bold front by choosing a candidate that will be adopted by the Congress and give the well deserved crushing defeat for the communalist chameleons. I appeal to all Christians first to enrol and then go to the poll and vote Congress.

A. FERREIRA.

Skim Milk Powder

I am a permit holder. On Saturday last, 15th September, I purchased from the Government depot at the Brabourne Stadium, ten packets of skim milk powder. The powder does not dissolve properly in water and turns into a sort of paste. It also emits a bad smell. It appears that the present supply is not of the same quality as was supplied in the past. When we complained to the distributors concerned, they replied that they were not aware of the same. Will the authorities kindly look into this and do the needful? If the Government dump such a kind of rotten stuff, it is really a wonder how they can expect co-operation from the public.

K. REHMAN.
Shankar Madras Coffee House,
5-A, Bruce Street, Fort.
Bombay, Sept. 17.

All-India Shia Conference

I was really flabbergasted to read Mr. Huseinbhai Laljee's statement in your valued paper a few days ago. He claims to be the leader of the Shiah community by presiding over the coming All-India Shiah Conference.

This so-called Shiah Conference represents nobody but its office-bearers. These men at the top want some prominence in public life and the only clever way of getting it is by establishing a 'burkha' organization, which they are successful enough to bring into existence. Further on I challenge Mr. Huseinbhai Laljee to show me the name of a single Bohra Muslim who is a member of this dark conference. Do they represent even a single percentage of this community which is one of the most prominent amongst Shiahs? They do not and they will never. I can say with all power at my disposal that Bohras are 95 per cent Muslim Leaguers and they are going to vote for Muslim League candidates in the coming elections.

ZENOOL T. BANDOOKWALA.

Civil Court At Andheri

The Greater Bombay Scheme came into force from 1st October, 1945. The consequences thereof would be, that the Civil Court of Andheri will be shifted to Bassein-City.

The Suburbanites from Jogeshwari, Goregaon, Malad, Kandivlee, Borivli and Dahisar will be compelled to cross creek of Bassein for the relief from Civil Court.

So far the Court of Andheri is concerned it is more convenient for Businessmen and others, to attend Court matters for half day and resume work thereafter in Bombay. When the Court is removed to Bassein City, the whole day will have to be sacrificed for court matters, and that too after the tiresome journey of about five miles in Tonga or Bus from Bassein Road Railway Station.

I understand that the Police Court is being opened at Borivli shortly. If the Civil Court is also shifted to Borivli along with the Police Court, the hardships for the Suburbanites by the introduction of the Greater Bombay Scheme will be saved

Will the Court Authorities reconsider the matter of shifting the Civil Court to Bassein and same the inconvenience of Suburbanites?

VASANTRAO MUKUNDRAO.
Borivli.

Thanks To G. I. P. Railway

I congratulate the G.I.P. Railway authorities for the efficiency and integrity of their "watch and ward" staff. Yesterday I failed to take my rain-coat from the rack in the second class compartment, at the place of leaving it. As a matter of course the train steamed off and I gave the coat up for lost but subsequently it was made over to me at "Bandra". I thank them all for the excellent behaviour.

PASSENGER.

Loud Speakers At A.-I. C. C. Meeting

The first day failure of the Loud-speaker arrangements in the A.I.C.C. meeting is very disappointing and disgusting. It looks like lack of foresight on the part of the authorities and the company concerned who are making this arrangement against failures.

The one way I can suggest is to give opportunity to some more firms to install their own mikes side by side in front of leaders and their own Loud-speaker system, instead of giving monopoly to a single firm. This will definitely succeed and avoid all troubles and headache in the nick of time.

D. V. BASRUR

CONGRESS CANDIDATES

Provincial Selections To Be Final?

NEW DELHI, October 5 (O.P.I.)—It is learnt that a meeting of the Central Parliamentary Board of the All-India Congress Committee may be called only if need be. Otherwise the names recommended by Provincial Boards which have already been called for by Sardar Patel will be circulated to the members of the Central Board and their opinions be sought.

ABDUL GHAFFAR KHAN ON WHAT HE SAID ABOUT ELECTIONS

PESHAWAR, Oct. 5 (A.P.I.)—Khan Ali Gul Khan, President of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, and Rai Bahadur Mehr Chand Khanna, Secretary of the Congress Parliamentary Party, visited Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan at the Sardaryab Red Shirt Training Centre and are believed to have discussed certain important questions in connection with the general elections, as a sequel to which Khan Abdul Qayum Khan Sawati, General Secretary of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, left for Lahore to meet Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President.

When his attention was drawn to his recent statement regarding his attitude to the coming election, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan expressed surprise over the changing of the entire sense of his statement by deleting the most important portion, in which in spite of his reluctance he agreed to accept responsibility under certain conditions. In that statement he definitely mentioned and he would watch the activities of his workers for about one month and if he found some improvement and was convinced that there was a definite change for the better, he would not hesitate to help them.

POONA SOLDIER MURDER CASE

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Weston & Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha)

1. Mahadu Ganpat Vaidya 2. Babu Shripati More Appellants (Original Accused)

vs.

Imperor .... .. Respondent.

This was an appeal from the conviction and sentence of eight years' and seven years' rigorous imprisonment respectively passed upon the appellants by Mr. C. B. Nagarkar, Sessions Judge, Poona on 18th May 1945.

The case against the appellants was that they, along with others, kept a shop for the sale of illicit liquor at Budhwar Peth in Poona which used to be visited by Indian soldiers. On 15th October 1944, six Indian soldiers entered the shop and asked for liquor. The deceased, one Mohiddin complained that the liquor supplied was of short measure. A quarrel ensued and the appellants, along with five others, were alleged to have pushed the six Indian soldiers out of the shop and then to have pulled out knives and stabbed the deceased Mohiddin and three of the other soldiers as they wanted to teach a lesson to military personnel used to give them trouble. Mohiddin succumbed to his injuries and one of the others who had been attacked by the second appellant had to remain in hospital for 20 days. The first appellant had been convicted of the murder of the former, and the second appellant of having caused grievous hurt to the latter.

The defence of the appellants in the trial court had been that they were not there at all.

On appeal to the High Court their lordships held that even assuming the appellants were there, it had not been proved as to which of them had stabbed the sepoys. Their lordships observed that the learned Judge had failed to direct the jury separately with regard to the evidence against each of the accused and that there were many other material non-directions in the Sessions Judge's charge to the Jury which the trial (62 Cal. 337). Their Lordin their lordships' opinion, vitiated ships therefore set aside the conviction and sentence and acquitted the appellants.

Mr. R. A. Jaghirdar and Mr. V. H Gumaste appeared for the first appellant.

Mr. L. P. Pendse appeared for the second appellant.

The Assistant Government Pleader Mr. S. B. Jathar appeared for the Crown.

PAN-AFRICAN FEDERATION PUTS FORWARD DEMAND TO ATTLEE

Says, Labour Govt. Must Pursue Vigorous Policy To End Colour Bar

LONDON, Oct. 4 (Reuter): Demands for immediate right to self-determination for the colonial peoples are contained in an open letter to the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, from the Pan African Federation. The letter says: "It would be an effective step in the process of banishing wars.

On day-to-day issues we suggest:

(1) That the Kenya Land Ordinance and Sierra Leone Municipal Ordinance be held over as the people request that they might have an opportunity to state their viewpoint.

(2) That flogging of African troops as a punishment be ended immediately.

(3) That the various educational reforms embodied in West Indian and West African reports on high education be put into operation and speeded up."

MAKE DISCRIMINATION CRIMINAL OFFENCE

The letter also suggests that the Sedition, Deportation and undesirable literature Ordinances be repealed as well as the Assessors Ordinance and that the Criminal Code be brought into line with the Criminal Code in Great Britain. Discrimination because of race, colour or creed in Great Britain should be made a punishable offence, the letter suggests and further advices that the principle of equal pay for equal work regardless of race, colour or creed should be made an established practice in the Colonial Civil Service.

VIGOROUS POLICY URGED TO END COLOUR BAR

Finally, the letter asks Labour Government should re-affirm its determination to keep "race-ridden South Africa" out of the protectorates (Bechuanaland, Basutland and Swaziland) and that Labour Government should pursue "a vigorous policy to end colour bar in the colonies."

Election Work In Suburbs

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE.

Upto September 28 there were about seventeen cases of cholera reported in Mogra, a village nearby Andheri. Mr. Narmad Vaidya, Mr. Raval and Sjt. Dahyabhai Bhuta Congress workers went to the village and explained to the people what preventive measures they should adopt whilst Dr. Vasant Desai vaccinated about 210 persons. This had the desired controlling influence.

The work of the electoral roll is proceeding fairly well and about 750 applications have so far been received at the Congress office for inclusion of their names in the electoral roll.

ANTI-NATIONAL CRIMINALS

We Shall Never Forget Those Who Crushed Spirit Of Our Patriots, Says Nehru

LUCKNOW, Oct. 5 (A.P.I.)—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a public meeting at which Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant and Babu Purshottamdas Tandon were also on the platform said: "There is much talk about war criminals. The time is not far off when we shall prepare our list of anti-national criminals—those who mercilessiy erushed the spirit of our patriots who opened fire on them, who accepted bribes and sucked the blood of the poor. We shall never forget them."

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was referring to "atrocities" enacted at the time of the Congress movement some of which he said had been listed in the report of the Benares Congress Committee which had held an enquiry into the excesses committed by the police.

Pandit Nehru referred to the Indian National Army and warned the Government against treating its members as criminals. He said they should be regarded as prisoners of war. Whatever might be the charges against the I.N.A., said Pandit Nehru, its members, who were predominantly Muslims and Sikhs, were inspired by the highest ideals of patriotism. He asked the audience to adopt the two slogans of "Delhi Chalo" (March on Delhi) and "Jai Hind" (Victory to India).

Referring to Pakistan, Pandit Nehru said that the Muslim League argued that the Hindus would oppress the Muslims in a free India. They also argued that the Muslims were a brave nation. These two arguments, Pandit Nehru said, were incompatible. A brave nation should be fearless.

The Congress, said Pandit Nehru, had made innumerable sacrifices during the last 25 years and they had not gone in vain. What had the Muslim League done to ameliorate the condition of the Muslim masses, he asked

The meeting was also addressed by Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant and Babu Purushottamdas Tandon.

Karwar Landholder's Complaint

KARWAR, Oct. 5, (A.P.I.): A landholder of Sadashivgad, near Karwar, has made a complaint to the District Magistrate of Karwar alleging that a certain Peasants' Sangh of the District is "Arrogating to itself the functions of the established Courts of Law and of constituted authority and is showing an unmistakable character of running a Parallel Government in Karwar District."

It is stated that the landholder was served with a registered notice by the Sangh calling upon him to be present at the office of the Sangh for the consideration of the two rent suits which the landholder had filed in the Karwar Mamlatdar's court against a tenant.

The suits have been decided in favour of the landholder, but he has been asked by the President of the Sangh to "appear before him to answer for his action against his tenant."

It is stated that the tenant in question is himself the President of the Sangh.

INDO-CEYLON MUSLIM WOMEN'S CONGRESS

Atiya Begum And Party Given Grand Reception

"The Indo-Ceylon first Muslim Women's Congress was held on September 23 in the grand Zahira College Hall, H. H The Lady Nazli Begum of Janjira and party arrived on Sept. 22 and were received by the Mayor and a very large congregation of prominent men and women who came from all parts of Ceylon, to give a civic Reception. On the Congress day Muslim and other ladies poured in—about 2,000 were present.

The Chairman and Secretaries Reception Committee—Mrs. Salahudi Nilam and Ahlip in welcoming Her Highness said: "Her prestige among Princesses was equal to none—She raised a second class and utterly destitute pirate State of Janjira to a first class and nobly and patiently worked reforms for nearly 30 years when it acquired name and fame during her brilliant Regime."

"Atiya Begum her sister was a fearless and forceful pioneer of female emancipation and regeneration. Lady Shah Navaz Bhutto was well known—Ceylon is overwhelmed with the honour of such premier Muslim ladies to decide over the deliberations of the first historical epoch making big event."

Her Highness inaugurated the Sessions, Atiya Begum presided. Lady Shah Navaz invited them to Bombay. The messages were listened to with breathless interest and were at once translated and circulated.

The Art circle and the Music Conference were inaugurated and presided over by Fyzee Rahamin and Atiya Begum.

The Institute for Higher Studies—the Y.M.C.A., the Training Colleges and many other Cultural and progressive institutes like the Buddhist Centre-Ramkrishna Centre and Draw-Room gatherings, etc.—where Atiya Begum and Fyzee Rahamin spoke and discussed Philosophy, Poetry, Drama, Arts, Music and Religion were interspersed with teas, dinners and shows.

The result was that Grand Council of the Academy of Islam was founded. On that foundation education was to be instituted that as per an advanced programme the Muslim Ladies will go ahead and throw off conservatism.

In short there was a general profound rousing in the Island of Ceylon —such as they had not seen for long centuries. Those that were responsible for success of the crowded and varied programme were—Messrs Dayanand Priyadasi Swamiji Ramage Mamuji Salahudin, Fakhrudin, Buell, Begums Salahudin, Nila Ahlip Bohari Hashim-Aziz and many others.

CALCUTTA TRAMWAY STRIKE ENDS

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5. (A.P.I.): An amicable settlement has been reached between the Calcutta Tramways Company and the Calcutta Tramway Workers Union on the two points of dispute which following the recent Tramway strike, the Government of Bengal, referred to a conciliation Board of four with Mr. J. C. Gupta, M. L. A. as Chairman.

Under the settlement, firstly, all workers of the Tramways Company who were in service on the 31st August, 1945 will receive a month's pay as bonus; secondly, two of the three discharged workers will be reinstated conditionally while the case of the third will be referred to a court of law and the Company will abide by the result.

The Chairman in announcing this today requested both the parties to the dispute never to overlook their duties and responsibilities to the public when they fight for their own interests. The other 38 issues in the dispute which Government referred to a Court of Adjudication will come up for hearing before an Additional District and Sessions Judge, on November 7.

The Calcutta Tramway Workers went on 9-day strike from September 19 over 40 demands submitted by the Workers Union to the Government of Bengal.

INDIAN WATER POLO TEAM FOR AUSTRALIA

SYDNEY, Oct. 5, (Reuter): The Australian Swimming Union has accepted India's offer for a water polo team to tour and compete against Australian teams in Sydney and Melborne early in 1946 It is understood that at least ten players and a manager will comprise the team and at least three games will be staged.

We Greet And We Pledge

Mr. R M. Jambneker, General Secretary, A.I. F. S. U., writes:

The following resolution has been tabled to be moved at the "F" Wan F. S. U. Conference.

"This Conference of the "F" Ward Friends of the Soviet Union, Bombay, warmly greets the brave men and women of the U. S. S. R. who, through the unshakable strength of their patriotism have saved the culture and civilisation of the nations of the East and the West from destruction at the hands of Fascism.

"Emerging triumphant from the severe ordeal of four years of ruthless war, the Soviet people have brought home to the world the invincible moral and material strength of the Socialist Sixth of the Earth.

"With the new bonds of friendship and solidarity that the Soviet Union has forged with the nations of the East and the West, her consistent support to the cause of self-determination of all nations in Europe as in Asia and her determined struggle to build lasting peace among nations, the U. S S. R. stands out to day as the unswerving champion of the democratic aspirations of all peoples' including our own.

"Enraged at this new role and strength of the Soviet Union, reactign the world over has launched a virulent Anti-Soviet slander campaign—a campaign that is calculated to cover up its own conspiracy against freedom and peace.

"This Conference pledges itself to defend the truth about the Soviet Union, her life and her people, and fervently appeals to our patriotic press not to play into the hands of our enslavers—all the more so as the cause of our own freedom is very vitally linked up with a true understanding of the role of the Soviet Union in international affairs."

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Capital Authorised .. Rs. 2,40,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed ..... Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Called-Up .... Rs. 1,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 99,99,580
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
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BRANCHES.
Ahmedabad (Bhadra), Ahmedabad (Panchkuva), Amreli, Amritsar (Punjab), Bhavnagar, Billimora, Bombay (Fort), Bombay (Zaveri Bazar), Calcutta, Coimbatore, Dabhoi, Dhulia, (West Khandesh), Dwarka, Harij, Jalgaon (E. Khandesh.), Kadi, Kalol, Kapadwanj, Karjan, Mehsana, Mithapur, Navsari, Pachora (Pay Office), Patan, Petlad, Port Okha, Sankheda, Sidhpur, Surat, Unjha (N. G.), Visnagar (N. G.), Vyara.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at ½ per cent per annum on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement.
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W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

Yesterday
• I felt tired and cross...
TO-DAY I FEEL FINE!
When you take BEECHAM'S PILLS you discover what millions have proved—that BEECHAM'S PILLS are the Golden Rule of Health. This famous Home Medicine is the ideal remedy for a disordered stomach or bout of liverishness, the sure preventive of constipation and all its kindred ills.
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6 SHOT REVOLVERS
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An Automatic Repeater to frighten thieves and wild animals. Fires six shots without any trouble given as loud report as that of real revolver and sparks at the time of shooting. Useful for scating away wild animals and birds. There should be one in every house for emergency. No license is required. Price No. 7777 Rs. 6|8|- with 35 shots free. No. 8888 Rs. 7|13|- with 45 shots free, and No. 9999 Rs. 8|12|- with 55 shots free. Extra 400 shots Rs. 5|-. Oil Rs. 1|4|-. Postage extra. N B.—The above prices are pre-war. Allied Traders Ltd., (B.C.), Lahore.

PILES BLEEDING, BURNING Etc.. INFLAMATION AT ONCE SUBSIDING BY TAKING
ARSHARI TABLETS
PRICE Rs. 2/
HERBAL HEALING CO.,
BOMBAY 7.

Week-End Liquidation In Share Bazar

INCREASED SELLING PRESSURE IN SILVER

Cotton Quiet On Tired Unloading

Bombay, Oct. 5.

The local Share Bazar was quiet today with some week-end liquidation. As pointed out before the market is inclined to take a bearish view and holdings are gradually being unloaded. In the process there may be some upward spurts as we had recently in Bombay Dyeings and they offer opportunities to lighten the load.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened today at Rs. 2227 and declined to Rs. 2216. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 414 and steadied at Rs. 413. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1972 and declined to Rs. 1962. Kohinoor Mill shares opened at Rs. 608 and quietened at Rs. 602. It appears that market acts heavily and to-day's budla differences will help in ascertaining technical position of the market.

Budla differences—Tata Steel Dfds. Rs 5. Ordinary annas two. Dyeings annas fifteen while Kohinoor was annas three under.

MILL SHARES

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

Bombay Dyeing X.D. 1962/8 Century 900 Nagpur 392/8 Swadeshi 557 New Great 382 Simplex 295 Kohinoor 602/8 Colaba 246/8 Gokak 397/8 Phoenix 650 Mysore 291/4 Indian Bleaching 163 Swan 308 Finlay 284 Morarjee 740 Indore 693/12 Edward Sassoon 643/12

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord X.D. 412 Tata Steel Defd X D. 2217/8

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 204 Andhra 1823/12 Tata Power 1897/8 Tram Ord 149/4

CEMENT

Associated Merget 219

INDUSTRIES

Burma 547/8 Alcock 406/4 Bellapur 222 Shivrajpur 50/8 Steamtr Ord 602/8 Scindia 37/14 Construction 205

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 3/15 Elphinstone 77 E U Ord 13/14 Defd 2/13/6 Indian Mfg 3530 Kurla 240 Khatau 325 Dawn 1100 David 1300 New City 367/8 Minerva 235 Bradbury 327/8 Bharucha Dfds 6/8 Bharat 59/4 Madhavji 19/4 Model 251/14 Laxmi Cotton 1415 Vishnu Cotton 497/8 Western 2610 Sholapur 7000 Sassoon Cotton 22/4 Hindustan 38/10 Meyer Sassoon 195 Tata Mills 65 Ahd. Advance 403/2 Sassoon Silk 60 New Union 24/8 Poddar 325 Madhusudan 458/12 New 90 Shri Nivas 375 Raja Bahadur Poona 105 Berar 310

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad XIR 165/10 New Premium 52 Surat 255 Surat New Premium 127/8 Broach 12/14 Ajmer 15 Amalgamated 18/6 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 48 Bombay Suburban 215 New Premium 100

BANKS

Reserve 140 Imperial 2222/8 P. P. 565 Central 85/12 India 196 Union 9/4 Baroda 144 Habib 80/8 International 48/8 A B C 45 Dena Bank 60/6 United 77/8 Jaipur 67 Hindustan 52/8 National Savings F P 72 P P 39/4 Mysore 388 Exchange 50/8

INSURANCE

Oriental 6675 Empire 1190 New India 84 Jupiter 35/8 Vulcan 17/8 Indian Mercantile 62/8 Universal 15/6 Vasant 25/8 Br. I. Gen. 25 Bombay Life 875 Ind. Prud 51/8

RAILWAYS

Ad. Prantij 720 C. P. 108 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 111/8 Sara Serajganj 116/8 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Upper Sind 124 Pachora 98 Hoshiarpur 117/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 196/4 Burma Petrol 5/11/6 Tata Oil 74 Mackenzie 137/8 Port Canning 110 Kemp 505 Zandu 211/4 Indian Radio Ord 387/8 B 411/4 Defd 425 Indian Investment Trust 120 Wimco 315 Tata Chemical 17/15 Dharamsi Chemical 33/8 Eastern Chemical 12/4 Mukund Iron 12/6 Dena Trust 23 Alembic 321/4 Supreme Industries 231/4 Jam Wire 130 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 35 Indian Cement (1937) 34 Walchand Nagar Industries 590

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 226/4 Tata Steel Second X, D 164 Tram 68/4 Andhra 1617/8 Tata Power 1722/8 Hydro 162/8 Bombay Steamer 347/8 Nagpur 730 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 126/4 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 300 New Great 251/4 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec 249/6 Premier Const. 1st 135 Second 135 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 124 Walchand Industries 283/12

OTHER SHARES

Indian Iron 40/10 Bengal Steel 34/12 Indian Copper 3/3 B. I C. 7/8 Burma Corporation 6/12 New Victoria Mill 7/14 Victoria Pref 9/14 Cawnpore Tex 12/12 Raja Tex 69 Phalton 150 Gold Mohar 300 New Kaiser-Hind 2460 Sajjan 410 Osmanshahi 330 Ajamshahi 595

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

Tata Ordinary 412/8 Tata Deferred 2222/8 Indian Iron 40/12 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 34/10 Bombay Dyeing 1963/12 Central India 396/4 Century 887/8 Gokak 300 Kohinoor 605 Simplex 295 Andhra Valley 1822/8 Tata Hydro 203/2 Tata Power 1897/8 Associated Cement 219 Belapur 225 Bombay Burma (Old) 557/8

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RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

MILLS

Apollo 3/15 3/14/6 3/15
Bharat 59/8 59/4
B. Dyeing 1967/8 73/12 70 72/8 60 65 60 62/8
Bradbury (Ord) 327/8
Central India (Ord.) 394 96/8 92/8 93/8 92/8
Century 897/8 900
Colaba 246/8 47 46 46/8
Edward 640 43/12
Elphinstone (Ord) 77
Finlay 284 84/8 83 84
Gokak 299 97 98/8 97/8
India United Defd 2/14 2/13/6
India United Ord 13/14 13/12/6 13/13
Indore 695 97/8 92/8 93/12
Khatau 325
Kohinoor 606/8 8 6 7 2 4/8 2/8
Madhusudan 458/12
Meyer 195
Model 251/14
Morarjee 740
New City 367/8
New Great 384 83 84 80/8 83 82
Poddar 325
Simplex 296 95/8 96/8 93/8 96 95
Swadeshi 558 58/8 56 57/8 56/8 57
Swan 307 8
Tata Mills 65/8 65
Vishnu 497/8
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly. 415 20

BANKS:

Baroda 144 44/8 44
Central 85/8 86 85/12
Imperial (New) 565
India 194/12 96
Reserve 140

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 166/4 65/10
Ajmer 15
Andhra Valley (Ord) 1826/4 23/12
Tram (Ord) 149/4 149/8 49/4
Tram (Pref) 68 67/12 68
Power (Ord) 1895 97/8

INSURANCE

British India 25/4 25/8
Empire 1187/8 90
Jupiter 35/12 35/8
New India 84/12 84
Vulcan 17/8
Bombay Steam 600 602/8
Scindia 37/13 37/8
Tata Steel Defd 2222/8 30 26/4 26/12 13/12 20 17/8
Tata Steel Ord 413/8 14/8 12 12/8 11/8 12
Tata Seel 2nd Pref 164

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 406/4
A. Cement 218/12 19/8 18/8 19.
Belapur 222 21 22/8 22
Burmah (Old) 550 47/8
B. B. Petrol 5/11 5/11/6 5/11/3
Port Canning 109
P. Construction (Ord) 205
Shivrajpur 50/8 51 50/6
Tata Chemical 18 17/10
Tata Oil 74
Western India Match 315/10
New Union Mill 24/8
Dawn Mills 1100
Bengal Steel 34/12 34/13 34/11 34/12
Indian Iron 40/12 40/13 40/10
Alembic Chemical (Ord) 321/4
Bombay Uganda 81

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GOLD & SILVER

The local bullion market was quiet today on increased selling pressure induced by lower Calcutta advices. The demand in the spot market remains disappointing and the market tendency is downward.

Forward silver opened at Rs. 132/4 and declined to Rs. 130/10 on heavy liquidation and steadied at Rs. 131. Ready silver of 99 per cent fineness was quoted at Rs. 131/4 and 96 per cent fineness and placed at Rs. 131. Forward gold opened at Rs. 74/10 and declined to Rs. 73/14 and steadied at Rs. 74/2. Ready gold was placed at Rs. 74/3. Tone of the market was easy.

Later on there was increased selling in Silver and closing quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	131	0	0
Forward Silver	130	12	0
Ready Gold	74	1	0
Forward Gold	73	15	0
Sovereigns	51	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

The local cotton market opened at Rs. 409 for January and declined to Rs. 408 under scattered selling but later steadied at Rs. 408/12. The market remains featureless while in New York Market American cotton have reached 18 years high level. This state widening the parity and today Indian cotton is selling 7-1/2 cents under U.S.A. cotton. This shows that nobody is interested in attaining due price to our cotton growers.

Later on there was increased liquidation and January declined to Rs. 406/4 but rallied to Rs. 407/8 on scattered covering. Closing quotations at 4.30 p.m were as under:—

I.C.C. Jan.	407	8	0
I.C.C. March	415	8	0
I.C.C. May	427	0	0

COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 740 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

I.C.C. Jan. Highest 409-3/4 Lowest 408-3/4 Closing at 4 p.m. 409-1/2
I.C.C. March Highest 417 Lowest 416-1/4 Closing at 4 p.m. 417
I.C.C. May Highest 428-1/4 Lowest 427-1/2 Closing at 4 p.m. 428-1/2
Karachi 4F Jan. Highest 42/11/6 Lowest 42/10/0 Closing at 4 p.m. 42/10/0

Wall Street Market Irregular Owing To Unsettled International Affairs

COTTON IMPROVES ON APPROVAL OF PACE BILL

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.

Wall Street opened irregular and quiet. A few favourites advanced while many leaders were depressed by light selling. Labour troubles and the unsettled condition of International affairs tended to offset inflation psychology and hopes for tax relief. Assorted liquors, soft drinks, air transports and amusements displayed strength while many leaders suffered from light selling. The board rooms were still cautious because of the thought of sizeable technical correction being a possibility. Gains upto three points near the close offset numerous losses and the market closed irregular.

American Telephone 182.5/8 (182-5/8), Amerex Corporation 33-3/8 (32.1/8), Anaconda Copper Mining 37.3/4 (37.3/4), Chase National Bank 42 (42-1/8), Consolidated Oil 16-7/8 (16.7/8), Firestone Tyre 62.3/4 (63.1/2), General Electric 48-5/8 (49-1/4), General Motors 73.1/8 (73.1/4), Ingersol Rand 124 (124-3/8), International Nickel 36-1/4 (36.1/2), National City Bank 45 (45-1/8), New York Central Rail 27.5/8 (27-1/4), Socony Vacuum 16-1/8 (16-1/8), Texas Corporation 55-1/2 (55-3/4), Union Carbon 98 (97-1/2), U. S. Smelting 70 (70-3/4), U. S. Steel 75.7/8 (76), Western Union Telegraph 50.1/2 (50-3/4).

RISE IN COTTON PRICES.

The cotton market opened very steady. The opening gains due to renewal of yesterday's buying movement were extended, reflecting the house agricultural committee approval of the pace bill which will include labour costs in calculating parity prices of farm commodities. The advance was further influenced by the growth of inflation psychology, increasing labour demands and smaller crop ideas. Prices then sagged moderately under increasing realising, more or less hedges and evidence of technical considerations. The market subsequently steadied on trade support and price fixing. Advances were extended with next October reaching 22.73 on general active demand with contracts scarce. Talk of the possibilities of the enactment of the pace bill was a feature. The market finally encountered increased realising but closed steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET.

Chicago grains ruled strong reflecting the house agricultural committee approval of the pace bill and strength of cotton and persistent talk of inflation and reports of a good flour demand. The advance disclosed scarcity of offerings.

December 1.75.1/8 to 1.75.1/4 (1.73-1/2 to 1.73.5/8).
May 1.73 to 1.73-1/8 (1.71-1/4 to 1.71-3/8).
July 1.67 to 1.67 (1.64 to 1.64.1/8).

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.

October	23.09+11
Oct. highest (12-59 p.m.)	23.20+22
Oct. lowest (10 a.m)	22.97—01
December	23.26+07
January	23.18+09
March	23.31+12
May	23.30+10
July	23.11+08
October	22.55+22
Middling Spot	23.63+09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October	23.05+12
December	23.24+12
January	unquoted
March	23.33+12
May	23.33+12
July	23.15+12
Middling Spot	22.65+

NEW YORK COTTON

NOON CALL

October	23.05
December	23.28
March	23.30

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Spot 44 pence Forward 44 pence Gold bars fine per oz. £ 8/12/3

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Oct. 4.

T. T. London on:
New York sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.48 buyers 4.47 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stockholm sellers 16. 85 buyers 16.95

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	74
Consols 2-1/2 p c	88.1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c.	104-11/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	113-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-13/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	94
National Bank of India	49-1/2

WORTH STREET SLOW

NEW YORK, Oct. 4, (U.P.A.) Trading on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth market today was slow with activity centering around the re-arrangement of delivery schedules.

Rayon circles were inactive watching the developments of the dyers' strike.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP ESTIMATE

NEW YORK, Oct. 3: The Journal of Commerce estimates cotton condition at 65.7 p c of normal, production 9,571,000 bales yield per acre 255.1 pounds and acreage 18,008,000.

Government Securities

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

	Rs.	as.	p.
3-1/2 p c G. P. Notes	102	4	0
3 p c 1963-65	99	6	0
3 p c 1966-68	98	7	0
4 p c 1960-70	113	4	0
4-1/2 p c 1955-60	117	2	0
3-1/2 p c 1947-50	103	4	0
2.3/4 p c 1948-52	100	3	0
3 p c 1946 Def.	102	5	0
3 p c 1949-52	101	10	0
3 p c 1951-54	101	7	0
3 p c 1953-55	101	2	0
3 p c 1957 Vict.	100	6	0
3 p c B. P. T.	113	12	0
4 p c M. Deb.	113	12	0
5 p c M. Deb.	120	0	0
6 p c M. Deb.	123	0	0
6 p c K. P. T.	129	0	0

TAX FREE LOANS.

5 p c 1945-55	100	2	0
4 p c 1953-63	121	0	0
5 p c Mysore	134	0	0

BOMBAY PRODUCE

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

The produce market was quietly steady with a fair amount of business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Groundnuts Nizam quality December/February were done at Rs. 16 and November/January trading was deported at Rs. 16/2 Madras Goa November/January was placed at Rs. 16/4 and December/February stood at Rs. 16/1. Castorseeds Bombay were quoted at Rs. 15/5. Navlakhi at Rs. 15/7 and Goa at Rs. 15/8. Linseed C. P. was done at Rs. 18 G.I.P. Station at Rs. 17/14/6 and Nizam State Linseed business was done at Rs. 17/13/6.

HAPUR QUOTATIONS.

HAPUR, Oct. 5

Bullion slightly easy on profit covering sales Silver 132/7, Gold 74, Gwar Mah 6/3. Steady on Punjab advices Sardana 50/8 to 52/8, Asuj 50/4, Mangsir 49/12, Wheat 10/4, Peas 9, Old Khatti 6/12, New 8, Arhar 7/4, Old 6/9, Bejhar 9/6 Stocks unchanged Gur 11, Urad 15/3/6 Moong 11, Steady weather clear harvesting of Maize Bajra in full swing.

CALICUT QUOTATIONS.

CALICUT, Oct 5.

Cocoanut Raw 85, Dry 90 Cocoanut oil 355, Copra Office 230, Dilpasand 240 Madrasnottam 240, Goodgooda 230, Pepper Wynaad 350, Country 340, Dryginger Chernad 240, Ernad 225, Coffee Robusta 90.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 28th September.

Demand Liabilities in India	644,79,10,000
Time Liabilities in India	256,71,29,000
Cash in India:	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	30,56,66,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,49,32,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	69,69,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	111,16,65,000
Advances in India	246,79,47,000
Bills discounted in India	12,86,83,000

RATE OF KORIS.

BHUJ, Oct. 4.

To-day Hundi Koris 380, 381.

COTTON CROP YIELD WILL INCREASE SIX TIMES

State Will Be Self-Supporting In Fruit And Vegetables

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (By Mail.)

The Nizam has sanctioned Rs. 40,20,000, representing the first instalment to meet preliminary expenditure on the Tungabhadra Project which is estimated to cost Rs. 20 crores. To undertake the work, an Administrative Circle with two Divisions has been created.

When completed, the project will irrigate half a million acres of State territory.

On the Hyderabad side, the Gangavati, Sindnur, Manvi, Raichur, Gadwal and Alampur taluqa—ll lying in a chronic famine belt—will be the chief beneficiaries. It will be possible to bring a large area under sugarcane cultivation as also to make provision for irrigating areas under fruit and other garden crops.

It is expected that fruit and vegetable crops grown in the area commanded by the project will be sufficient to meet the needs of the major portion of the population of the State.

Being predominantly a black cotton soil area, the Raichur district is known for its fertility. With the provision of proper facilities for irrigation, the yield of cotton is expected to increase five to six times the outturn under the present dry condition.

As has been stated already, the scheme envisages the generation of cheap electric power on a very large scale which will be utilised for promoting large as well as small scale industries. This will ensure the financial stability of the scheme.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 5.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st. 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months, 1/6 1/4 3 to 6 months.
B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D. D. 1/5 15/16.
Banks selling T T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.
Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 3/32.
LONDON/NEW YORK:
Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D D. Rs. 332 3/4.
Banks buying T. T Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs. 328.
LONDON/MONTREAL:
Banks selling T T. Rs. 302 1/2 D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.
Banks buying T. T. Rs 297 3/4 D. D Rs. 296 1/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady Dull.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 p c.
Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p c, 3 to 5 months 1/2 p c, 6 to 11 months 3/4 p c, 12 months 1 1/4 p c.
Tone:—Very Easy.

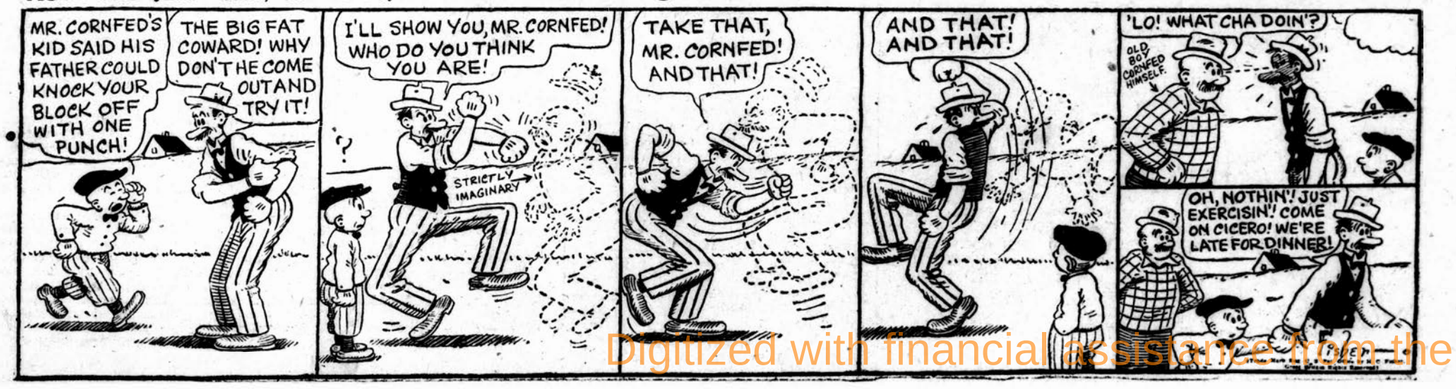
WHEN YOU TRAVEL BY BUS OR TRAM
PLEASE BOARD & ALIGHT QUICKLY

New Thoughts— New Style— New Colours
For all sorts of Interior decorations, Paintings, Oil colours, Spray designs, Distempers & Artistic excellence.
REMEMBER THE FAMOUS TOUCH OF
FAMOUS PAINTINGS & DECORATIVE WORKS,
12, Alli Chambers, Tamaring Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
Phone: 33694

Made from MYSORE SANDALWOOD OIL.
CURES: BURNS, CUTS, ITCH, RINGS E.C.
FOR PIMPLES
M.P. & Co.'s
SANTALUX
ANTISEPTIC & HEALING
A FAMILY COMPANION
FOR RASHES
WARDS OFF MOSQUITO BITES.
AN AFTER-SHAVE NECESSITY.
SOLE AGENTS: THE UNITED CONCERN, BUNDER ST., G.T. MADRAS
Depot, 277, Visvas Bhuvan, Matunga.
Stockists:
Akbaraly Ebrahimjee, BOMI PHARMACY,
BAL-RAM & Co.,
T. A. WAGH & Co., POONA
N. Bishamber Lakshmi Rd., Reliable Stores, Saraswat Colony,

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
The Raleigh is unquestionably the best cycle built. Made from highest-grade materials to withstand hard wear, it is as near perfection as possible.
Soon there will be more available—it will pay you to wait for one.
THE RALEIGH NOTTINGHAM ENGLAND

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, Can't A Guy Do A Little Shadow Boxing Once In A While? By BUD FISHER


MR. CORNFED'S KID SAID HIS FATHER COULD KNOCK YOUR BLOCK OFF WITH ONE PUNCH!
THE BIG FAT COWARD! WHY DON'T HE COME OUT AND TRY IT!
I'LL SHOW YOU, MR. CORNFED! WHO DO YOU THINK YOU ARE!
STRICTLY IMAGINARY
TAKE THAT, MR. CORNFED! AND THAT!
AND THAT! AND THAT!
'LO! WHAT CHA DOIN'?
OLD BOB CORNFED HIMSELF.
OH, NOTHIN'! JUST EXERCISIN'! COME ON CICERO! WE'RE LATE FOR DINNER!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1|8|-.
To be paid in advance.

PERSONAL ADLETS

To "Well-Wisher"—Please see me with all the evidence regarding your two letters, or send your evidence at my Office Address or at my residence 583, Bhivandiwalla House, Girgaum Road. I promise your identity will be kept a close secret. (9572)

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted highly educated Gujarati Bachelor, well settled with decent position and income, age limit 32, for a beautiful rich graduate Bania Girl. Box No. 9538, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Saraswat Spinster or widow middle-aged for matrimony by a Saraswat Doctor. Correspondence treated strictly confidential. Apply Box No. 9553, "Bombay Chronicle."

Introductions for friendship, matrimony, trade, 431 hobbies arranged by Globe Introduction League, Chhili-ient Agra. Estd. 1935 Members 15095 (Both) Specimen magazine -|5|-. (1297)

SOCIAL

Wanted 5000 new members (ladies and gents) seeking introduction to pen, personal friends, companions, arts, hobbies, etc. (Ladies enrolled free). Write to: Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. (9554)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Monotype Keyboard Operators wanted. Pay Rs. 100|- plus dearness allowance to first class men. Apply: Messrs. G. Claridge & Co., Ltd., Frere Road, Bombay. (5031)

Wanted men experienced in cotton line, knowing Gujrati pucca Account, Typewriting and English correspondence. Apply Box No 9580, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for a reputed film producing Co., new faces (males, females). Apply with full particulars to Box No. 9539, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted urgently a B.Sc. with experience in analysis of Non-Ferrous Metals. Apply Box No. 9540, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately. Fast and Efficient Stenographer or Typist. Apply personally with application today at 3-15 p. m. to Mohan Sons & Co., Manekji Wadia Building, opp. University Gardens. (9573)

Wanted immediately at Parel, a First Class Electrical Supervisor (P. W. D.) preferably with experience. Salary Rs. 120-10-250 p. m. and Provident Fund. Apply Box No. 5044, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Applications are invited from influential and experienced persons for the post of Branch Secretary at Ahmedabad by a sound Insurance Company of more than fifty years' standing. Apply Box No. 5045, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Shorthand Typist. Apply stating experience, speed and salary required to Box No. 9576. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A Storekeeper for upcountry. Only experienced hands need apply stating salary required to Box No. 9571, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Copyholders on Salary of Rs. 50 plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8 as. Minimum qualification Matriculation. Apply with Certificate to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Shorthand Typists. Apply in own handwriting stating age, experience, speed and salary required to Box No. 4983, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Stenographer, having knowledge of General routine work in the Office. Write to: P.O Bag No. 1039—Bombay 1. 9579

Required a Clerk, experienced in Cotton line by an Importing and Exporting firm, knowing accountancy and correspondence. Apply Box No. 9575, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Efficient Managers, Private Secretary only qualified as Stenographer well acquainted for accounts for a "A" Class Director's concern at Poona and Hyderabad Deccan, businesses, pay 150-5-175-10-200-15-250-20 to 500, one month leave, provident fund, etc., etc. Apply to Harikishanlal C.B.I.D. Contractor, Trimulgherry, Deccan. 9567

Wanted two Residential Lady Typists for Girls Institution in Bombay. Salary Rs. 50|- to Rs. 100|- with free Board and Lodging. Apply Post Box 535, General Post Office, Bombay. (9529)

Wanted: Salesmen by a leading Aerated Water Factory in Bombay Apply in own hand stating age, experience and qualifications with copies of testimonials and minimum pay acceptable to Box 9556 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced, energetic and influential gentlemen of good address for our proposed and existing Branches as Managers, Cashiers and Organisers for Madras, Bombay, C. P., U. P., Behar, Orissa and Assam. Apply Bogra City Bank Ltd., 15-B, Clive Row, Calcutta. 4853

Wanted—For a well-established Tannery & Boot Manufacturing concern in Northern India a Footwear Manufacturing Expert capable of formulating complete plans for the rehabilitation of the existing plant for the production of Footwear. He will be required to run the present plant and to be responsible for the efficient running of the new machinery and plant to be installed. Please apply with particulars of qualifications, experience and salary expected to Box No. 9536, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of certain used cars which can be seen by arrangement with this office.

They should be made in writing to the undersigned before noon on Monday 22nd October 1945. Government reserves to itself the right to refuse the highest or any offer.

K. G. HAMNETT,
Director,
Govt. Transport Service.

Govt. Transport Service
Office, Svadeshi Mills
Estate, Queen's Road, Bombay, 4.

5006

SITUATION WANTED

Experienced Accountant and all round independent correspondent seeks responsible position. Apply Box No. 9577, "Bombay Chronicle".

GODOWN WANTED

Wanted a Good Godown to accommodate cotton bales between 500 and 1000 near Kalbadevi locality. 9549

TO BE LET

On Marine Drive, room to share, with another gentleman with board. Apply Box No. 9564, "Bombay Chronicle."

BOARDING & LODGING

Bharatiya Lodging Boarding House. 34-36, Popatwadi, Princess Street, Bombay 2. Accommodation Limited. Apply/see Manager immediately. Charges reasonable. 9521

Enjoy October Vacation — Juhu Ananda Nivas Hotel, Excellent situation, Juhubeach, Ideal place for picnics—Family and other rooms with baths and electric fittings, wholesome Gujarathi vegetarian food. Rates very moderate. (9574)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

The Incorporated Cost Accountants' Association and International Corporation of Secretaries. Next examinations will be held in December. Particulars from Alexandra Commercial College, Prospect Chamber, Hornby Road. 4961

Homoeopathy: Best Correspondence Course in India. Easily learnt. Easily practised. Diplomas granted Scholarships for deserving. Apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. 3281

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Purchasers of our Tower Brand Bar Soap, cubes, Cash, write to the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (9149)

Wanted Agents and Stockists for our high class Virginia Cigarettes and pipe tobacco in every town and city. Ask for samples and agency terms. National India Cigarette Co., 16, Beadon Road, Lahore. 5047

Wanted capable Sole Agents for all the Districts and Cities of Bombay Presidency and India for extraordinary superior highly efficacious delicately perfumed several varieties of hair oil. Northern India Mercantile Agencies Ltd., Bank Building, Nala Street, Bareilly U.P. (9527)

BUSINESS OFFER

N. B. Parulekar & Co., 157, Princess Street, Bombay 2. (Phone: 24388) offer to push here your manufacture or to supply your trade requirements. 9562

Book your Advertisements in Lahore Omni Bus Service immediately. Limited spaces. Size 30½"x10½". Apply Robbins Limited, National House, The Mall, Lahore. 9578

ASTROLOGICAL

Horoscope Rs. 10. Personality Annual Health Monthly 2-8|-. Murty, 171, Gandhinagar, Bellary. (9466)

PROPERTIES WANTED

Attractive Properties in Bombay & Suburbs wanted and also for sale through: N. B. Parulekar, 157, Princess Street, Bombay 2, (Phone: 24388). 9563

MACHINERY WANTED

One 75/100 KW Steam Engine Driven Alternator Set 400 volt, 3 phase 50 Cycles. Steam pressure 160 lbs. in sound condition. Apply Box No. 9491, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Moulding Machines for Ferrous and Non-Ferrous Foundries from coming consignment for sale. Apply for complete literature, The Western Manufacturing Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Bombay. (9569)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Red Oxide, Purple Oxide, Black Oxide, Barytis, Manganese Dioxide, Magnesite, Corundum, Fire Clay, Gypsum, Felspar—Dare Traders, Post Box 540, Madras. (9377)

Honey—Pure Mahableshwar "Madhukosh" honey, scientifically and hygienically collected and bottled from flowers of different seasons available for sale in Bombay depot, Eruchshaw Building, 249, Hornby Road, Fort, near Kemp & Co. (9442)

For Sale two Motor Buses, passenger body, Ford and Dodge, 1932 models, running condition, new tyres of size 32x6 30x5 cars can be inspected upto 4 p.m. on Tuesday in compound of Ganpati Bhuvan, opposite G.I.P. Railway Station, Dadar. 9581

English paper bags for packing purposes, all sizes available at specially low rates. G. K. Trading Co., Nawab Building, Opp. Thomas Cook, Hornby Road, Bombay. (5046)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Bombay Yarn Exchange, Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Exchange at Tamba Kanta, on SATURDAY, the 10TH NOVEMBER, 1945, at 5-0 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and the statement of Income and Expenditure for the year ended 31st March, 1945.
2. To elect three Directors in place of Mr. Haridas Madhavdas, Mr. Sankalchand G. Shah and Mr. Kantilal Nahalchand who retire under Article 72 of the Articles of Association of the Exchange but are eligible for re-election.
(NOTE:—Ordinary Members desiring to be elected as Directors should send in their nomination papers in the form which can be had from the office of the Exchange on or before Wednesday, 31st October, 1945, during the office hours).
3. To appoint auditors for the year 1945-46 and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board,
LAXMICHANDRA P. JAIN,
Ag. Secretary.

Hanuman Bldg., Tamba Kanta, Bombay 3.
6th October, 1945.

5037

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPT.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of second grade Draughtsman in the time scale of Rs. 75-4-95-EB.-5-150, with usual allowances as admissible under rules. Applicant should possess sound knowledge in drawing work and estimating. Higher initial start will be given according to qualifications and previous experience. Preference will be given to candidates belonging to minority community.

Applications should reach the undersigned on or before 15-10-45.

(Sd.) P. J. HANLY,
Superintending Engineer,
Western Circle, C.P.W.D.,
Commerce House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

5054

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of Technical Assistants in the office of the Special Officer (Bombay Electric Grid), Bombay, in the scale of Rs. 70-5-110-10-250 (Graduates to start on Rs. 120) plus dearness allowance admissible.

Higher starting pay within the above scale may be allowed to well qualified candidates subject to the proviso that they will not be eligible for further increments in the scale without Government sanction.

Candidates should possess a University degree in Electrical Engineering or a Diploma in Electrical Engineering of a recognised Institute. Subsequent practical experience in Electrical Engineering more specially Diesel Power Station and town distribution and Transmission line surveys, will be considered an advantage.

Candidates who have applied already for the posts in this office, should apply again if they want their applications to be considered for these posts.

Applications giving full particulars regarding age, domicile, academic qualifications and practical experience, etc., should reach the Special Officer (Bombay Electric Grid), Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, on or before the 25th October, 1945.

(Sanction Bombay Employment Exchange No. 64).

5038

P. W. D.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS are invited and will be received on MONDAY, the 15th October, 1945, upto 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) for the Supply for Stores as noted below for works and repairs in the Presidency Division, for the period from 1-10-1945 to 31-3-1946.

(1) Miscellaneous drainage, water fittings, paint and Hardware.
(2) Timber.
(3) Lime Soorti, unslaked dry in tins.
(4) Lime, unslaked to be slaked at site of work.
(5) Road metal, murum, red hill earth, manure, sand, etc.

The right to reject any or all the tenders without assigning reasons is reserved.

Tender forms with Schedule of quantities for Materials may be obtained on payment of Rs 5/- for Item 1 and Rs. 2/- each for the remaining items, on any working day upto 4 P.M. (1 P.M. on Saturdays) except that on which tenders are to be received.

For further details apply to the undersigned.

(Sd.) J. F. PAISLEY,
Executive Engineer, Presidency
Bombay, 5th October, 1945.

5055

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

Matunga, Bombay.

APPOINTMENTS OF EXAMINERS

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for appointments as Examiners for the Institute's Sessional Examinations 1945-46 to be held in March-April, 1946, in Mechanical, Electrical and Sanitary Engineering, Technical and Applied Chemistry, Cotton Textile Manufactures and allied subjects.

Apply for particulars and application forms to the Principal and Secretary, before 25th October, 1945.

(5039)

PUBLIC NOTICES

MEHTA PAPER MILLS, LIMITED.

NAVSARI (Baroda State)

Some shares of the above paper mills are available at par. Please hurry up before it is too late!

SPECIAL FEATURES

*Good dividends are expected. *Easy instalments are offered for paying share money.

*Consent of the Central Govt. and the Baroda Govt. is obtained.

*Necessary arrangements have been made with an expert European engineer to import machinery to expand the production capacity of the running mills.

**Only 2,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each are available at par.

PAPER MILLS IN INDIA HAVE BRIGHT PROSPECTS

***INVESTMENT IN PAPER SHARES IS SAFE, SOUND AND MOST LUCRATIVE

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS

BANKERS

The Bank of Baroda Limited, Baroda & Branches.
The International Bank of India Limited, Bombay & Branches.

For application Forms and further particulars please apply.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Strand House, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for purchase and removal of the following materials lying at Ammunition Depot, Jubbulpore.

ITEM NO.		NOMENCLATURE.	QUANTITY. CONDITION.
1	225	Grummets projectile sets Double	7156 Nos. Serviceable.
2	226	-do-	28614 „ -do-

2. Description of Stores: This Consists of one loop 5" diameter made of manila rope ¾" thick and attached to another piece 18" long ½" thick rope. This can be used in slings for lifting and carrying weight etc.

3. The materials will be sold without any guarantee as to their condition or quantity and subject to Conditions of Contract Con. 117 (copy obtainable from Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Queen's Road, Bombay).

4. Samples of the materials can be inspected in this office or they can be viewed at site by previous appointment with stockholder.

5. Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed Tender No. CS|SYD|4510 DUE ON 16-10-1945. Should reach this Office not later than 4 p. m. on 16-10-1945. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 200|- deposited as earnest money in Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Bombay under Head of Accounts "Revenue Deposit." The Deposit is refundable to unsuccessful tenderers.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 30-10-1945. Delivery should be completed ex site within fifteen days of receipt of acceptance of offer. No assistance will be offered in obtaining transport facilities, railway wagons, etc.

7. Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. Rates should be quoted per 100 Nos. and separately for each item.

8. This Office is at liberty to reject all or any portion of offers received.

(5043)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA—DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLIES,

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Dis.)
Strand House, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

Tenders are invited for purchase and removal of the following materials lying at Hattarsley Mills, Ghatkopar, Bombay.

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION OF STORE,	QUANTITY.
2	Gun Metal Borings.	8937 lbs.
3	Aluminium Scrap.	1500 lbs.

2. The materials will be sold without any guarantee as to their condition or quantity and subject to conditions of Contract Con. 117 (copy obtainable from Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Queen's Road, Bombay).

3. The materials can be inspected at site by previous appointment with stockholder.

4. Offers in tenderers' own form in a sealed cover superscribed "T. No. CS|MPD|650 due on 15-10-45" should reach this office not later than 4 p. m. on 15-10-45.

5. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 3-11-45. Delivery should be completed ex site within two weeks of receipt of acceptance of offer. No assistance will be offered in obtaining transport facilities, Railway wagons etc.

6. Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. Rates should be quoted per cwt. (ex-site) and separately for each item.

7. This office is at liberty to reject all or any portion of offers received.

(5042)

THE SURAT CITY PRESS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, 31st October, 1945, at 3-40 p. m. (S. T.) to approve, if thought fit, the assignment, dated 29-8-45 of the agency agreement by Messrs. Narandas Rajaram & Co. to Messrs. Narandas Rajaram & Co., Ltd., Notice giving the text of the proposed Extraordinary Resolution will be sent by post to each shareholder.

By order of the Board.
NARANDAS RAJARAM & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

(5050)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Controlier of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay No. 10, up to 1 p. m. (N.S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 7th November, 1945, for the supply, during the calendar year 1946, of Miscellaneous Stores, viz: Lubricants, Iron Castings, Firewood, Glass sheets, Carbide of Calcium, Mineral Turpentine, Linseed oils, Coir and Manila or Sisal Ropes, Cotton Waste, Vellapine and other timbers.

Full conditions and particulars are embodied in the forms of tender and schedule, which may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores at Rs. 5|- per copy.

Tender forms will not be sent per V.P.P.

(Sd.) R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores.

(5035)

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchases of Cotton Wastes (Soft & Hard) from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 1 Mill and will be received upto 4 p. m. (N.S.T.) on Monday the 15th inst., at registered Office, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

The copies of the tenders can be obtained from the Cotton Dept.

(5048)

THE SURAT CITY PRESS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on Wednesday 31st October, 1945, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the business as stated in the notice which will be sent by post to each shareholder.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 24th October, 1945 to 4th November, 1945, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
NARANDAS RAJARAM & COMPANY,
Secretaries,
Treasurers & Agents.

5049

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates Nos. 1084 and P 192 for 17 fully paid shares Nos. 42915 to 42931 and 34 partly paid (Rs. 125|- paid up) shares Nos. 160829 to 160862 in the Imperial Bank of India (Bombay Register) issued in the name of the undersigned have been lost, or mislaid. Due notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with the share certificates in any way.

CHATRABHUJ GORDHANDAS SOONDERDAS.

(5057)

FOR SALE

M. S. ANGLES.
M. S. CHANNELS.
M. S. FLATS.
M. S. PLATES.
M. S. RIVETS.

ALL STEEL and rivets are new and are available in different sizes and sections and in good quantity. For particulars please apply to the General Manager, The Tata Power Co., Ltd., Bombay House, Fort, Bombay.

5005

NOTICE

TENDERS for whitewashing the Institute Hostels, etc. are invited before 15th October, 1945. Specifications and particulars on payment of annas eight, from the Principal, Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Matunga, Bombay 19

5040

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai RAMKUVERBAI RATILAL SUBEDAR, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise, howsoever, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

FIRST:—All that piece or parcel of Khote land, situate at Ville Parle in the Kusba and Sub-District of Bandra, Taluka Salsette, in the District Bombay Suburban, with the Building No. 37 standing thereon admeasuring six acres and twenty-second and a half Gunthas or thereabouts and bearing Survey Nos. 50 and 61 and Falni Nos. 13 and 2, Pot Hissa No. 2 and Pot Hissa No. 2 respectively, paying assessment of rupees nine annas two and pies nil and rupees four annas five and pies three respectively to the Khote and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by Khote land, on or towards the East by the land of Pankhore, on or towards the South by the land of Ramrao Mandroji and on or towards the West by Khote land.

SECONDLY:—ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground, situate, lying and being at Vile Parle in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, District Bombay Suburban, containing by admeasurement 502 (five hundred and two) square yards or thereabouts and bearing Survey No. 61A, Hissa No. 5 (part) and Plot No. 5 (part) of private Town Planning Scheme known as Paranjepe Scheme "B" and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the land, bearing Survey No. 61A. Hissa No. 5 (part) and bearing Plot No. 6 of the said Scheme, on or towards the South by land, bearing Survey No. 61A, Hissa No. 5 and bearing Plot No. 5 (part) of the said Scheme, on or towards the East by the land of the Purchasers bearing Survey No. 61A, Hissa No. I and on or towards the West by the private road of the said Scheme.

Dated this 4th day of October, 1945.

MULLA & MULLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

5041

NOTICE FOR SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Public that Bai JIVABAI, widow of Keshavji Narsi, the guardian appointed by the Court of the person and property of Jagdish Gangaram Dharsi, a minor of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim, interest or demand whatsoever against in or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, gift, inheritance, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, trusts, easements, maintenance share, possession, coparcenery right or otherwise howsoever in the said property or any part thereof are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 65 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim interest or demand howsoever and the same (if any) shall be deemed and treated as having been waived or abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Bombay Port Trust land or ground situate, lying and being at the junction of Masjid Siding Road and Surat Street, without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 452-6|9 sq. yds. or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 82 of Princess Dock Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under B Ward No. 5344 and Old Street No. 56, 52 and New Street No. 31-35, 36 and bounded, on the East by the property of Naranji Virji, on the West by a vacant plot and Musjid Bunder station, on the North by Musjid Siding Road and on the South by Surat Street.

MOHILE & PAREKH,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 1945.

(5051)

AUCTION SALES.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION SALE of household furniture and other articles belonging to F. A. Borissow, Esquire, will take place to-morrow Sunday the 7th October 1945 at 10-45 a. m. at his residence at "Acropolis" Sassoon Dock Road, Middle Colaba (east of Colaba Chambers) as previously advertised.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

AUCTION SALES

BONA FIDE—SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a. m. Property of M. Davidson Esqr. and others, at Chowpatty Sea Face near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, dining, roll top, writing and dressing table, camphorwood cupboard, Zoola sofa cabinet, chesterfield, almirah, bed, milners and Eng. safes, type writer, Singer machine, Baba rocking horse, musical box, gramophone etc. T. 40213.

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE OF RIGHT TITLE & INTEREST IN THE PROPERTIES IN THE WILL

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay we shall sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 22nd October, 1945, at 3 p. m. (N.S.T.) at our rooms at 122 Apollo St., Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the Insolvent Behram Ardeshir Dhondy in the properties coming to his share under the will of his mother Bai Goolbai Ardeshir Dhondy, dated 14th August, 1945.

AUCTION SALE OF 94 TONS TRANSFORMER SHEETS.

By order of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals), Messrs. Crawford & Co., Auctioneers, will invite offers by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 11th October, 1945, at 11 a. m. (N.S.T.), at the yard of Messrs. Sankey Electrical Stampings Ltd., Haines Road, near Jewish Cemetery, Worli, Bombay, for: 94 tons Transformer Sheets.

Deposit 10 per cent, delivery in 21 days.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF A BIG LOT OF MORRIS MOTOR & TRUCK SPARE PARTS.

Under instructions from the French Motor Car Co., Ltd., M|s BENNETT & CO. will on FRIDAY the 12th inst. at 3-30 p. m. (N. S. T.) sell by Public Auction at the Vendor's Showrooms, Kemp's Corner, Hughes Road, Morris Motor and Truck spare parts for engines, gear box, rear and front axles and Chassis parts, etc.

Terms—25% deposit. On view from the 10th inst.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 1,000 TONS RUSTY DRUM SHEETS 36" x 70" x 18G—67,049 Sheets.

Under instructions from the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Branch, Bombay, M/s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 11th October, 1945, at 3P.M. (N.S.T.) at Standard Vacuum Oil Co. Factory Area at Wadala, Bombay, the undermentioned:—

About 1,000 Tons Rusty Drum Sheets 36x70"x18G—67049 Sheets.

Terms—25% deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF Buckets, Bearings, Hammer Clipping, Hatchets, M. S. Round Pieces, Angle and Pipe Pieces, Trolly Wheels, Wire ropes, Shovels, Elbows, Tees, Pipe Rollers, Fuse Boxes, Couplings, V. I. R. Cable, Lead Hammer, Hack Saw Blades, M. S. Bars, Rods, Bedsheets, Blankets, Camp Cots, Pillows, Water drums, Ice-Box, Cooking pots, glass and crockeryware, Petrol Lamps, etc., etc.

By order of the Controller of Supplies, Disposals—Branch, Bombay, M|s Gandhi & Co. will offer for sale the abovementioned materials by Public Auction on Saturday 6th Inst. at 10 a. m. (S. T.) at the godown of Tin Factory of M|s National Petroleum Co., in Burma Shell's Compound, near Vadala Railway Station, Bombay.

Terms: 20% Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF RIGHTS OF EXPLOITATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF PICTURE "BHANWARA" PRODUCED BY RANJIT MOVIETONE.

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from M/s. Jamsedji Rustomji and Devidas, Attorneys for the Vendors, Sant Ram Pictures sell by Public Auction the rights of the undermentioned Picture on MONDAY, the 15-10-45 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Bombay.

Complete and permanent Rights of the Exhibition, Exploitation and Distribution in the Picture "Bhanwara" produced by Ranjit Movietone under their own banner directed by Kedar Sharma featuring Saigal, either in one lot for All-India and overseas rights or in several lots Territorywise to suit the bidders. The buyer will be delivered 20 copies of Positive and one copy of Negative and one copy Sound for All-India overseas rights but if the rights of the picture are sold Territorywise proportionate Positive copies only will be given. No publicity material will be given.

Intending purchasers may inspect the Positive, Negative and Sound copies by application to and previous appointment with the Vendor at the Office of Sant Ram Pictures at Tribhuvan Road, Bombay during 12 Noon to 6 p. m. (S. T.) on working days, prior to the date of sale.

Terms: 25 per cent Deposit, balance within 7 days against delivery.

The sale is subject to a reserved bid.

GANDHI & CO.

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